FMCH/Lee County

Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA)

Implementation Years 2020-2023

Community Health Indicators and Data Profile Report

September 2018



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Data Categories

Demographics | Social Economic Factors | Physical Environment

Clinical Care | Health Behaviors | Health Outcomes

County Health Rankings Report 2018

Table of contents

- 1. Executive Summary
 - a. CHNA Scopes & Purpose
 - b. Description of Community
 - c. CHNA & Town Hall Research Process
 - d. Local Collaborating CHNA Parties
- 2. Community Health Status
 - a. Resulting Community Health Needs Assessment (separate document)
 - i. Includes full report indicating those selected for focus
 - b. Health Improvement Plan for the county (separate document)
 - c. FMCH Health Improvement plan
- 3. Supporting documents
 - a. County data
 - b. Survey results
 - c. Directory of services serving the area

Our community

Lee County, Iowa is a rural county covering 517 square miles with 65.1 persons per square mile and an estimated population of 33,657 according to the US Census Bureau.

Lee County is located in the Southeast portion of Iowa with Missouri and Illinois at its borders. Our County has two hospitals, Unity Point-Keokuk and Fort Madison

Community Hospital (FMCH). Both hospitals have provider health clinics and operate emergency departments 24/7. The county has one Federally Qualified Health Center –The Community Health Center of Southeast Iowa (CHC-SEIA) located in Keokuk. The Lee County Health Department (LCHD) is the local public health agency who is governed by the Lee County Board of Health and provides many community/public health programs, home care and Hospice services. The Board of Health is a five-member volunteer Board appointed by our five county elected Supervisors.

We have two county seats with one located in Keokuk and the other in Fort Madison. There are three public school districts, the Keokuk Community School District, Fort Madison Community School District, and Central Lee School District. There are also three private parochial school districts which include the Holy Trinity Schools, Keokuk Catholic Schools, and the Keokuk Christian Academy.

The economy is led by manufacturing, health care and social services, wholesale and resale trade, and education. In 2013, FMCH began to collaborate with LCHD and Unity Point- Keokuk (formerly Keokuk Area Hospital to complete the CHNA & HIP process every three years to be on the same community health needs assessment cycles and avoid duplicating the process.

The community FMCH serves includes all of Lee County as determined by our inpatient and outpatient market share. Our primary and secondary service area includes the following zip codes and was used for the purpose of the CHNA to determine our community:

52619 Argyle, IA 52631 Houghton, IA 52624 Denmark, IA 52625 Donnellson, IA 52648 Pilot Grove, IA 52627 Fort Madison, IA 52657 St. Paul, IA 52656 West Point, IA 52632 Keokuk, IA

Development of the 2020-2023 CHNA/HIP

In the summer of 2018, a new CHNA process was initiated by LCHD, Unity Point-Keokuk, and FMCH. A community wide survey was drafted and distributed to the general population as well as with some targeted focus groups (elderly, youth, and vulnerable populations) beginning in May 2018. The survey was made available through survey monkey and paper copies. The purpose of the survey was to get community members viewpoint on the health needs of the county. We worked with county libraries, health department agencies, large employers and

public invitation through mass media to encourage participation. The survey period ended in September, 2018.

In September 2018, several community partners and stakeholders began to organize, gather and assess county and state level data, survey results, as well as analyze our county strengths and assets. Our community strengths and assets in Lee County that were identified by our community partners were chosen by reviewing and analyzing categories of direct health services, health education and information resources, and ancillary community assets important for the health and well-being of everyone in Lee County. Data sets were also compiled to be used as resources to support the survey results at the scheduled community town hall meeting.

A town hall meeting was held on October 4, 2018. This was an open meeting held in the county – county leaders, health care professionals and general public were invited to attend. The participants were given county data along with the survey results. They were then led through the process of drilling down to the most prevalent and immediate community health needs for the county.

Those in attendance included representatives from the following organizations:

Lee County Health Department
Fort Madison Community Hospital
Unity Point – Keokuk
Lee County Board of Health
LCHD – Family Support
Lee County Conservation Department
Lee County MHDS (mental health)
RVAP (Rape Victim Advocacy Program)
Southeast Iowa Regional Planning Commission
Community Health Centers of Southeast Iowa
Hoerner (Keokuk) YMCA
Milestones Area Agency on Aging
ADDS
LCHD – Dental
Children First ECI

The resulting goals were drafted by Lee County Health Department- identifying the commonalities in the each area of concern. Through the process of prioritizing the identified health needs of the community, Lee County Health Department also noted other agencies already engaged in meeting these needs. FMCH and UnityPoint- Keokuk collaborated on the creation of this document and FMCH formulated their goals from this master document (attached-revised CHNA) approved by the Lee County Board of Health.

The FMCH Board of Directors approved the 2020-2023 CHNA at their board meeting in August of 2019. (Change of FY moved it up from October to August).

LEE COUNTY & FMCH'S VISION AND MISSION TO ADDRESS COMMUNITY NEEDS

Lee County community partners have a common vision for addressing the health of the community. The vision is for "Lee County to be a healthy place to live, learn, work, and play" Live Healthy Lee County! The mission statement chosen is "It takes a Community" as partners believe it takes involvement from all levels to improve the health of our county from individuals, neighborhoods/community, business and industry, institutional, and governance levels.

Partners have created a coalition "Live Healthy Lee County" that is a group of organizations and individuals working on various health improvement aspects within Lee County that promote healthy living in the county. The coalition has its own logo branding, website, and meets at least quarterly to address various health issues and strategies to support our vision and mission. The website can be located at livehealthyleecounty.org. One project of note, is the garden boxes located at easy access points for senior citizens. People with excess produce drop it off and it is placed in the boxes for the seniors to use.

In addition, upon the affiliation of Great River Health and FMCH, a GRHS-FMCH Community Health Foundation was formed to provide financial support for community projects that will positively affect the health of our community. The first project funded is an expansion of recreational trails in Fort Madison through PORT of Fort Madison. Recreational trails provide a tool to encourage healthy living. This is also one of our CHNA goals.

They also supported the creation of Science, Technology, Engineering, Arts & Technology room at the local elementary school to create a learning environment to support the mental health of the children participating; as well as, Elliott Test Kitchen which provides a safe space for children to enhance their educational experience while also learning to cook healthy meals. We continue to look for ways to work together to impact the health of our communities we serve.

Target Areas and Service to Vulnerable Populations

Lee County's CHNA & HIP process included assessing the needs of our more vulnerable populations including those who live in rural areas of the county. Surveys were distributed to the general population but also to several focus groups. This included the older residents of our community that access senior housing, congregate meal sites, and health services; at risk families with children who access home visiting services, Women Infant and Children clinics, and Maternal Child Health Services; our youth enrolled in community college/higher academics; and clients of our service organizations partners who serve those with mental health issues, substance abuse issues, or other health care needs.

LEE COUNTY Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA)

Community Health Indicators and Data Profile Report Created September 2018

Report Area

Lee County, IA

Data Categories

Demographics | Social Economic Factors | Physical Environment | Clinical Care | Health Behaviors | Health Outcomes

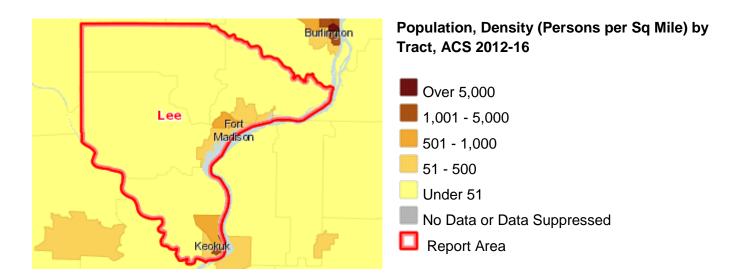
Demographics

Current population demographics and changes in demographic composition over time play a determining role in the types of health and social services needed by communities.

Total Population

A total of 35,172 people live in the 517.52 square mile report area defined for this assessment according to the U.S. Census Bureau American Community Survey 2012-16 5-year estimates. The population density for this area, estimated at 67.96 persons per square mile, is less than the national average population density of 90.19 persons per square mile.

| Report Area | Total Population | Total Land Area (Square Miles) | Population Density (Per Square Mile) |
|----------------|------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Lee County, IA | 35,172 | 517.52 | 67.96 |
| Iowa | 3,106,589 | 55,856.49 | 55.62 |
| United States | 318,558,162 | 3,532,068.58 | 90.19 |

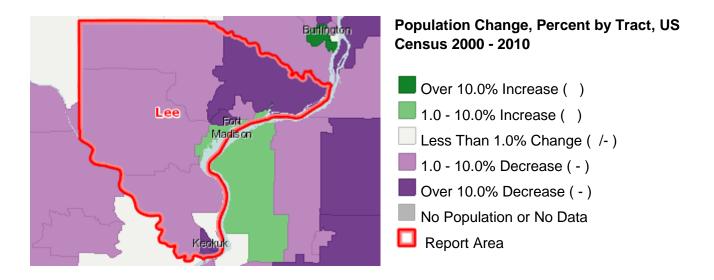


Change in Total Population

According to the United States Census Bureau Decennial Census, between 2000 and 2010 the population in the report area fell by 2,190 persons, a change of -5.76%. A significant positive or negative shift in total population over time impacts healthcare providers and the utilization of community resources.

| Report Area | Total Population, 2000 Census | Total Population, 2010 Census | Total Population Change, 2000-2010 | Percent Population Change, 2000-2010 |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Lee County, IA | 38,052 | 35,862 | -2,190 | -5.76% |
| Iowa | 2,926,325 | 3,046,355 | 120,030 | 4.1% |
| United States | 280,405,781 | 307,745,539 | 27,339,758 | 9.75% |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, Decennial Census. 2000 - 2010. Source geography: Tract



Families with Children

According to the most recent the American Community Survey estimates, 28.14% of all occupied households in the report area are family households with one or more child(ren) under the age of 18. As <u>defined</u> by the US Census Bureau, a family household is any housing unit in which the householder is living with one or more individuals related to him or her by birth, marriage, or adoption. A non-family household is any household occupied by the householder alone, or by the householder and one or more unrelated individuals.

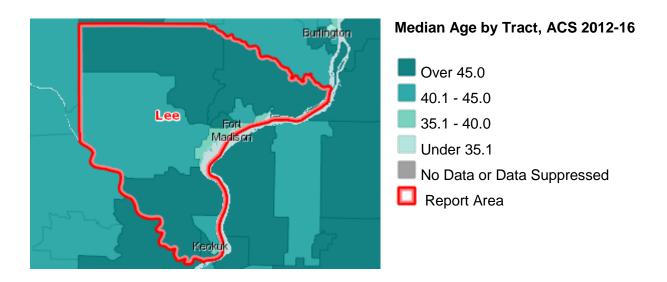
| Report Area | Total Households | Total Family Households | Families with Children (Under Age 18) | Families with Children (Under Age 18), Percent of Total Households |
|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Lee County, IA | 14,318 | 9,228 | 4,029 | 28.14% |
| Iowa | 1,242,641 | 798,664 | 370,843 | 29.84% |
| United States | 117,716,237 | 77,608,829 | 37,299,113 | 31.69% |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16. Source geography: Tract

Median Age

This indicator reports population median age based on the 5-year American Community Survey estimate.

| Report Area | Total Population | Median Age |
|----------------|------------------|------------|
| Lee County, IA | 35,172 | 43.4 |
| Iowa | 3,106,589 | 38 |
| United States | 318,558,162 | 37.7 |



Population Under Age 18

An estimated 21.63% of the population in the report area is under the age of 18 according to the U.S. Census Bureau American Community Survey 2012-16 5-year estimates. An estimated total of 7,608 youths resided in the area during this time period. The number of persons under age 18 is relevant because this population has unique health needs which should be considered separately from other age groups.

| Report Area | Total Population | Population Age 0-17 | Percent Population Age 0-17 |
|----------------|------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|
| Lee County, IA | 35,172 | 7,608 | 21.63% |
| Iowa | 3,106,589 | 727,514 | 23.42% |
| United States | 318,558,162 | 73,612,438 | 23.11% |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16. Source geography: Tract

Population Age 18-64

This indicator reports the percentage of population age 18-64 in the designated geographic area. This indicator is relevant because it is important to understand the percentage of adults in the community, as this population has unique health needs which should be considered separately from other age groups.

| Report Area | Total Population | Population Age 18-64 | Percent Population Age 18-64 |
|----------------|------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|
| Lee County, IA | 35,172 | 20,938 | 59.53% |
| Iowa | 3,106,589 | 1,888,294 | 60.78% |
| United States | 318,558,162 | 198,765,092 | 62.4% |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16. Source geography: Tract

Population Age 65

An estimated 18.84% of the population in the report area is age 65 or older according to the U.S. Census Bureau American Community Survey 2012-16 5-year estimates. An estimated total of 6,626 older adults resided in the area during this time period. The number of persons age 65 or older is relevant because this population has unique health needs which should be considered separately from other age groups.

| Report Area | Total Population | Population Age 65 | Percent Population Age 65 |
|----------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| Lee County, IA | 35,172 | 6,626 | 18.84% |
| Iowa | 3,106,589 | 490,781 | 15.8% |
| United States | 318,558,162 | 46,180,632 | 14.5% |

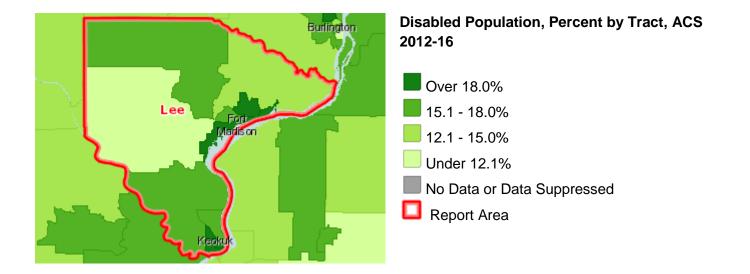
Population with Any Disability

This indicator reports the percentage of the total civilian non-institutionalized population with a disability. This indicator is relevant because disabled individuals comprise a vulnerable population that requires targeted services and outreach by providers.

| Report Area | Total Population (For Whom Disability Status Is Determined) | Total Population with a Disability | Percent Population with a Disability | Percent Population with a Disability |
|----------------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Lee County, IA | 34,365 | 5,894 | 17.15% | 0 20% |
| Iowa | 3,062,954 | 356,817 | 11.65% | Lee County, IA (17.15%) |
| United States | 313,576,137 | 39,272,529 | 12.52% | Iowa (11.65%) United States (12.52%) |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16. Source

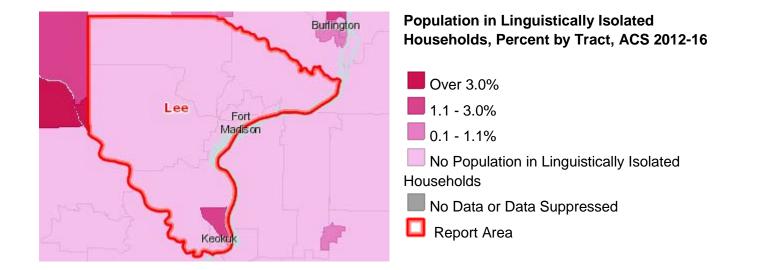
geography: Tract



Population in Limited English Households

This indicator reports the percentage of the population aged 5 and older living in Limited English speaking households. A "Limited English speaking household" is one in which no member 14 years old and over (1) speaks only English at home or (2) speaks a language other than English at home and speaks English "Very well." This indicator is significant as it identifies households and populations that may need English-language assistance.

| Report Area | Total Population Age 5 | Linguistically Isolated Population | Percent Linguistically Isolated Population | Percent Linguistically Isolated Population |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Lee County, IA | 33,156 | 28 | 0.08% | |
| Iowa | 2,909,721 | 52,484 | 1.8% | 0 15% |
| United States | 298,691,202 | 13,393,615 | 4.48% | _ |
| Data Source: geography: T | | , American Community | Survey. 2012-16. Source | Lee County, IA (0.08%) lowa (1.8%) United States (4.48%) |



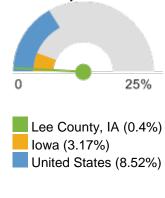
Population with Limited English Proficiency

This indicator reports the percentage of the population aged 5 and older who speak a language other than English at home and speak English less than "very well." This indicator is relevant because an inability to speak English well creates barriers to healthcare access, provider communications, and health literacy/education.

| Report Area | Population Age 5 | Population Age 5 with Limited English Proficiency | Percent Population Age 5 with Limited English Proficiency |
|----------------------|---------------------|---|---|
| Lee County, IA | 33,156 | 131 | 0.4% |
| Iowa | 2,909,721 | 92,162 | 3.17% |
| United States | 298,691,202 | 25,440,956 | 8.52% |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16. Source geography: Tract

Percent Population Age 5 with Limited English Proficiency

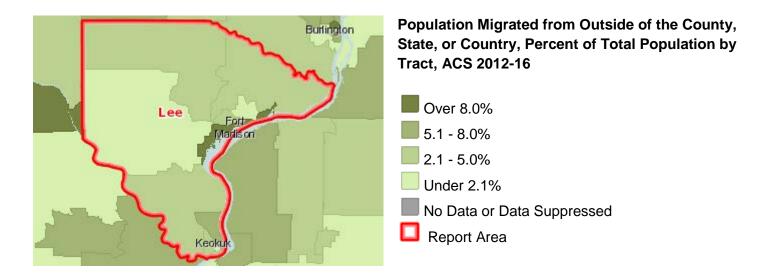


Population Geographic Mobility

This indicator reports information about population in-migration by assessing changes in residence within a one year period. Of the 34,747 persons residing in the report area, an estimated 4.03% relocated to the area, according to the latest American Community Survey 5-year estimates. Persons who moved to a new household from outside of their current county of residence, from outside their state of residence, or from abroad are considered part of the in-migrated population. Persons who moved to a new household from a different household within their current county of residence are not included.

| Report Area | Total Population | Population In-Migration | Percent Population In-Migration |
|----------------|------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Lee County, IA | 34,747 | 1,402 | 4.03% |
| Iowa | 3,066,927 | 203,747 | 6.64% |
| United States | 314,813,229 | 19,417,258 | 6.17% |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16. Source geography: Tract



Foreign-Born Population

This indicator reports the percentage of the population that is foreign-born. The foreign-born population includes anyone who was not a U.S. citizen or a U.S. national at birth. This includes any non-citizens, as well as persons born outside of the U.S. who have become naturalized citizens. The native U.S. population includes any person born in the United States, Puerto Rico, a U.S. Island Area (such as Guam), or abroad of American (U.S. citizen) parent or parents. The latest figures from the U.S. Census Bureau show that 434 persons in the report area are of foreign birth, which represents 1.23% of the report area population. This percentage is less than the national rate of 13.18%.

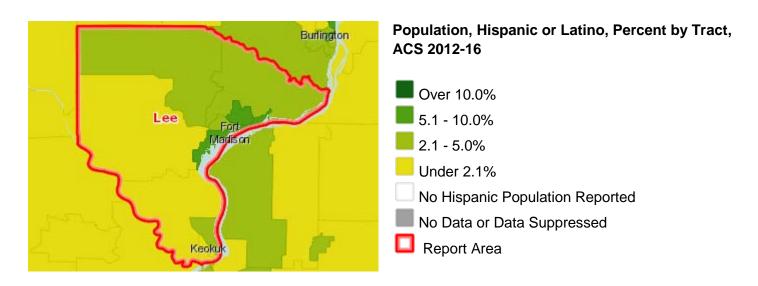
| Report Area | Total Population | Naturalized U.S. Citizens | Population Without U.S. Citizenship | Total Foreign- Birth Population | Foreign-Birth Population, Percent of Total Population |
|----------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| Lee County, IA | 35,172 | 189 | 245 | 434 | 1.23% |
| Iowa | 3,106,589 | 56,676 | 94,491 | 151,167 | 4.87% |
| United States | 318,558,162 | 19,979,407 | 22,214,947 | 42,194,354 | 13.25% |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16. Source geography: Tract

Hispanic Population

The estimated population that is of Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish origin in the report area is 1,196. This represents 3.4% of the total report area population, which is less than the national 17.13% rate. Origin can be viewed as the heritage, nationality group, lineage, or country of birth of the person or the person's parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. People who identify their origin as Hispanic, Latino, or Spanish may be of any race.

| Report Area | Total Population | Non-Hispanic Population | Percent Population Non-Hispanic | Hispanic or Latino Population | Percent Population Hispanic or Latino |
|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Lee County, IA | 35,172 | 33,976 | 96.6% | 1,196 | 3.4% |
| Iowa | 3,106,589 | 2,933,882 | 94.44% | 172,707 | 5.56% |
| United States | 318,558,162 | 263,359,055 | 82.67% | 55,199,107 | 17.33% |

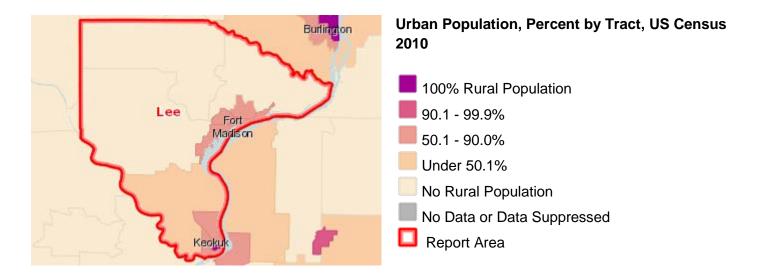


Urban and Rural Population

This indicator reports the percentage of population living in urban and rural areas. Urban areas are identified using population density, count, and size thresholds. Urban areas also include territory with a high degree of impervious surface (development). Rural areas are all areas that are not urban.

| Report Area | Total Population | Urban Population | Rural Population | Percent Urban | Percent Rural |
|----------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Lee County, IA | 35,862 | 21,296 | 14,566 | 59.38% | 40.62% |
| Iowa | 3,046,355 | 1,950,256 | 1,096,099 | 64.02% | 35.98% |
| United States | 312,471,327 | 252,746,527 | 59,724,800 | 80.89% | 19.11% |

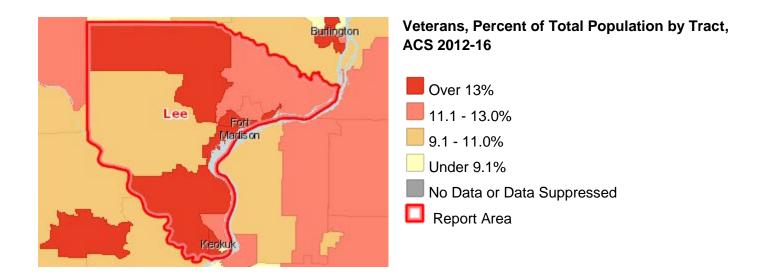
Data Source: US Census Bureau, Decennial Census. 2010. Source geography: Tract



Veteran Population

This indicator reports the percentage of the population age 18 and older that served (even for a short time), but is not currently serving, on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or the Coast Guard, or that served in the U.S. Merchant Marine during World War II.

| Report Area | Total Population Age 18 | Total Veterans | Veterans, Percent of Total Population |
|----------------|-------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------------|
| Lee County, IA | 27,496 | 3,090 | 11.24% |
| Iowa | 2,377,378 | 203,277 | 8.55% |
| United States | 243,935,157 | 19,535,341 | 8.01% |



Social Economic Factors

Economic and social insecurity often are associated with poor health. Poverty, unemployment, and lack of educational achievement affect access to care and a community's ability to engage in healthy behaviors. Without a network of support and a safe community, families cannot thrive. Ensuring access to social and economic resources provides a foundation for a healthy community.

Children Eligible for Free/Reduced Price Lunch

Within the report area 2,377 public school students or 48.23% are eligible for Free/Reduced Price lunch out of 4,928 total students enrolled. This indicator is relevant because it assesses vulnerable populations which are more likely to have multiple health access, health status, and social support needs. Additionally, when combined with poverty data, providers can use this measure to identify gaps in eligibility and enrollment.

| | | | | Percent Students Eligible for Free |
|----------------------|-------------------|---|--|---------------------------------------|
| Report Area | Total Students | Number Free/Reduced Price Lunch Eligible | Percent Free/Reduced Price Lunch Eligible | or Reduced Price Lunch |
| Lee County, IA | 4,928 | 2,377 | 48.23% | 0 100% |
| Iowa | 500,105 | 207,129 | 41.42% | |
| United States | 50,611,787 | 25,893,504 | 52.61% | Lee County, IA (48.23%) lowa (41.42%) |
| Data Source | e: National Cent | ter for Education Statistics, | NCES - Common Core of | United States (52.61%) |

Data. 2015-16. Source geography: Address

Food Insecurity Rate

This indicator reports the estimated percentage of the population that experienced food insecurity at some point during the report year. Food insecurity is the household-level economic and social condition of limited or uncertain access to adequate food.

Parcent Students Eligible for Erec

| | | | | Percentage of Total Population with |
|-------------------|---------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Report Area | Total Population | Food Insecure Population, Total | Food Insecurity Rate | Food Insecurity |
| Lee County, IA | 35,552 | 5,140 | 14.46% | |
| Iowa | 3,107,126 | 384,830 | 12.4% | 0 50 |
| United States | 318,198,163 | 47,448,890 | 14.91% | Lee County, IA (14.46) |
| Data Source: | Feeding America. | 2014. Source geography: | County | lowa (12.4) United States (14.91) |

High School Graduation Rate (EdFacts)

Within the report area 91.3% of students are receiving their high school diploma within four years. Data represents the 2015-16 school year.

This indicator is relevant because research suggests education is one the strongest predictors of health (<u>Freudenberg Ruglis</u>, 2007).

| | | | | Cohort Graduation Rate |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Report Area | Total Student Cohort | Estimated Number of Diplomas Issued | Cohort Graduation Rate | |
| Lee County, IA | 393 | 359 | 91.3 | 0 100% |
| Iowa | 34,446 | 31,290 | 90.8 | |
| United States | 3,135,216 | 2,700,120 | 86.1 | Lee County, IA (91.3%) |
| Data Source: U data analysis b | lowa (90.8%) United States (86.1%) | | | |

High School Graduation Rate (NCES)

Within the report area 83.8% of students are receiving their high school diploma within four years. This is greater than the Healthy People 2020 target of 82.4%. This indicator is relevant because research suggests education is one the strongest predictors of health (<u>Freudenberg Ruglis</u>, 2007).

| Report Area | Average Freshman Base Enrollment | Estimated Number of Diplomas Issued | On-Time Graduation Rate | On-Time Graduation Rate |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Lee County, IA | 480 | 402 | 83.8 | |
| Iowa | 39,571 | 33,926 | 85.7 | 0 100% |
| United States | 4,024,345 | 3,039,015 | 75.5 | Lee County, IA (83.8%) |
| HP 2020 Target | | | > =82.4 | lowa (85.7%) United States (75.5%) |

Data Source: National Center for Education Statistics, NCES - Common Core of Data.

2008-09. Source geography: County

Households with No Motor Vehicle

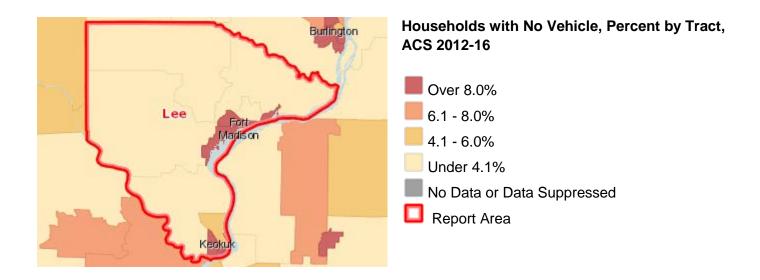
This indicator reports the number and percentage of households with no motor vehicle based on the latest 5-year American Community Survey estimates.

| Report Area | Total Occupied Households | Households with No Motor Vehicle | Percentage of Households with No Motor Vehicle | No Mo |
|----------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|------------|
| Lee County, IA | 14,318 | 1,090 | 7.61% | 0 |
| Iowa | 1,242,641 | 70,658 | 5.69% | Lee |
| United States | 117,716,237 | 10,562,847 | 8.97% | low Uni |

Percentage of Households with No Motor Vehicle

20%

Lee County, IA (7.61%)
lowa (5.69%)
United States (8.97%)



Housing Cost Burden (30%)

This indicator reports the percentage of the households where housing costs exceed 30% of total household income. This indicator provides information on the cost of monthly housing expenses for owners and renters. The information offers a measure of housing affordability and excessive shelter costs. The data also serve to aid in the development of housing programs to meet the needs of people at different economic levels.

| Report Area | Total Households | Cost Burdened Households (Housing Costs Exceed 30% of Income) | Percentage of Cost Burdened Households (Over 30% of Income) |
|----------------------|---------------------|--|---|
| Lee County, IA | 14,318 | 3,406 | 23.79% |
| Iowa | 1,242,641 | 294,827 | 23.73% |
| United States | 117,716,237 | 38,719,430 | 32.89% |

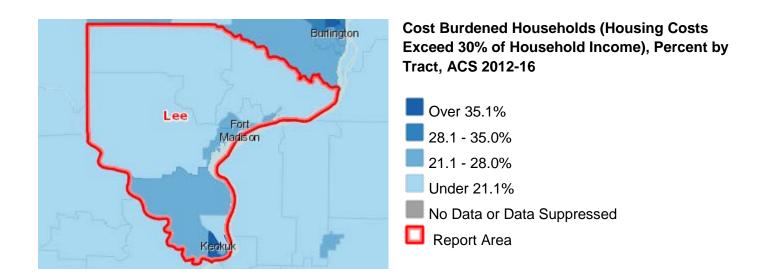
Housing Costs Exceed 30% of Income

Percentage of Households where



Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16.

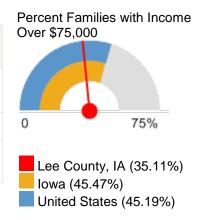
Source geography: Tract

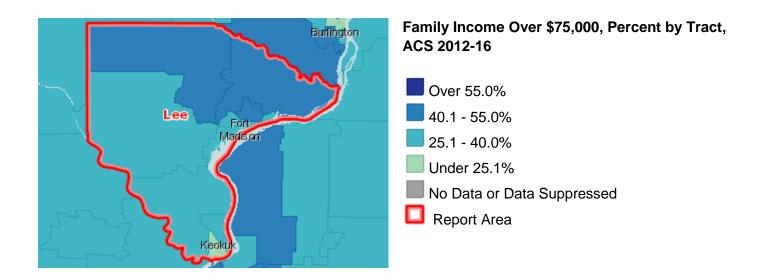


Income - Families Earning Over \$75,000

In the report area, 35.11%, or 3,240 families report a total annual income of \$75,000 or greater. Total income includes all reported income from wages and salaries as well as income from self-employment, interest or dividends, public assistance, retirement, and other sources. As <u>defined</u> by the US Census Bureau, a family household is any housing unit in which the householder is living with one or more individuals related to him or her by birth, marriage, or adoption. A non-family household is any household occupied by the householder alone, or by the householder and one or more unrelated individuals.

| Report Area | Total Familes | Families with Income Over \$75,000 | Percent Families with Income Over \$75,000 |
|-------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Lee County, IA | 9,228 | 3,240 | 35.11% |
| Iowa | 798,664 | 363,150 | 45.47% |
| United States | 77,608,829 | 35,073,881 | 45.19% |



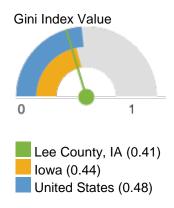


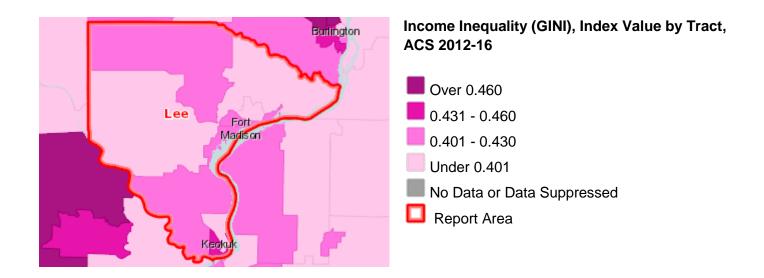
Income - Inequality (GINI Index)

This indicator reports income inequality using the Gini coefficient. Gini index values range between zero and one. A value of one indicates perfect inequality where only one house-hold has any income. A value of zero indicates perfect equality, where all households have equal income.

Index values are acquired from the 2012-16 American Community Survey and are not available for custom report areas or multi-county areas.

| Report Area | Total Households | Gini Index Value |
|----------------|------------------|------------------|
| Lee County, IA | 14,318 | 0.41 |
| Iowa | 1,242,641 | 0.44 |
| United States | 117,716,237 | 0.48 |



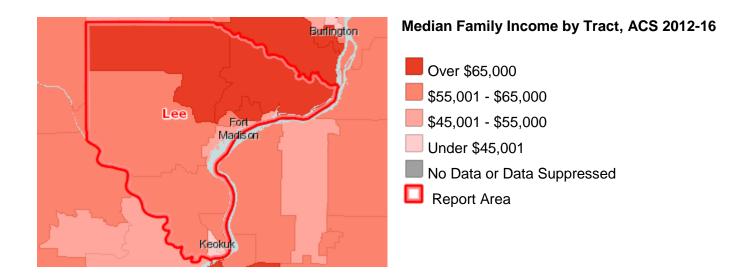


Income - Median Family Income

This indicator reports median family income based on the latest 5-year American Community Survey estimates. A family household is any housing unit in which the householder is living with one or more individuals related to him or her by birth, marriage, or adoption. Family income includes the incomes of all family members age 15 and older.

| | | | | Median Family Income |
|-------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Report Area | Total Family Households | Average Family Income | Median Family Income | |
| Lee County, IA | 9,228 | \$66,184 | \$58,351 | 0 80000 |
| Iowa | 798,664 | \$85,136 | \$69,419 | |
| United States | 77,608,829 | \$90,960 | \$67,871 | Lee County, IA (58,351) |
| Data Source: U | S Census Bureau, Americ | an Community Survey. 2 | 012-16. Source | lowa (69,419) United States (67,871) |

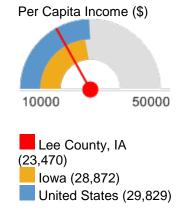
geography: Tract

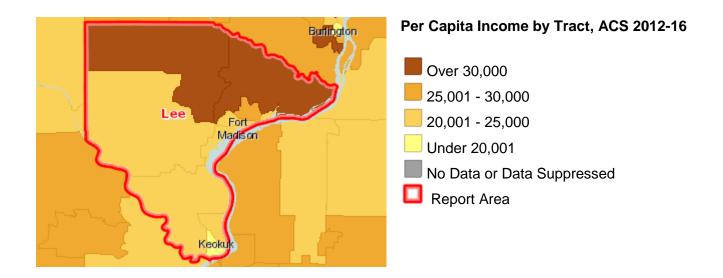


Income - Per Capita Income

The per capita income for the report area is \$23,470. This includes all reported income from wages and salaries as well as income from self-employment, interest or dividends, public assistance, retirement, and other sources. The per capita income in this report area is the average (mean) income computed for every man, woman, and child in the specified area.

| Report Area | Total Population | Total Income (\$) | Per Capita Income (\$) |
|----------------|------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| Lee County, IA | 35,172 | \$825,500,700 | \$23,470 |
| Iowa | 3,106,589 | \$89,693,789,500 | \$28,872 |
| United States | 318,558,162 | \$9,502,305,741,900 | \$29,829 |



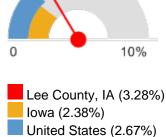


Income - Public Assistance Income

This indicator reports the percentage households receiving public assistance income. Public assistance income includes general assistance and Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF). Separate payments received for hospital or other medical care (vendor payments) are excluded. This does not include Supplemental Security Income (SSI) or noncash benefits such as Food Stamps.

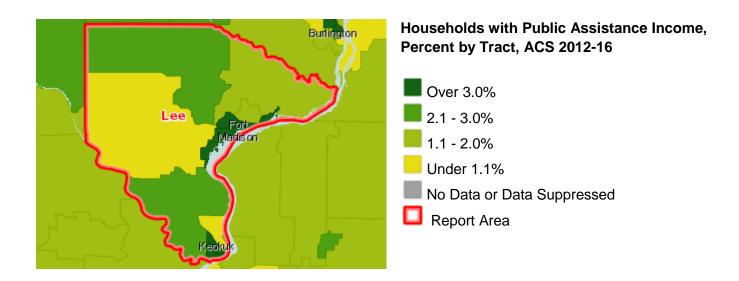
| | | | | r ercent in |
|----------------------|---------------------|--|--|-------------------|
| Report Area | Total Households | Households with Public Assistance Income | Percent Households with Public Assistance Income | Assistance |
| Lee County, IA | 14,318 | 470 | 3.28% | 0 |
| Iowa | 1,242,641 | 29,521 | 2.38% | Lee Co |
| United States | 117,716,237 | 3,147,577 | 2.67% | lowa (2 United |

Percent Households with Public Assistance Income



Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16. Source

geography: Tract



Insurance - Population Receiving Medicaid

This indicator reports the percentage of the population with insurance enrolled in Medicaid (or other means-tested public health insurance). This indicator is relevant because it assesses vulnerable populations which are more likely to have multiple health access, health status, and social support needs; when combined with poverty data, providers can use this measure to identify gaps in eligibility and enrollment.

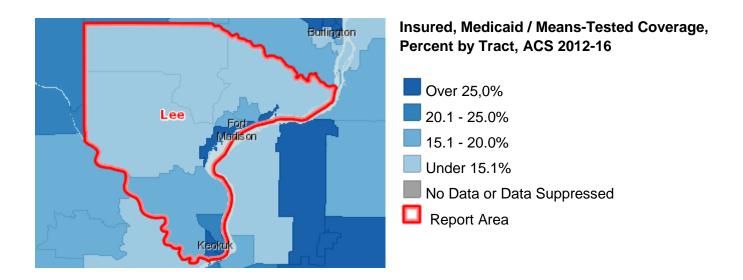
| Report Area | Total Population (For Whom Insurance Status is Determined) | Population with Any Health Insurance | Population Receiving Medicaid | Percent of Insured Population Receiving Medicaid |
|----------------------|---|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| Lee County, IA | 34,365 | 32,043 | 7,989 | 24.93% |
| Iowa | 3,062,954 | 2,868,244 | 531,880 | 18.54% |
| United States | 313,576,137 | 276,875,891 | 59,874,221 | 21.62% |

Percent of Insured
Population Receiving
Medicaid

Lee County, IA (24.93%)
lowa (18.54%)
United States (21.62%)

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16. Source

geography: Tract



Insurance - Uninsured Adults

The lack of health insurance is considered a key driver of health status.

This indicator reports the percentage of adults age 18 to 64 without health insurance coverage. This indicator is relevant because lack of insurance is a primary barrier to healthcare access including regular primary care, specialty care, and other health services that contributes to poor health status.

| | | | | | | Percent Population Age |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|---|---|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| Report Area | Total Population Age 18 - 64 | Population with Medical Insurance | Percent Population With Medical Insurance | Population Without Medical Insurance | Percent Population Without Medical Insurance | 18-64 Without Medical Insurance |
| Lee County, IA | 19,436 | 18,443 | 94.89% | 993 | 5.11% | 0 50% |
| Iowa | 1,827,444 | 1,718,437 | 94.04% | 109,007 | 5.96% | Lee County, IA (5.11%) lowa (5.96%) |
| United States | 194,808,251 | 171,274,851 | 87.92% | 23,533,400 | 12.08% | United States (12.08%) |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates. 2016. Source

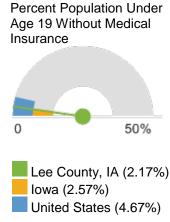
geography: County

Insurance - Uninsured Children

The lack of health insurance is considered a key driver of health status.

This indicator reports the percentage of children under age 19 without health insurance coverage. This indicator is relevant because lack of insurance is a primary barrier to healthcare access including regular primary care, specialty care, and other health services that contributes to poor health status.

| | | | | | | re |
|----------------------|--|---|---|---|--|------------|
| Report Area | Total Population Under Age 19 | Population with Medical Insurance | Percent Population With Medical Insurance | Population Without Medical Insurance | Percent Population Without Medical Insurance | Age Ins |
| Lee County, IA | 7,543 | 7,379 | 97.83% | 164 | 2.17% | 0 |
| Iowa | 753,581 | 734,195 | 97.43% | 19,386 | 2.57% | |
| United States | 76,219,054 | 72,659,457 | 95.33% | 3,559,597 | 4.67% | |



Data Source: US Census Bureau, Small Area Health Insurance Estimates. 2016. Source

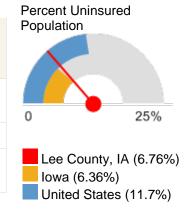
geography: County

Insurance - Uninsured Population

The lack of health insurance is considered a key driver of health status.

This indicator reports the percentage of the total civilian non-institutionalized population without health insurance coverage. This indicator is relevant because lack of insurance is a primary barrier to healthcare access including regular primary care, specialty care, and other health services that contributes to poor health status.

| Report Area | Total Population (For Whom Insurance Status is Determined) | Total Uninsured Population | Percent Uninsured Population |
|-------------------|--|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Lee County, IA | 34,365 | 2,322 | 6.76% |
| Iowa | 3,062,954 | 194,710 | 6.36% |
| United States | 313,576,137 | 36,700,246 | 11.7% |



Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16. Source geography: Tract

Lack of Social or Emotional Support

This indicator reports the percentage of adults aged 18 and older who self-report that they receive insufficient social and emotional support all or most of the time. This indicator is relevant because social and emotional support is critical for navigating the challenges of daily life as well as for good mental health. Social and emotional support is also linked to educational achievement and economic stability.

| Report Area | Total Population Age 18 | Estimated Population Without Adequate Social / Emotional Support | Crude Percentage | Age-Adjusted Percentage | Support (Age-Adjusted) |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|---|---------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Lee County, IA | 27,872 | 3,791 | 13.6% | 12.8% | 0 50% |
| Iowa | 2,307,562 | 355,365 | 15.4% | 15.3% | Lee County, IA (12.8%) |
| United States | 232,556,016 | 48,104,656 | 20.7% | 20.7% | lowa (15.3%) United States (20.7%) |

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Accessed via the Health Indicators Warehouse. US Department of Health Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse. 2006-12. Source geography: County

Population Receiving SNAP Benefits (ACS)

This indicator reports the estimated percentage of households receiving the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) benefits. This indicator is relevant because it assesses vulnerable populations which are more likely to have multiple health access, health status, and social support needs; when combined with poverty data, providers can use this measure to identify gaps in eligibility and enrolment.

| | | | | Percent Households Receiving |
|----------------------|---------------------|--|--|-------------------------------------|
| Report Area | Total Households | Households Receiving SNAP Benefits | Percent Households Receiving SNAP Benefits | SNAP Benefits |
| Lee County, IA | 14,318 | 2,363 | 16.5% | 0 25% |
| Iowa | 1,242,641 | 145,394 | 11.7% | Lee County, IA (16.5%) |
| United States | 117,716,237 | 15,360,951 | 13.05% | lowa (11.7%) United States (13.05%) |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16. Source geography: Tract

Population Receiving SNAP Benefits (SAIPE)

This indicator reports the average percentage of the population receiving the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) benefits between the months of July 2014 and July 2015. This indicator is relevant because it assesses vulnerable populations which are more likely to have multiple health access, health status, and social support needs; when combined with poverty data, providers can use this measure to identify gaps in eligibility and enrollment.

| Report Area | Total Population | Population Receiving SNAP Benefits | Percent Population Receiving SNAP Benefits | Percent Population Receiving SNAP Benefits |
|-------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Lee County, IA | 35,089 | 5,985 | 17.1% | |
| Iowa | 3,123,899 | 382,258 | 12.2% | 0 25% |
| United States | 321,396,328 | 44,567,069 | 13.9% | Lee County, IA (17.1%) |
| | US Census Bure raphy: County | eau, Small Area Income I | Poverty Estimates. 2015. | lowa (12.2%) United States (13.9%) |

Population with Associate's Level Degree or Higher

26.75% of the population aged 25 and older, or 6,617 have obtained an Associate's level degree or higher. This indicator is relevant because educational attainment has been linked to positive health outcomes.

| Report Area | Total Population Age 25 | Population Age 25 with Associate's Degree or Higher | Percent Population Age 25 with Associate's Degree or Higher |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|
| Lee County, IA | 24,733 | 6,617 | 26.75% |
| Iowa | 2,058,840 | 791,060 | 38.42% |
| United States | 213,649,147 | 82,237,511 | 38.49% |

Percent Population Age 25 with Associate's Degree or Higher

100%

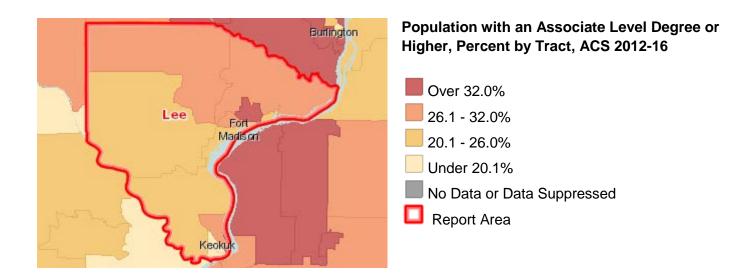
Lee County, IA (26.75%)

lowa (38.42%)

United States (38.49%)

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16. Source

geography: Tract



Population with Bachelor's Degree or Higher

14.58% of the population aged 25 and older, or 3,606 have obtained an Bachelor's level degree or higher. This indicator is relevant because educational attainment has been linked to positive health outcomes.

| Report Area | Total Population Age 25 | Population Age 25 with Bachelor's Degree or Higher | Percent Population Age 25 with Bachelor's Degree or Higher | Bachelor's Degree or Higher |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| Lee County, IA | 24,733 | 3,606 | 14.58% | 0 100% |
| Iowa | 2,058,840 | 559,431 | 27.17% | Lee County, IA (14.58%) lowa (27.17%) |
| United States | 213,649,147 | 64,767,787 | 30.32% | United States (30.32%) |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16. Source geography: Tract

Population with No High School Diploma

Within the report area there are 2,025 persons aged 25 and older without a high school diploma (or equivalency) or higher. This represents 8.19% of the total population aged 25 and older. This indicator is relevant because educational attainment is linked to positive health outcomes (Freudenberg Ruglis, 2007).

| Report Area | Total Population Age 25 | Population Age 25 with No High School Diploma | Percent Population Age 25 with No High School Diploma | Percent Population Age 25 with No High School Diploma |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Lee County, IA | 24,733 | 2,025 | 8.19% | 0 50% |
| Iowa | 2,058,840 | 169,966 | 8.26% | |
| United States | 213,649,147 | 27,818,380 | 13.02% | Lee County, IA (8.19%) Iowa (8.26%) United States (13.02%) |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16. Source geography: Tract

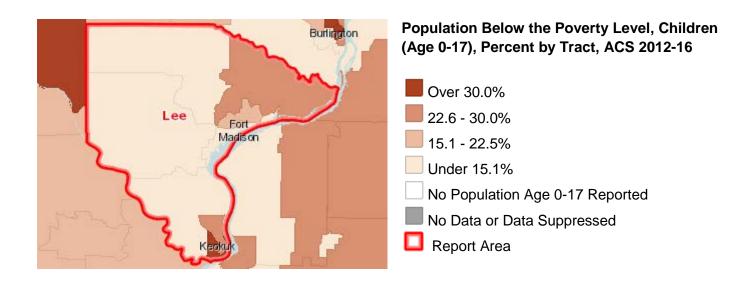
Poverty - Children Below 100% FPL

In the report area 22.47% or 1,681 children aged 0-17 are living in households with income below the Federal Poverty Level (FPL). This indicator is relevant because poverty creates barriers to access including health services, healthy food, and other necessities that contribute to poor health status.

| Report Area | Total Population | Population Under Age 18 | Population Under Age 18 in Poverty | Percent Population Under Age 18 in Poverty |
|----------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Lee County, IA | 34,247 | 7,480 | 1,681 | 22.47% |
| Iowa | 3,005,808 | 714,124 | 109,300 | 15.31% |
| United States | 310,629,645 | 72,456,096 | 15,335,783 | 21.17% |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16. Source

geography: Tract



Poverty - Children Below 200% FPL

In the report area 47.21% or 3,531 children are living in households with income below 200% of the Federal Poverty Level (FPL). This indicator is relevant because poverty creates barriers to access including health services, healthy food, and other necessities that contribute to poor health status.

| | | | | Percent Population Under Age 18 |
|----------------------|--|--|--------|---------------------------------------|
| Report Area | Total Population Under Age 18 | Population Under Age 18 at or Below 200% FPL | | at or Below 200% FPL |
| Lee County, IA | 7,480 | 3,531 | 47.21% | 0 100% |
| Iowa | 714,124 | 260,176 | 36.43% | Lee County, IA (47.21%) lowa (36.43%) |
| United States | 72,456,096 | 31,364,270 | 43.29% | United States (43.29%) |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16. Source geography: Tract

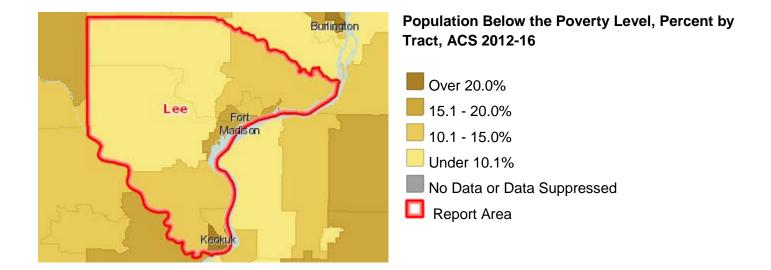
Page 26 of 77

Poverty - Population Below 100% FPL

Poverty is considered a key driver of health status.

Within the report area 16.4% or 5,615 individuals are living in households with income below the Federal Poverty Level (FPL). This indicator is relevant because poverty creates barriers to access including health services, healthy food, and other necessities that contribute to poor health status.

| | | | | Percent Popula | ation in |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|---------------|
| Report Area | Total Population | Population in Poverty | Percent Population in Poverty | Poverty | / |
| Lee County, IA | 34,247 | 5,615 | 16.4% | | |
| Iowa | 3,005,808 | 369,828 | 12.3% | 0 | 25% |
| United States | 310,629,645 | 46,932,225 | 15.11% | | v, IA (16.4%) |
| Data Source: US geography: Trac | lowa (12.3% United State | %) es (15.11%) | | | |



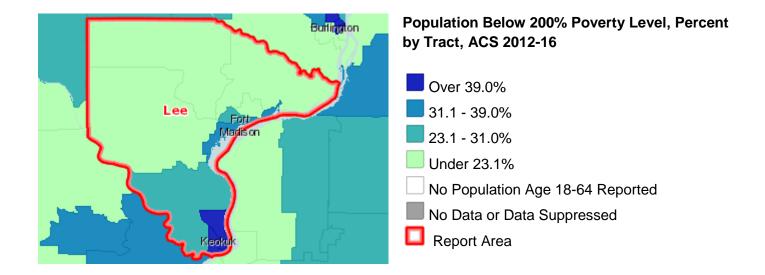
Poverty - Population Below 200% FPL

In the report area 37.08% or 12,700 individuals are living in households with income below 200% of the Federal Poverty Level (FPL). This indicator is relevant because poverty creates barriers to access including health services, healthy food, and other necessities that contribute to poor health status.

| Report Area Total Population Income at C 200% FPL | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
|---|---------------------------------------|
|---|---------------------------------------|

Percent Population with Income at or Below 200% FPL

| Lee County, IA | 34,247 | 12,700 | 37.08% | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------|-------------------------|
| Iowa | 3,005,808 | 891,033 | 29.64% | 0 100% |
| United States | 310,629,645 | 104,390,198 | 33.61% | Lee County, IA (37.08%) |
| Data Source geography: | e: US Census Bu Tract | lowa (29.64%) United States (33.61%) | | |



Student Reading Proficiency (4th Grade)

This indicator reports the percentage of children in grade 4 whose reading skills tested below the "proficient" level for the English Language Arts portion of the state-specific standardized test. This indicator is relevant because an inability to read English well is linked to poverty, unemployment, and barriers to healthcare access, provider communications, and health literacy/education.

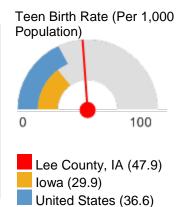
| Report Area | Total Students with Valid Test Scores | Percentage of Students Scoring 'Proficient' or Better | Percentage of Students Scoring 'Not Proficient' or Worse | Percentage of Students Scoring 'Not Proficient' or Worse |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Lee County, IA | 354 | 74.99% | 25.01% | 0 80% |
| Iowa | 36,027 | 75.6% | 24.4% | Lee County, IA (25.01%) |
| United States | 3,393,582 | 49.67% | 45.61% | lowa (24.4%) United States (45.61%) |

Data Source: US Department of Education, EDFacts. Accessed via DATA.GOV. 2014-15. Source geography: School District

Teen Births

This indicator reports the rate of total births to women age of 15 - 19 per 1,000 female population age 15 - 19. This indicator is relevant because in many cases, teen parents have unique social, economic, and health support services. Additionally, high rates of teen pregnancy may indicate the prevalence of unsafe sex practices.

| Report Area | Female Population Age 15 - 19 | Births to Mothers Age 15 - 19 | Teen Birth Rate (Per 1,000 Population) |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Lee County, IA | 1,120 | 54 | 47.9 |
| Iowa | 105,598 | 3,157 | 29.9 |
| United States | 10,736,677 | 392,962 | 36.6 |

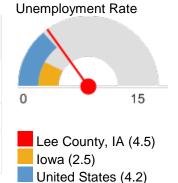


Data Source: US Department of Health Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System. Accessed via CDC WONDER. 2006-12. Source geography: County

Unemployment Rate

Total unemployment in the report area for the current month was 723, or 4.5% of the civilian non-institutionalized population age 16 and older (non-seasonally adjusted). This indicator is relevant because unemployment creates financial instability and barriers to access including insurance coverage, health services, healthy food, and other necessities that contribute to poor health status.

| Report Area | Labor Force | Number Employed | Number Unemployed | Unemployment Rate |
|-------------------|-------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Lee County, IA | 16,129 | 15,406 | 723 | 4.5 |
| Iowa | 1,706,228 | 1,663,041 | 43,187 | 2.5 |
| United States | 164,383,283 | 157,469,839 | 6,913,444 | 4.2 |



Data Source: US Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. 2018 - June. Source

geography: County

Violent Crime

This indicator reports the rate of violent crime offenses reported by law enforcement per 100,000 residents. Violent crime includes homicide, rape, robbery, and aggravated assault. This indicator is relevant because it assesses community safety.

| Report Area | Total Population | Violent Crimes | Violent Crime Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) | Violent Crime Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) |
|-------------------|--|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Lee County, IA | 35,702 | 178 | 498.6 | |
| Iowa | 3,003,656 | 8,130 | 270.6 | 0 1000 |
| United States | 311,082,592 | 1,181,036 | 379.7 | _ |
| analysis by the | ederal Bureau of In National Archive of ortium for Political a | Lee County, IA (498.6) lowa (270.6) United States (379.7) | | |

Physical Environment

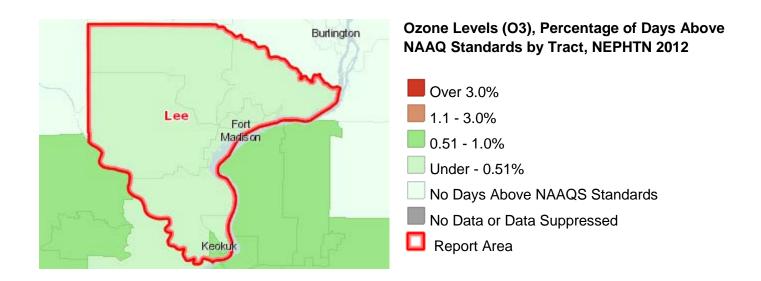
A community's health also is affected by the physical environment. A safe, clean environment that provides access to healthy food and recreational opportunities is important to maintaining and improving community health.

Air Quality - Ozone

Within the report area, 1.27, or 0.33% of days exceeded the emission standard of 75 parts per billion (ppb). This indicator reports the percentage of days per year with Ozone (O3) levels above the National Ambient Air Quality Standard of 75 parts per billion (ppb). Figures are calculated using data collected by monitoring stations and modeled to include census tracts where no monitoring stations exist. This indicator is relevant because poor air quality contributes to respiratory issues and overall poor health.

| Report Area | Total Population | Average Daily Ambient Ozone Concentration | Number of Days Exceeding Emissions Standards | Percentage of Days Exceeding Standards, Crude Average | Percentage of Days Exceeding Standards, Pop. Adjusted Average | Percentage of Days Exceeding Standards, Pop. Adjusted Average 10% |
|----------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|---|--|
| Lee County, IA | 35,862 | 39.66 | 1.27 | 0.35% | 0.33% | Lee County, IA (0.33%) |
| Iowa | 3,046,355 | 39.10 | 0.20 | 0.06% | 0.05% | lowa (0.05%) United States (1.24%) |
| United States | 312,471,327 | 38.95 | 4.46 | 1.22% | 1.24% | |

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Environmental Public Health Tracking Network. 2012. Source geography: Tract



Air Quality - Particulate Matter 2.5

This indicator reports the percentage of days with particulate matter 2.5 levels above the National Ambient Air Quality Standard (35 micrograms per cubic meter) per year, calculated using data collected by monitoring stations and modeled to include counties where no monitoring stations occur. This indicator is relevant because poor air quality contributes to respiratory issues and overall poor health.

| Report Area | Total Population | Average Daily Ambient Particulate Matter 2.5 | Number of Days Exceeding Emissions Standards | Percentage of Days Exceeding Standards, Crude Average | Percentage of Days Exceeding Standards, Pop. Adjusted Average | Exceeding Standards, Pop. Adjusted Average 0 10% |
|----------------------|---------------------|--|--|--|---|---|
| Lee County, IA | 35,862 | 10.09 | 0 | 0 | 0% | Lee County, IA (0%) lowa (0%) |
| Iowa | 3,046,355 | 9.64 | 0 | 0 | 0% | United States (0.10%) |
| United States | 312,471,327 | 9.10 | 0.35 | 0.10 | 0.10% | |

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Environmental Public Health Tracking Network. 2012. Source geography: Tract

Climate Health - Drought Severity

This indicator reports the population-weighted percentage of weeks in drought between January 1, 2012 and December 31, 2014.

Percentage of Days

| Report Area | Percentag e of Weeks in D0 (Abnormall y Dry) | Percentag e of Weeks in D1 (Moderate Drought) | Percentag e of Weeks in D2 (Severe Drought) | Percentag e of Weeks in D3 (Extreme Drought) | Percentage of Weeks in D4 (Exception al Drought) | Percentag e of Weeks in Drought (Any) | Percentage of Weeks in Drought (Any) |
|-----------------------|--|--|--|---|--|---|--------------------------------------|
| Lee County , IA | 13.27% | 25.09% | 10.95% | 4.01% | 0% | 53.32% | Lee County, IA |
| Iowa | 14.05% | 17.32% | 16.83% | 8.87% | 0.59% | 57.66% | (53.32%) lowa (57.66%) |
| United States | 16.96% | 12.59% | 8.84% | 4.92% | 2.54% | 45.85% | United States (45.85%) |

Data Source: US Drought Monitor. 2012-14. Source geography: County

Climate Health - High Heat Index Days

This indicator reports the percentage of recorded weather observations with heat index values over 103 degrees Fahrenheit. The "heat index" is a single value that takes both temperature and humidity into account. The higher the heat index, the hotter the weather feels, since sweat does not readily evaporate and cool the skin. The heat index is a better measure than air temperature alone for estimating the risk to workers from environmental heat sources.

| | | | | | Percentage of Weather |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Report Area | Total Weather Observations | Average Heat Index Value | Observations with High Heat Index Values | Observations with High Heat Index Values, Percentage | Observations with High Heat Index Values:% |
| Lee County, IA | 3,285 | 95.95 | 315 | 9.59% | 0 10% |
| Iowa | 366,460 | 93.82 | 23,687 | 6.5% | Lee County, IA (9.59%) |
| United States | 19,094,610 | 91.82 | 897,155 | 4.7% | lowa (6.5%) United States (4.7%) |

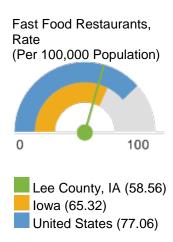
Data Source: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, North America Land Data Assimilation System (NLDAS) . Accessed via CDC WONDER. Additional data analysis by CARES. 2014. Source geography: County

Food Access - Fast Food Restaurants

This indicator reports the number of fast food restaurants per 100,000 population. Fast food restaurants are defined as limited-service establishments primarily engaged in providing food services (except snack and nonalcoholic beverage bars) where patrons generally order or select items and pay before eating. This indicator is relevant because it provides a measure of healthy food access and environmental influences on dietary behaviors.

| Report Area | Total Population | Number of Establishments | Establishments, Rate per 100,000 Population |
|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| Lee County, IA | 35,862 | 21 | 58.56 |
| Iowa | 3,046,355 | 1,990 | 65.32 |
| United States | 308,745,538 | 237,922 | 77.06 |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, County Business Patterns. Additional data analysis by CARES. 2016. Source geography: ZCTA

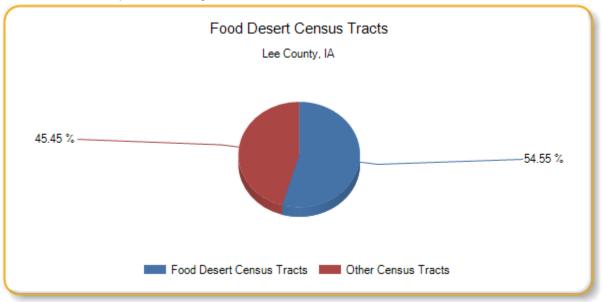


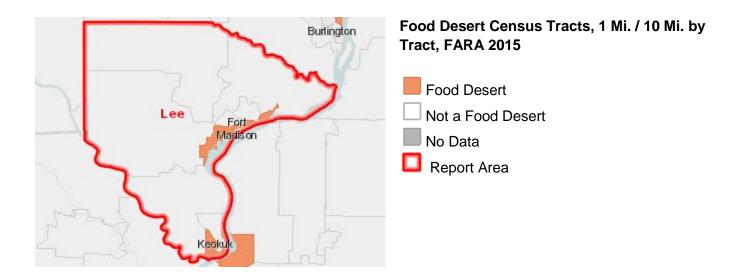
Food Access - Food Desert Census Tracts

This indicator reports the number of neighborhoods in the report area that are within food deserts.

| Report Area | Total Population (2010) | Food Desert Census Tracts | Other Census Tracts | Food Desert Population | Other Population |
|-------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|
| Lee County, IA | 35,862 | 6 | 5 | 21,087 | 14,775 |
| Iowa | 3,046,355 | 348 | 477 | 1,378,623 | 1,667,732 |
| United States | 308,745,538 | 27,527 | 45,337 | 129,885,212 | 178,860,326 |

Data Source: US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Access Research Atlas. 2015.





Food Access - Grocery Stores

This indicator reports the number of grocery stores per 100,000 population. Grocery stores are defined as supermarkets and smaller grocery stores primarily engaged in retailing a general line of food, such as canned and frozen foods; fresh fruits and vegetables; and fresh and prepared meats, fish, and poultry. Included are delicatessen-type establishments. Convenience stores and large general merchandise stores that also retail food, such as supercenters and warehouse club stores are excluded. This indicator is relevant because it provides a measure of healthy food access and environmental influences on dietary behaviors.

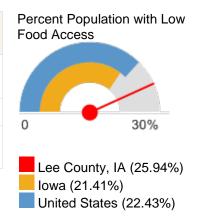
| | | | | Grocery Stores, Rate |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| Report Area | Total Population | Number of Establishments | Establishments, Rate per 100,000 Population | (Per 100,000 Population) |
| Lee County, IA | 35,862 | 7 | 19.52 | |
| Iowa | 3,046,355 | 599 | 19.66 | 0 50 |
| United States | 308,745,538 | 65,399 | 21.18 | Lee County, IA (19.52) |
| Data Source: CARES. 2016 | lowa (19.66) United States (21.18) | | | |

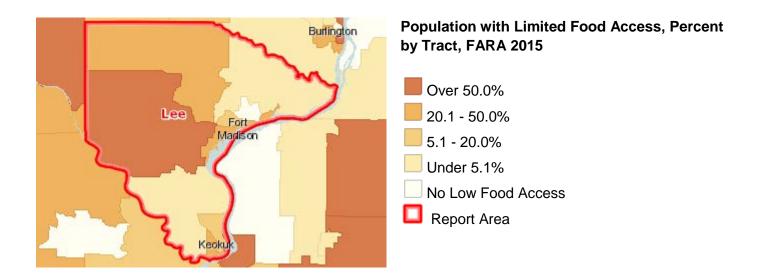
Food Access - Low Food Access

This indicator reports the percentage of the population with low food access. Low food access is defined as living more than ½ mile from the nearest supermarket, supercenter, or large grocery store. Data are from the 2017 report, <u>Low-Income and Low-Supermarket-Access Census Tracts</u>, <u>2010-2015</u>. This indicator is relevant because it highlights populations and geographies facing food insecurity.

| Report Area | Total Population | Population with Low Food Access | Percent Population with Low Food Access |
|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| Lee County, IA | 35,862 | 9,304 | 25.94% |
| Iowa | 3,046,355 | 652,113 | 21.41% |
| United States | 308,745,538 | 69,266,771 | 22.43% |

Data Source: US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Access Research Atlas. 2015. Source geography: Tract

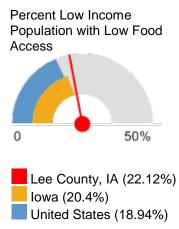


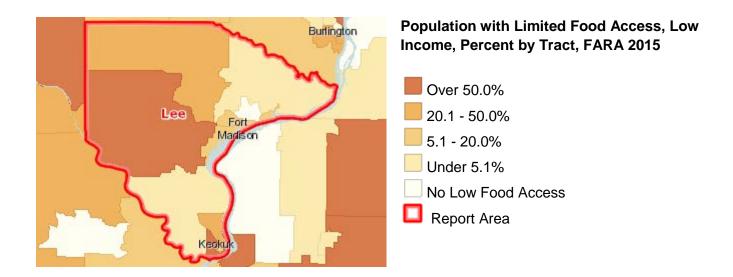


Food Access - Low Income Low Food Access

| Report Area | Total Population | Low Income Population | Low Income Population with Low Food Access | Percent Low Income Population with Low Food Access |
|----------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---|---|
| Lee County, IA | 35,862 | 15,445 | 3,416 | 22.12% |
| Iowa | 3,046,355 | 929,903 | 189,697 | 20.4% |
| United States | 308,745,538 | 106,758,543 | 20,221,368 | 18.94% |

Data Source: US Department of Agriculture, Economic Research Service, USDA - Food Access Research Atlas. 2015. Source geography: Tract



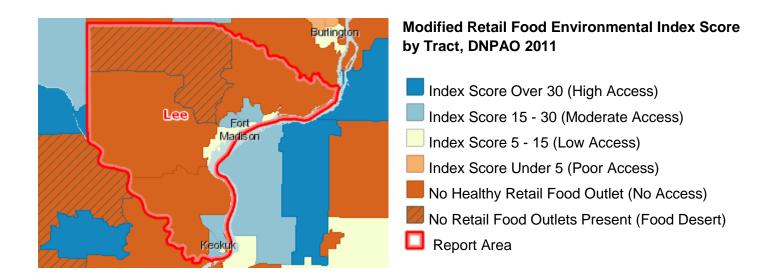


Food Access - Modified Retail Food Environment Index

This indicator reports the percentage of population living in census tracts with no or low access to healthy retail food stores. Figures are based on the CDC Modified Retail Food Environment Index. For this indicator, low food access tracts are considered those with index scores of 10.0 or less.

| Report Area | Total Population | Percent Population in Tracts with No Food Outlet | Percent Population in Tracts with No Healthy Food Outlet | Percent Population in Tracts with Low Healthy Food Access | Percent Population in Tracts with Moderate Healthy Food Access | Percent Population in Tracts with High Healthy Food Access |
|----------------------|---------------------|---|--|---|--|--|
| Lee County, IA | 35,862 | 7.87% | 32.81% | 0% | 59.32% | 0% |
| Iowa | 3,046,355 | 1.41% | 26.36% | 20.04% | 44.39% | 7.8% |
| United States | 312,474,470 | 0.99% | 18.63% | 30.89% | 43.28% | 5.02% |

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Division of Nutrition, Physical Activity, and Obesity. 2011. Source geography: Tract



Food Access - SNAP-Authorized Food Stores

This indicator reports the number of SNAP-authorized food stores as a rate per 10,000 population. SNAP-authorized stores include grocery stores as well as supercenters, specialty food stores, and convenience stores that are authorized to accept SNAP (Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program) benefits.

| Report Area | Total Population | Total SNAP- Authorized Retailers | SNAP-Authorized Retailers, Rate per 10,000 Population | Rate (Per 10,000 Population) |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|------------------------------|
| Lee County, IA | 35,862 | 33 | 9.2 | |
| Iowa | 3,046,355 | 2,912 | 9.56 | 0 60 |
| United States | 312,411,142 | 257,596 | 8.25 | Lee County, IA (9.2) |
| | : US Department ator. Additional da | lowa (9.56) United States (8.25) | | |

Food Access - WIC-Authorized Food Stores

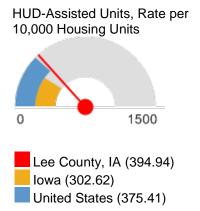
This indicator reports the number of food stores and other retail establishments per 100,000 population that are authorized to accept WIC Program (Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children) benefits and that carry designated WIC foods and food categories. This indicator is relevant because it provides a measure of food security and healthy food access for women and children in poverty as well as environmental influences on dietary behaviors.

CNIAD Authorized Detailers

Housing - Assisted Housing

This indicator reports the total number of HUD-funded assisted housing units available to eligible renters as well as the unit rate (per 10,000 total households).

| Report Area | Total Housing Units (2010) | Total HUD- Assisted Housing Units | HUD-Assisted Units, Rate per 10,000 Housing Units |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|---|---|
| Lee County, IA | 16,205 | 640 | 394.94 |
| Iowa | 1,336,417 | 40,443 | 302.62 |
| United States | 133,341,676 | 5,005,789 | 375.41 |



Data Source: US Department of Housing and Urban Development. 2016. Source

geography: County

Housing - Housing Unit Age

This indicator reports, for a given geographic area, the median year in which all housing units (vacant and occupied) were first constructed. The year the structure was built provides information on the age of housing units. These data help identify new housing construction and measures the disappearance of old housing from the inventory, when used in combination with data from previous years. This data also serves to aid in the development of formulas to determine substandard housing and provide assistance in forecasting future services, such as energy consumption and fire protection.

| Report Area | Total Housing Units | Median Year Structures Built |
|----------------|---------------------|------------------------------|
| Lee County, IA | 16,189 | 1956 |
| Iowa | 1,362,619 | 1967 |
| United States | 134,054,899 | 1977 |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16. Source geography: Tract



Housing - Substandard Housing

This indicator reports the number and percentage of owner- and renter-occupied housing units having at least one of the following conditions: 1) lacking complete plumbing facilities, 2) lacking complete kitchen facilities, 3) with 1.01 or more occupants per room, 4) selected monthly owner costs as a percentage of household income greater than 30%, and 5) gross rent as a percentage of household income greater than 30%. Selected conditions provide information in assessing the quality of the housing inventory and its occupants. This data is used to easily identify homes where the quality of living and housing can be considered substandard.

| Report Area | Total Occupied Housing Units | Occupied Housing Units with One or More Substandard Conditions | Percent Occupied Housing Units with One or More Substandard Conditions | Percent Occupied Housing Units with One or More Substandard Conditions |
|----------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Lee County, IA | 14,318 | 3,351 | 23.4% | 0 50% |
| Iowa | 1,242,641 | 299,499 | 24.1% | Lee County, IA (23.4%) lowa (24.1%) |
| United States | 117,716,237 | 39,729,263 | 33.75% | United States (33.75%) |

Data Source: US Census Bureau, American Community Survey. 2012-16. Source

geography: Tract

Liquor Store Access

This indicator reports the number of beer, wine, and liquor stores per 100,000 population, as defined by North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Code 445310. This indicator is relevant because it provides a measure of healthy food access and environmental influences on dietary behaviors.

| | | | | Liquor Stores, Rate |
|--|---------------------|-----------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| Report Area | Total Population | Number of Establishments | Establishments, Rate per 100,000 Population | (Per 100,000 Population) |
| Lee County, IA | 35,862 | 1 | 2.79 | |
| Iowa | 3,046,355 | 140 | 4.60 | 0 50 |
| United States | 308,745,538 | 33,958 | 11 | Lee County, IA (2.79) |
| Data Source: US Census Bureau, County Business Patterns. Additional data analysis by CARES. 2016. Source geography: ZCTA | | | | lowa (4.60) United States (11) |

Recreation and Fitness Facility Access

This indicator reports the number per 100,000 population of recreation and fitness facilities as defined by North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Code 713940. This indicator is relevant because access to recreation and fitness facilities encourages physical activity and other healthy behaviors.

| Report Area | Total Population | Number of Establishments | Establishments, Rate per 100,000 Population | Facilities, Rate (Per 100,000 Population) |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Lee County, IA | 35,862 | 5 | 13.94 | |
| Iowa | 3,046,355 | 363 | 11.92 | 0 50 |
| United States | 308,745,538 | 33,980 | 11.01 | _ |
| | US Census Bure 016. Source geo | Lee County, IA (13.94) lowa (11.92) United States (11.01) | | |

Recreation and Fitness

Clinical Care

A lack of access to care presents barriers to good health. The supply and accessibility of facilities and physicians, the rate of uninsurance, financial hardship, transportation barriers, cultural competency, and coverage limitations affect access.

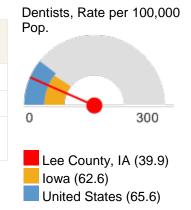
Rates of morbidity, mortality, and emergency hospitalizations can be reduced if community residents access services such as health screenings, routine tests, and vaccinations. Prevention indicators can call attention to a lack of access or knowledge regarding one or more health issues and can inform program interventions.

Access to Dentists

This indicator reports the number of dentists per 100,000 population. This indicator includes all dentists - qualified as having a doctorate in dental surgery (D.D.S.) or dental medicine (D.M.D.), who are licensed by the state to practice dentistry and who are practicing within the scope of that license.

| Report Area | Total Population, 2015 | Dentists, 2015 | Dentists, Rate per 100,000 Pop. |
|------------------|------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|
| Lee County | 35,089 | 14 | 39.9 |
| Iowa | 3,123,899 | 1,956 | 62.6 |
| United States | 321,418,820 | 210,832 | 65.6 |

Data Source: US Department of Health Human Services, Health Resources and Services Administration, Area Health Resource File. 2015. Source geography: County



Access to Mental Health Providers

This indicator reports the rate of the county population to the number of mental health providers including psychiatrists, psychologists, clinical social workers, and counsellors that specialize in mental health care.

| Report Area | Estimated Population | Number of Mental Health Providers | Ratio of Mental Health Providers to Population (1 Provider per x Persons) | Mental Health Care Provider Rate (Per 100,000 Population) | Mental Health Care Provider Rate (Per 100,000 Population) |
|------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Lee County | 35,286 | 25 | 1,411.4 | 70.8 | Lee County, IA (70.8) |
| Iowa | 3,007,833 | 3,763 | 799.3 | 125.1 | lowa (125.1) United States (202.8) |
| United States | 317,105,555 | 643,219 | 493 | 202.8 | United States (202.8) |

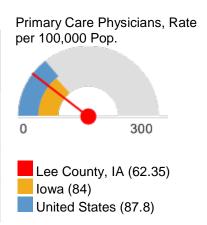
Data Source: University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute, County Health Rankings. 2018. Source geography: County

Access to Primary Care

This indicator reports the number of primary care physicians per 100,000 population. Doctors classified as "primary care physicians" by the AMA include: General Family Medicine MDs and DOs, General Practice MDs and DOs, General Internal Medicine MDs and General Pediatrics MDs. Physicians age 75 and over and physicians practicing sub-specialties within the listed specialties are excluded. This indicator is relevant because a shortage of health professionals contributes to access and health status issues.

| Report Area | Total Population, 2014 | Primary Care Physicians, 2014 | Primary Care Physicians, Rate per 100,000 Pop. |
|----------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| Lee County, IA | 35,286 | 22 | 62.35 |
| Iowa | 3,107,126 | 2,611 | 84 |
| United States | 318,857,056 | 279,871 | 87.8 |

Data Source: US Department of Health Human Services, Health Resources and Services Administration, Area Health Resource File. 2014. Source geography: County

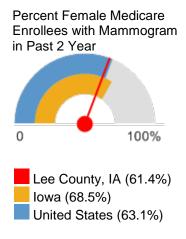


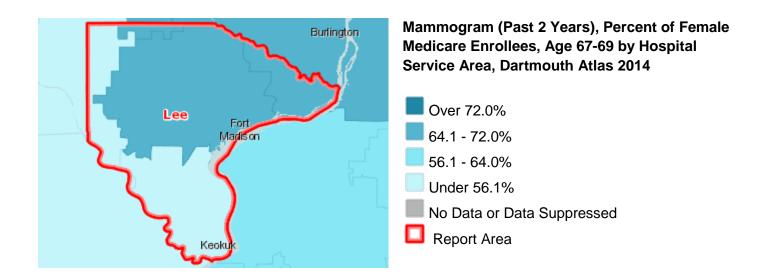
<u>Cancer Screening - Mammogram</u>

This indicator reports the percentage of female Medicare enrollees, age 67-69, who have received one or more mammograms in the past two years. This indicator is relevant because engaging in preventive behaviors allows for early detection and treatment of health problems. This indicator can also highlight a lack of access to preventive care, a lack of health knowledge, insufficient provider outreach, and/or social barriers preventing utilization of services.

| Report Area | Total Medicare Enrollees | Female Medicare Enrollees Age 67-69 | Female Medicare Enrollees with Mammogram in Past 2 Years | Percent Female Medicare Enrollees with Mammogram in Past 2 Year |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|--|---|---|
| Lee County, IA | 5,468 | 474 | 290 | 61.4% |
| Iowa | 379,326 | 31,836 | 21,818 | 68.5% |
| United States | 26,753,396 | 2,395,946 | 1,510,847 | 63.1% |

Data Source: Dartmouth College Institute for Health Policy Clinical Practice, Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care. 2014. Source geography: County





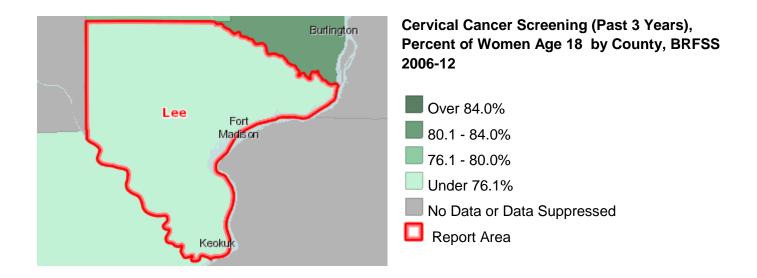
Cancer Screening - Pap Test

This indicator reports the percentage of women aged 18 and older who self-report that they have had a Pap test in the past three years. This indicator is relevant because engaging in preventive behaviors allows for early detection and treatment of health problems. This indicator can also highlight a lack of access to preventive care, a lack of health knowledge, insufficient provider outreach, and/or social barriers preventing utilization of services.

| Report Area | Female Population Age 18 | Estimated Number with Regular Pap Test | Crude Percentage | Age-Adjusted Percentage | Age 18 with Regular Pap Test (Age-Adjusted) | |
|----------------------|---|--|---------------------|----------------------------|---|--|
| Lee County, IA | 26,352 | 18,710 | 71% | 73.7% | | |
| Iowa | 2,151,841 | 1,665,525 | 77.4% | 79.5% | 0 100% | |
| United States | 176,847,182 | 137,191,142 | 77.6% | 78.5% | Lee County, IA (73.7%) | |
| | Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, Accessed via the Health Indicators Warehouse, U.S. Department of United States (78.5%) | | | | | |

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Accessed via the Health Indicators Warehouse. US Department of Health Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse. 2006-12. Source geography: County

Percent Adults Females

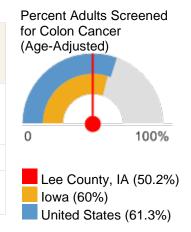


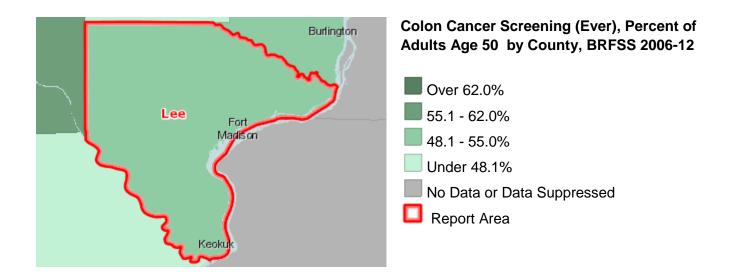
Cancer Screening - Sigmoidoscopy or Colonoscopy

This indicator reports the percentage of adults 50 and older who self-report that they have ever had a sigmoidoscopy or colonoscopy. This indicator is relevant because engaging in preventive behaviors allows for early detection and treatment of health problems. This indicator can also highlight a lack of access to preventive care, a lack of health knowledge, insufficient provider outreach, and/or social barriers preventing utilization of services.

| Report Area | Total Population Age 50 | Estimated Population Ever Screened for Colon Cancer | Crude Percentage | Age-Adjusted Percentage |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|---|---------------------|----------------------------|
| Lee County, IA | 11,105 | 6,108 | 55% | 50.2% |
| Iowa | 812,983 | 517,870 | 63.7% | 60% |
| United States | 75,116,406 | 48,549,269 | 64.6% | 61.3% |

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Accessed via the Health Indicators Warehouse. US Department of Health Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse. 2006-12. Source geography: County





Dental Care Utilization

This indicator reports the percentage of adults aged 18 and older who self-report that they have not visited a dentist, dental hygienist or dental clinic within the past year. This indicator is relevant because engaging in preventive behaviors decreases the likelihood of developing future health problems. This indicator can also highlight a lack of access to preventive care, a lack of health knowledge, insufficient provider outreach, and/or social barriers preventing utilization of services.

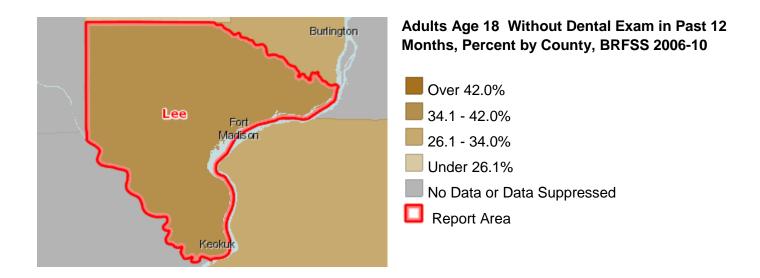
| | | | | L CICCII |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|----------|
| Report Area | Total Population (Age 18) | Total Adults Without Recent Dental Exam | Percent Adults with No Dental Exam | Dental |
| Lee County, IA | 27,816 | 11,621 | 41.8% | 0 |
| Iowa | 2,307,562 | 591,664 | 25.6% | |
| United States | 235,375,690 | 70,965,788 | 30.2% | Lee |

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Additional data analysis by CARES. 2006-10. Source geography: County

Percent Adults Without Recent Dental Exam

50%

Lee County, IA (41.8%)
lowa (25.6%)
United States (30.2%)



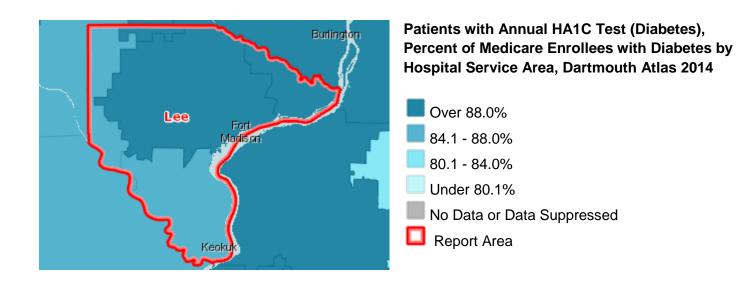
<u>Diabetes Management - Hemoglobin A1c Test</u>

This indicator reports the percentage of diabetic Medicare patients who have had a hemoglobin A1c (hA1c) test, a blood test which measures blood sugar levels, administered by a health care professional in the past year. In the report area, 609 Medicare enrollees with diabetes have had an annual exam out of 679 Medicare enrollees in the report area with diabetes, or 89.8%. This indicator is relevant because engaging in preventive behaviors allows for early detection and treatment of health problems. This indicator can also highlight a lack of access to preventive care, a lack of health knowledge, insufficient provider outreach, and/or social barriers preventing utilization of services.

| Report Area | Total Medicare Enrollees | Medicare Enrollees with Diabetes | Medicare Enrollees with Diabetes with Annual Exam | Percent Medicare Enrollees with Diabetes with Annual Exam | with Diabetes with Annual Exam |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|---|--|
| Lee County, IA | 5,468 | 679 | 609 | 89.8% | 0 100% |
| Iowa | 379,326 | 41,987 | 37,861 | 90.2% | Lee County, IA (89.8%) lowa (90.2%) |
| United States | 26,753,396 | 3,314,834 | 2,822,996 | 85.2% | United States (85.2%) |

Data Source: Dartmouth College Institute for Health Policy Clinical Practice, Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care. 2014. Source geography: County

Percent Medicare Enrollees

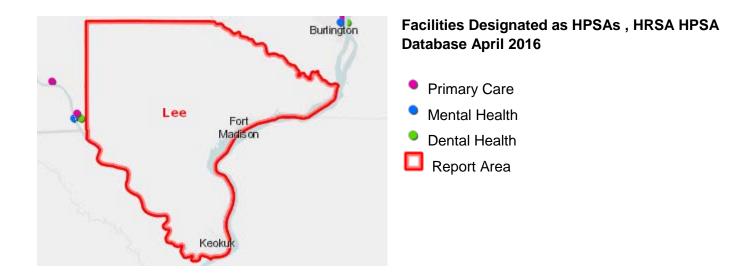


Facilities Designated as Health Professional Shortage Areas

This indicator reports the number and location of health care facilities designated as "Health Professional Shortage Areas" (HPSAs), defined as having shortages of primary medical care, dental or mental health providers. This indicator is relevant because a shortage of health professionals contributes to access and health status issues.

| Report Area | Primary Care Facilities | Mental Health Care Facilities | Dental Health Care Facilities | Total HPSA Facility Designations |
|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Lee County, IA | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Iowa | 64 | 54 | 54 | 172 |
| United States | 3,599 | 3,171 | 3,071 | 9,836 |

Data Source: US Department of Health Human Services, Health Resources and Services Administration, Health Resources and Services Administration. April 2016. Source geography: Address



Federally Qualified Health Centers

This indicator reports the number of Federally Qualified Health Centers (FQHCs) in the community. This indicator is relevant because FQHCs are community assets that provide health care to vulnerable populations; they receive extra funding from the federal government to promote access to ambulatory care in areas designated as medically underserved.

| Report Area | Total Population | Number of Federally Qualified Health Centers | Rate of Federally Qualified Health Centers per 100,000 Population |
|------------------|---------------------|--|---|
| Lee County, IA | 35,862 | 2 | 5.58 |
| Iowa | 3,046,355 | 66 | 2.17 |
| United States | 312,471,327 | 8,329 | 2.67 |

Note: This indicator is compared with the state average.

Data Source: US Department of Health Human Services, Center for Medicare Medicaid Services, Provider of Services File. March 2018. Source geography: Address

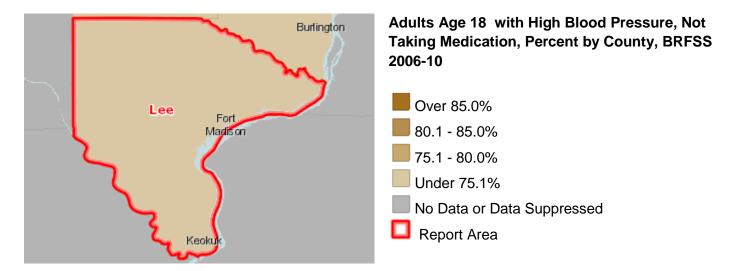
High Blood Pressure Management

In the report area, 17.3% of adults, or 4,806, self-reported that they are not taking medication for their high blood pressure according to the CDC's Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (2006-2010). This indicator is relevant because engaging in preventive behaviors decreases the likelihood of developing future health problems. When considered with other indicators of poor health, this indicator can also highlight a lack of access to preventive care, a lack of health knowledge, insufficient provider outreach, and/or social barriers preventing utilization of services.

| Report Area | Total Population (Age 18) | Total Adults Not Taking Blood Pressure Medication (When Needed) | Percent Adults Not Taking Medication | Percent Adults with High Blood Pressure Not Taking Medication |
|------------------|---------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| Lee County | 27,816 | 4,806 | 17.3% | |
| Iowa | 2,307,562 | 441,847 | 19.1% | 0 50% |
| United States | 235,375,690 | 51,175,402 | 21.7% | Lee County, IA (17.3%) |
| | ce: Centers for Di | lowa (19.1%) United States (21.7%) | | |

System. Additional data analysis by CARES. 2006-10. Source

geography: County

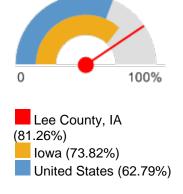


HIV Screenings

This indicator reports the percentage of adults age 18-70 who self-report that they have never been screened for HIV. This indicator is relevant because engaging in preventive behaviors allows for early detection and treatment of health problems. This indicator can also highlight a lack of access to preventive care, a lack of health knowledge, insufficient provider outreach, and/or social barriers preventing utilization of services.

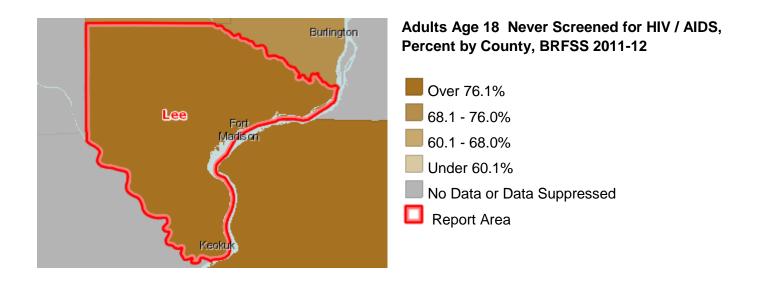
| Report Area | Survey Population (Adults Age 18) | Total Adults Never Screened for HIV / AIDS | Percent Adults Never Screened for HIV / AIDS |
|------------------|---|---|---|
| Lee County | 20,130 | 16,357 | 81.26% |
| Iowa | 2,165,379 | 1,598,389 | 73.82% |
| United States | 214,984,421 | 134,999,025 | 62.79% |

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Additional data analysis by CARES. 2011-12. Source geography: County



Percent Adults Never

Screened for HIV / AIDS

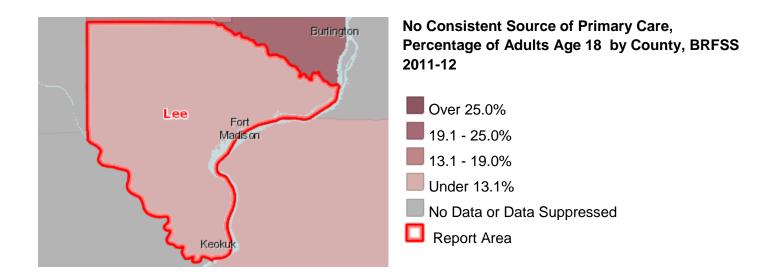


Lack of a Consistent Source of Primary Care

This indicator reports the percentage of adults aged 18 and older who self-report that they do not have at least one person who they think of as their personal doctor or health care provider. This indicator is relevant because access to regular primary care is important to preventing major health issues and emergency department visits.

| Report Area | Survey Population (Adults Age 18 | Total Adults Without Any Regular Doctor | Percent Adults Without Any Regular Doctor | Percent Adults Without Any Regular Doctor |
|-------------------|--|--|---|--|
| Lee County, IA | 21,408 | 2,147 | 10.03% | 0 40% |
| Iowa | 2,312,665 | 414,647 | 17.93% | Lee County, IA (10.03%) |
| United States | 236,884,668 | 52,290,932 | 22.07% | lowa (17.93%) United States (22.07%) |

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Additional data analysis by CARES. 2011-12. Source geography: County



Lack of Prenatal Care

This indicator reports the percentage of women who do not obtain prenatal care during their first trimester of pregnancy. This indicator is relevant because engaging in prenatal care decreases the likelihood of maternal and infant health risks. This indicator can also highlight a lack of access to preventive care, a lack of health knowledge, insufficient provider outreach, and/or social barriers preventing utilization of services.

| Report Area | Total Births | Mothers Starting Prenatal Care in First Semester | Mothers with Late or No Prenatal Care | Prenatal Care Not Reported | Percentage Mothers with Late or No Prenatal Care | Percentage Mothers with Late or No Prenatal Care |
|----------------------|-----------------|--|--|----------------------------------|---|--|
| Lee County, IA | no data | no data | no data | no data | suppressed | 0 50% |
| Iowa | 159,530 | 116,207 | 40,489 | 2,834 | 25.4% | United States (17.3%) |
| United States | 16,693,978 | 7,349,554 | 2,880,098 | 6,464,326 | 17.3% | |

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System. Accessed via CDC WONDER. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Wide-Ranging Online Data for Epidemiologic Research. 2007-10. Source geography: County

Pneumonia Vaccination

This indicator reports the percentage of adults aged 65 and older who self-report that they have ever received a pneumonia vaccine. This indicator is relevant because engaging in preventive behaviors decreases the likelihood of developing future health problems. This indicator can also highlight a lack of access to preventive care, a lack of health knowledge, insufficient provider outreach, and/or social barriers preventing utilization of services.

| Report Area | Total Population Age 65 | Estimated Population with Annual Pneumonia Vaccination | Crude Percentage | Age-Adjusted Percentage |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|--|---------------------|----------------------------|
| Lee County, IA | 6,042 | 3,976 | 65.8% | 62.6% |
| Iowa | 450,318 | 316,574 | 70.3% | 69.9% |
| United States | 39,608,820 | 26,680,462 | 67.4% | 67.5% |

Percent Population Age 65
with Pneumonia Vaccination
(Age-Adjusted)

100%

Lee County, IA (62.6%)
lowa (69.9%)
United States (67.5%)

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Accessed via the Health Indicators Warehouse. US Department of Health Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse. 2006-12. Source geography: County



Annual Pneumonia Vaccination, Percent of Adults Age 65 by County, BRFSS 2006-12



Population Living in a Health Professional Shortage Area

This indicator reports the percentage of the population that is living in a geographic area designated as a "Health Professional Shortage Area" (HPSA), defined as having a shortage of primary medical care, dental or mental health professionals. This indicator is relevent because a shortage of health professionals contributes to access and health status issues.

| | | | | Percentage of Population |
|-------------------|---|-------------------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| Report Area | Total Area Population | Population Living in a HPSA | Percentage of Population Living in a HPSA | Living in a HPSA |
| Lee County, IA | 35,862 | 35,862 | 100% | |
| Iowa | 3,046,355 | 1,465,328 | 48.1% | 0 100% |
| United States | 308,745,538 | 102,289,607 | 33.13% | Lee County, IA (100%) |
| | US Department of ninistration, Health F | lowa (48.1%) United States (33.13%) | | |

Primary Care HPSA Components, Type and Degree of Shortage by Tract / County, HRSA HPSA Database April 2016

Population Group; Over 20.0 FTE Needed
Population Group; 1.1 - 20.0 FTE Needed
Population Group; Under 1.1 FTE Needed
Geographic Area; Over 20.0 FTE Needed
Geographic Area; Under 1.1 FTE Needed
Geographic Area; Under 1.1 FTE Needed

Preventable Hospital Events

Source geography: HPSA

This indicator reports the discharge rate (per 1,000 Medicare enrollees) for conditions that are ambulatory care sensitive (ACS). ACS conditions include pneumonia, dehydration, asthma, diabetes, and other conditions which could have been prevented if adequate primary care resources were available and accessed by those patients. This indicator is relevant because analysis of ACS discharges allows demonstrating a possible "return on investment" from interventions that reduce admissions (for example, for uninsured or Medicaid patients) through better access to primary care resources.

Report Area

| Report Area | Total Medicare Part A Enrollees | Ambulatory Care Sensitive Condition Hospital Discharges | Ambulatory Care Sensitive Condition Discharge Rate |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| Lee County, IA | 5,752 | 308 | 53.6 |
| Iowa | 411,842 | 19,833 | 48.2 |
| United States | 29,649,023 | 1,479,545 | 49.9 |

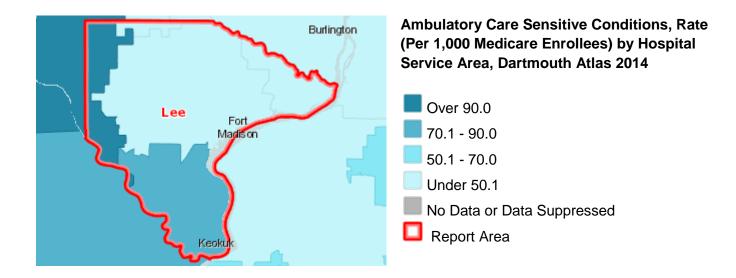
(Per 1,000 Medicare Enrollees)

Preventable Hospital Events, Age-Adjusted Discharge Rate

Lee County, IA (53.6) lowa (48.2)

United States (49.9)

Data Source: Dartmouth College Institute for Health Policy Clinical Practice, Dartmouth Atlas of Health Care. 2014. Source geography: County



Health Behaviors

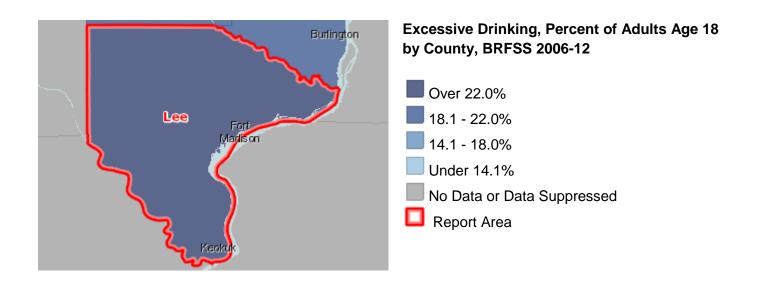
Health behaviors such as poor diet, a lack of exercise, and substance abuse contribute to poor health status.

Alcohol Consumption

This indicator reports the percentage of adults aged 18 and older who self-report heavy alcohol consumption (defined as more than two drinks per day on average for men and one drink per day on average for women). This indicator is relevant because current behaviors are determinants of future health and this indicator may illustrate a cause of significant health issues, such as cirrhosis, cancers, and untreated mental and behavioral health needs.

| Report Area | Total Population Age 18 | Estimated Adults Drinking Excessively | Estimated Adults Drinking Excessively (Crude Percentage) | Estimated Adults Drinking Excessively (Age-Adjusted Percentage) | Estimated Adults Drinking Excessively (Age-Adjusted Percentage) |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|---|---|
| Lee County, IA | 27,872 | 7,275 | 26.1% | 29.9% | 0 50% |
| Iowa | 2,307,562 | 463,820 | 20.1% | 21.4% | Lee County, IA (29.9%) |
| United States | 232,556,016 | 38,248,349 | 16.4% | 16.9% | lowa (21.4%) United States (16.9%) |

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Accessed via the Health Indicators Warehouse. US Department of Health Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse. 2006-12. Source geography: County



Fruit/Vegetable Consumption

In the report area an estimated 23,155, or 83.4% of adults over the age of 18 are consuming less than 5 servings of fruits and vegetables each day. This indicator is relevant because current behaviors are determinants of future health, and because unhealthy eating habits may cause of significant health issues, such as obesity and diabetes.

| Report Area | Total Population (Age 18) | Total Adults with Inadequate Fruit / Vegetable Consumption | Percent Adults with Inadequate Fruit / Vegetable Consumption |
|----------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Lee County, IA | 27,764 | 23,155 | 83.4% |
| Iowa | 2,268,969 | 1,831,058 | 80.7% |
| United States | 227,279,010 | 171,972,118 | 75.7% |

Inadequate Fruit / Vegetable Consumption

50%

100%

Lee County, IA (83.4%)

lowa (80.7%)

United States (75.7%)

Percent Adults with

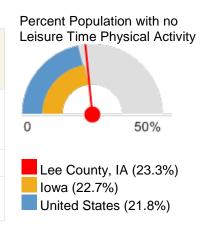
Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Accessed via the Health Indicators Warehouse. US Department of Health Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse. 2005-09. Source geography: County

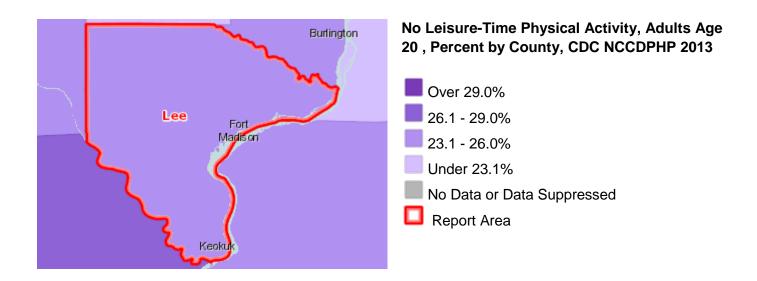
Physical Inactivity

Within the report area, 6,733 or 23.3% of adults aged 20 and older self-report no leisure time for activity, based on the question: "During the past month, other than your regular job, did you participate in any physical activities or exercises such as running, calisthenics, golf, gardening, or walking for exercise?". This indicator is relevant because current behaviors are determinants of future health and this indicator may illustrate a cause of significant health issues, such as obesity and poor cardiovascular health.

| Report Area | Total Population Age 20 | Population with no Leisure Time Physical Activity | Percent Population with no Leisure Time Physical Activity |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|---|---|
| Lee County, IA | 27,040 | 6,733 | 23.3% |
| Iowa | 2,276,300 | 537,170 | 22.7% |
| United States | 234,207,619 | 52,147,893 | 21.8% |

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion. 2013. Source geography: County





Tobacco Usage - Current Smokers

In the report area an estimated 5,770, or 20.7% of adults age 18 or older self-report currently smoking cigarettes some days or every day. This indicator is relevant because tobacco use is linked to leading causes of death such as cancer and cardiovascular disease.

| | | | | | Percentage of Adults |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|--|---|--|------------------------------------|
| Report Area | Total Population Age 18 | Total Adults Regularly Smoking Cigarettes | Percent Population Smoking Cigarettes (Crude) | Percent Population Smoking Cigarettes (Age-Adjusted) | Smoking Cigarettes |
| Lee County, IA | 27,872 | 5,770 | 20.7% | 22.3% | 0 30% Lee County, IA (22.3%) |
| Iowa | 2,307,562 | 403,823 | 17.5% | 18.1% | lowa (18.1%) United States (18.1%) |
| United States | 232,556,016 | 41,491,223 | 17.8% | 18.1% | |

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Accessed via the Health Indicators Warehouse. US Department of Health Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse. 2006-12. Source geography: County

Tobacco Usage - Former or Current Smokers

In the report area, an estimated 7,262 adults, or 34.32%, report ever smoking 100 or more cigarettes. This indicator is relevant because tobacco use is linked to leading causes of death such as cancer and cardiovascular disease.

| Report Area | Survey Population (Adults Age 18 | Total Adults Ever Smoking 100 or More Cigarettes | Percent Adults Ever Smoking 100 or More Cigarettes |
|-------------------|--|---|---|
| Lee County, IA | 21,161 | 7,262 | 34.32% |
| Iowa | 2,296,543 | 1,017,920 | 44.32% |
| United States | 235,151,778 | 103,842,020 | 44.16% |

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Additional data analysis by CARES. 2011-12. Source geography: County

<u>Tobacco Usage - Quit Attempt</u>

An estimated 55.42% of adult smokers in the report area attempted to quit smoking for at least 1 day in the past year. This indicator is relevant because tobacco use is linked to leading causes of death such as cancer and cardiovascular disease and supporting efforts to quit smoking may increase positive health outcomes.

| Report Area | Survey Population (Smokers Age 18) | Total Smokers with Quit Attempt in Past 12 Months | Percent Smokers with Quit Attempt in Past 12 Months |
|----------------------|---|---|---|
| Lee County, IA | 3,811 | 2,112 | 55.42% |
| Iowa | 441,750 | 247,931 | 56.12% |
| United States | 45,526,654 | 27,323,073 | 60.02% |

Lee County, IA (55.42%)
lowa (56.12%)
United States (60.02%)

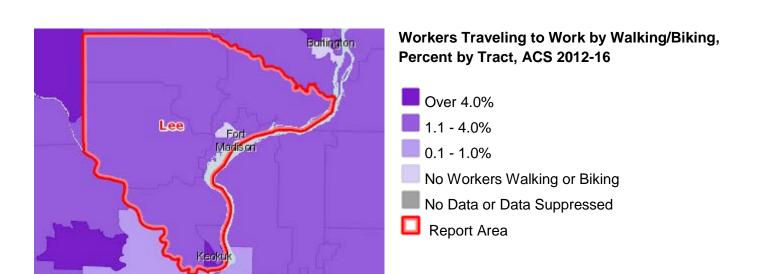
Percent Smokers with Quit Attempt in Past 12 Months

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Additional data analysis by CARES. 2011-12. Source geography: County

Walking or Biking to Work

This indicator reports the percentage of the population that commutes to work by either walking or riding a bicycle.

| | | | | Percentage Walking or Biking |
|---------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Report Area | Population Age 16 | Population Walking or Biking to Work | Percentage Walking or Biking to Work | to Work |
| Lee County, IA | 16,084 | 451 | 2.8% | |
| Iowa | 1,560,119 | 63,112 | 4.05% | 0 10% |
| United States | 145,861,221 | 4,908,725 | 3.37% | Lee County, IA (2.8%) |
| Data Source: geography: T | | au, American Community S | urvey. 2012-16. Source | lowa (4.05%) United States (3.37%) |



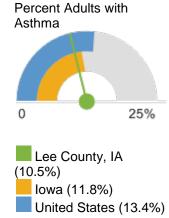
Health Outcomes

Measuring morbidity and mortality rates allows assessing linkages between social determinants of health and outcomes. By comparing, for example, the prevalence of certain chronic diseases to indicators in other categories (e.g., poor diet and exercise) with outcomes (e.g., high rates of obesity and diabetes), various causal relationship may emerge, allowing a better understanding of how certain community health needs may be addressed.

Asthma Prevalence

This indicator reports the percentage of adults aged 18 and older who self-report that they have ever been told by a doctor, nurse, or other health professional that they had asthma. This indicator is relevant because asthma is a prevalent problem in the U.S. that is often exacerbated by poor environmental conditions.

| Report Area | Survey Population (Adults Age 18) | Total Adults with Asthma | Percent Adults with Asthma |
|------------------|---|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Lee County, | 21,341 | 2,247 | 10.5% |
| Iowa | 2,314,076 | 273,507 | 11.8% |
| United States | 237,197,465 | 31,697,608 | 13.4% |



cer

150

(121.4)

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Additional data analysis by CARES. 2011-12. Source geography: County

Cancer Incidence - Breast

This indicator reports the age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with breast cancer adjusted to 2000 U.S. standard population age groups (Under Age 1, 1-4, 5-9, ..., 80-84, 85 and older). This indicator is relevant because cancer is a leading cause of death and it is important to identify cancers separately to better target interventions.

| Report Area | Estimated Total Population (Female) | New Cases (Annual Average) | Cancer Incidence Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) | Annual Breast Cand Incidence Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|
| Lee County, IA | 2,471 | 30 | 121.4 | 0 |
| Iowa | 187,622 | 2,304 | 122.8 | |
| United States | 18,515,303 | 228,664 | 123.5 | Lee County, IA (lowa (122.8) United States (1 |

Data Source: State Cancer Profiles. 2010-14. Source geography: County

Cancer Incidence - Cervical

This indicator reports the age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of females with cervical cancer adjusted to 2000 U.S. standard population age groups (Under age 1, 1-4, 5-9, ..., 80-84, 85 and older). This indicator is relevant because cancer is a leading cause of death and it is important to identify cancers separately to better target interventions.

| Report Area | Estimated Total Population (Female) | New Cases (Annual Average) | Cancer Incidence Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) | Annual Cervical Cancer Incidence Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) |
|-------------------|--|-------------------------------|---|--|
| Lee County, IA | no data | no data | no data | 0 10 |
| Iowa | 152,238 | 102 | 6.7 | |
| United States | 16,137,921 | 12,299 | 7.62 | lowa (6.7) United States (7.62) |
| HP 2020 Target | | | <= 7.1 | |

Data Source: State Cancer Profiles. 2009-13. Source geography: County

Cancer Incidence - Colon and Rectum

This indicator reports the age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of colon and rectum cancer adjusted to 2000 U.S. standard population age groups (Under age 1, 1-4, 5-9, ..., 80-84, 85 and older). This indicator is relevant because cancer is a leading cause of death and it is important to identify cancers separately to better target interventions.

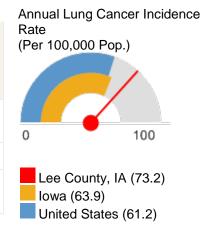
| Report Area | Estimated Total Population | New Cases (Annual Average) | Cancer Incidence Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) | Annual Colon and Rectum Cancer Incidence Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) |
|-------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|
| Lee County, IA | 5,154 | 25 | 48.5 | 0 100 |
| Iowa | 371,145 | 1,685 | 45.4 | |
| United States | 34,945,477 | 139,083 | 39.8 | Lee County, IA (48.5) lowa (45.4) |
| HP 2020 Target | | | <= 38.7 | United States (39.8) |

Data Source: State Cancer Profiles. 2010-14. Source geography: County

Cancer Incidence - Lung

This indicator reports the age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of colon and rectum cancer adjusted to 2000 U.S. standard population age groups (Under age 1, 1-4, 5-9, ..., 80-84, 85 and older). This indicator is relevant because cancer is a leading cause of death and it is important to identify cancers separately to better target interventions.

| Report Area | Estimated Total Population | New Cases (Annual Average) | Cancer Incidence Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) |
|-------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Lee County, IA | 4,918 | 36 | 73.2 |
| Iowa | 375,117 | 2,397 | 63.9 |
| United States | 35,229,411 | 215,604 | 61.2 |



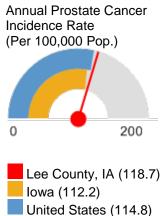
Data Source: State Cancer Profiles. 2010-14. Source geography: County

Cancer Incidence - Prostate

This indicator reports the age adjusted incidence rate (cases per 100,000 population per year) of males with prostate cancer adjusted to 2000 U.S. standard population age groups (Under age 1, 1-4, 5-9, ..., 80-84, 85 and older). This indicator is relevant because cancer is a leading cause of death and it is important to identify cancers separately to better target interventions.

| Report Area | Estimated Total Population (Male) | New Cases (Annual Average) | Cancer Incidence Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Lee County, IA | 2,443 | 29 | 118.7 |
| Iowa | 179,411 | 2,013 | 112.2 |
| United States | 16,980,487 | 194,936 | 114.8 |

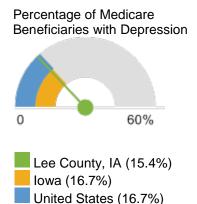
Data Source: State Cancer Profiles. 2010-14. Source geography: County



Depression (Medicare Population)

This indicator reports the percentage of the Medicare fee-for-service population with depression.

| Report Area | Total Medicare Fee-for- Service Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries with Depression | Percent with Depression |
|----------------------|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Lee County, IA | 6,720 | 1,032 | 15.4% |
| Iowa | 471,906 | 78,624 | 16.7% |
| United States | 34,118,227 | 5,695,629 | 16.7% |



Data Source: Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. 2015. Source

geography: County

Diabetes (Adult)

This indicator reports the percentage of adults aged 20 and older who have ever been told by a doctor that they have diabetes. This indicator is relevant because diabetes is a prevalent problem in the U.S.; it may indicate an unhealthy lifestyle and puts individuals at risk for further health issues.

| Report Area | Total Population Age 20 | Population with Diagnosed Diabetes | Population with Diagnosed Diabetes, Crude Rate | Population with Diagnosed Diabetes, Age- Adjusted Rate |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|---|---|---|
| Lee County, IA | 27,054 | 3,003 | 11.1 | 9.2% |
| Iowa | 2,275,131 | 218,604 | 9.61 | 8.53% |
| United States | 236,919,508 | 23,685,417 | 10 | 9.19% |

Percent Adults with Diagnosed Diabetes (Age-Adjusted)

15%

Lee County, IA (9.2%)
lowa (8.53%)
United States (9.19%)

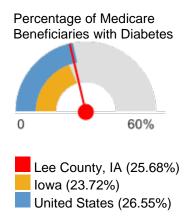
Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion. 2013. Source geography: County

Diabetes (Medicare Population)

This indicator reports the percentage of the Medicare fee-for-service population with diabetes.

| Report Area | Total Medicare Fee-for- Service Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries with Diabetes | Percent with Diabetes |
|------------------|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Lee County | 6,720 | 1,726 | 25.68% |
| Iowa | 471,906 | 111,936 | 23.72% |
| United States | 34,118,227 | 9,057,809 | 26.55% |

Data Source: Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. 2015. Source geography: County



Heart Disease (Adult)

840, or 4% of adults aged 18 and older have ever been told by a doctor that they have coronary heart disease or angina. This indicator is relevant because coronary heart disease is a leading cause of death in the U.S. and is also related to high blood pressure, high cholesterol, and heart attacks.

| Report Area | Survey Population (Adults Age 18 | Total Adults with Heart Disease | Percent Adults with Heart Disease |
|------------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Lee County | 21,212 | 840 | 4% |
| Iowa | 2,307,278 | 96,325 | 4.2% |
| United States | 236,406,904 | 10,407,185 | 4.4% |

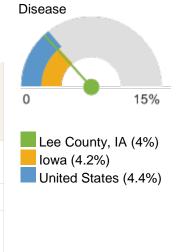
Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Additional data analysis by CARES. 2011-12. Source geography: County

Heart Disease (Medicare Population)

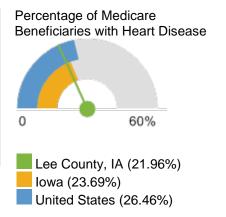
This indicator reports the percentage of the Medicare fee-for-service population with ischaemic heart disease.

| Report Area | Total Medicare Fee-for- Service Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries with Heart Disease | Percent with Heart Disease |
|------------------|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Lee County | 6,720 | 1,476 | 21.96% |
| Iowa | 471,906 | 111,794 | 23.69% |
| United States | 34,118,227 | 9,028,604 | 26.46% |

Data Source: Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. 2015. Source geography: County



Percent Adults with Heart

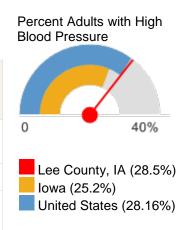


High Blood Pressure (Adult)

7,944, or 28.5% of adults aged 18 and older have ever been told by a doctor that they have high blood pressure or hypertension.

| Report Area | Total Population (Age 18) | Total Adults with High Blood Pressure | Percent Adults with High Blood Pressure |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Lee County, IA | 27,872 | 7,944 | 28.5% |
| Iowa | 2,307,562 | 581,506 | 25.2% |
| United States | 232,556,016 | 65,476,522 | 28.16% |

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Accessed via the Health Indicators Warehouse. US Department of Health Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse. 2006-12. Source geography: County



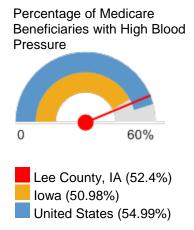
High Blood Pressure (Medicare Population)

This indicator reports the percentage of the Medicare fee-for-service population with hypertension (high blood pressure).

| Report Area | Total Medicare Fee- for-Service Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries with High Blood Pressure | Percent with High Blood Pressure |
|----------------------|---|--|--|
| Lee County, IA | 6,720 | 3,521 | 52.4% |
| Iowa | 471,906 | 240,600 | 50.98% |
| United States | 34,118,227 | 18,761,681 | 54.99% |

Data Source: Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. 2015. Source

geography: County



High Cholesterol (Adult)

This indicator reports the percentage of adults aged 18 and older who self-report that they have ever been told by a doctor, nurse, or other health professional that they had high blood cholesterol.

| Report Area | Survey Population (Adults Age 18) | Total Adults with High Cholesterol | Percent Adults with High Cholesterol |
|-------------------|---|---------------------------------------|---|
| Lee County, IA | 13,964 | 5,416 | 38.78% |
| Iowa | 1,741,545 | 660,181 | 37.91% |
| United States | 180,861,326 | 69,662,357 | 38.52% |

0 50%

Lee County, IA (38.78%)
lowa (37.91%)
United States (38.52%)

Percent Adults with High

Cholesterol

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Additional data analysis by CARES. 2011-12. Source geography: County

High Cholesterol (Medicare Population)

This indicator reports the percentage of the Medicare fee-for-service population with hyperlipidemia, which is typically associated with high cholesterol.

| Report Area | Total Medicare Fee- for-Service Beneficiaries | Beneficiaries with High Cholesterol | Percent with High Cholesterol |
|----------------------|---|--|----------------------------------|
| Lee County, IA | 6,720 | 2,766 | 41.16% |
| Iowa | 471,906 | 189,352 | 40.12% |
| United States | 34,118,227 | 15,219,766 | 44.61% |

Beneficiaries with High Cholesterol

60%

Lee County, IA (41.16%)
lowa (40.12%)
United States (44.61%)

Percentage of Medicare

Data Source: Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. 2015. Source

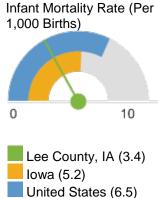
geography: County

Infant Mortality

This indicator reports the rate of deaths to infants less than one year of age per 1,000 births. This indicator is relevant because high rates of infant mortality indicate the existence of broader issues pertaining to access to care and maternal and child health.

| Total Births | Total Infant Deaths | Infant Mortality Rate (Per 1,000 Births) | Inf 1,0 |
|-----------------|------------------------|--|--|
| 2,010 | 7 | 3.4 | |
| 199,795 | 1,039 | 5.2 | |
| 20,913,535 | 136,369 | 6.5 | 0 |
| | | <= 6.0 | |
| | Births 2,010 199,795 | Births Deaths 2,010 7 | Births Deaths 1,000 Births) 2,010 7 3.4 199,795 1,039 5.2 20,913,535 136,369 6.5 |

Data Source: US Department of Health Human Services, Health Resources and Services Administration, Area Health Resource File. 2006-10. Source geography: County



Low Birth Weight

This indicator reports the percentage of total births that are low birth weight (Under 2500g). This indicator is relevant because low birth weight infants are at high risk for health problems. This indicator can also highlight the existence of health disparities.

| | | | | Percent Low Birth Weight |
|-------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Report Area | Total Live Births | Low Weight Births (Under 2500g) | Low Weight Births, Percent of Total | Births |
| Lee County, IA | 2,870 | 227 | 7.9% | 0 15% |
| Iowa | 277,340 | 18,859 | 6.8% | |
| United States | 29,300,495 | 2,402,641 | 8.2% | Lee County, IA (7.9%) |
| HP 2020 Target | | | <= 7.8% | lowa (6.8%) United States (8.2%) |

Data Source: US Department of Health Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System. Accessed via CDC WONDER. 2006-12. Source geography: County

Mortality - Cancer

This indicator reports the rate of death due to malignant neoplasm (cancer) per 100,000 population. Figures are reported as crude rates, and as rates age-adjusted to year 2000 standard. Rates are resummarized for report areas from county level data, only where data is available. This indicator is relevant because cancer is a leading cause of death in the United States.

| Report Area | Total Population | Average Annual Deaths, 2010-2014 | Crude Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) | Age-Adjusted Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) |
|-------------------|---------------------|--|--|---|
| Lee County, IA | 35,258 | 91 | 257.5 | 174.6 |
| Iowa | 173,304 | 52 | 30.12 | 83.71 |
| United States | 318,689,254 | 590,634 | 185.3 | 160.9 |
| HP 2020 Target | | | | <= 160.6 |

Cancer Mortality, Age-Adjusted Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.)

Lee County, IA (174.6)
lowa (83.71)
United States (160.9)

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System. Accessed via CDC WONDER. 2012-16. Source geography: County

Mortality - Coronary Heart Disease

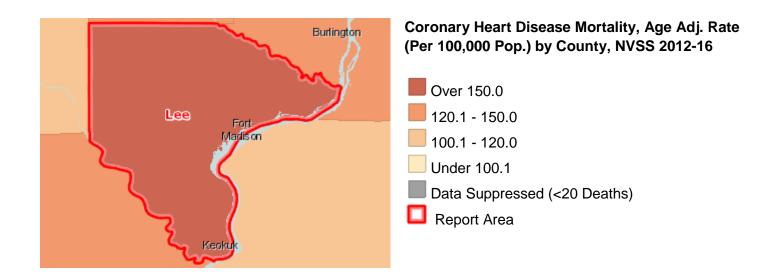
Within the report area the rate of death due to coronary heart disease (ICD10 Codes I20-I25) per 100,000 population is 174.8. This rate is greater than the Healthy People 2020 target of less than or equal to 103.4. Figures are reported as crude rates, and as rates age-adjusted to year 2000 standard. Rates are resummarized for report areas from county level data, only where data is available. This indicator is relevant because heart disease is a leading cause of death in the United States.

| Report Area | Total Population | Average Annual Deaths, 2010-2014 | Crude Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) | Age-Adjusted Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) |
|-------------------|---------------------|--|--|---|
| Lee County, IA | 35,258 | 91 | 257.5 | 174.8 |
| Iowa | 173,304 | 27 | 15.58 | 47.19 |
| United States | 318,689,254 | 367,306 | 115.3 | 99.6 |
| HP 2020 Target | | | | <= 103.4 |

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System. Accessed via CDC WONDER. 2012-16. Source geography: County

Coronary Heart Disease
Mortality, Age-Adjusted
Death Rate
(Per 100,000 Pop.)

Lee County, IA (174.8)
lowa (47.19)
United States (99.6)



Mortality - Drug Poisoning

This indicator reports the rate of death due to drug overdose per 100,000 population. Figures are reported as crude rates, and as rates age-adjusted to year 2000 standard. Rates are resummarized for report areas from county level data, only where data is available. This indicator is relevant because suicide is an indicator of poor mental health.

| | | | | | Adjusted Death Rate |
|-------------------|---------------------|--|--|---|-----------------------------------|
| Report Area | Total Population | Average Annual Deaths, 2010-2014 | Crude Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) | Age-Adjusted Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) | (Per 100,000 Pop.) |
| Lee County, IA | 35,258 | 5 | 13.6 | 15.5 | 0 50 |
| Iowa | 3,106,064 | 284 | 9.15 | 9.52 | _ |
| United States | 318,689,254 | 49,715 | 15.6 | 15.6 | Lee County, IA (15.5) lowa (9.52) |
| HP 2020 Target | | | | <= 10.2 | United States (15.6) |

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System. Accessed via CDC WONDER. 2012-16. Source geography: County

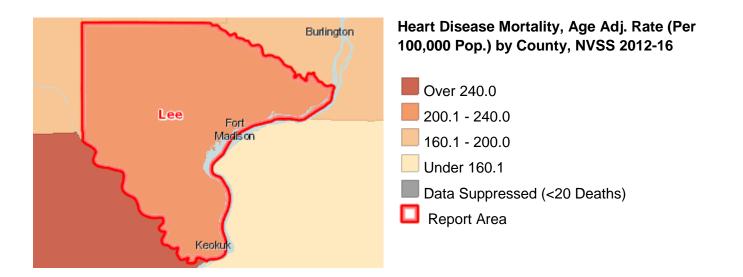
Mortality - Heart Disease

Within the report area the rate of death due to heart disease (ICD10 Codes I00-I09, I11, I13, I20-I151) per 100,000 population is 225.7. Figures are reported as crude rates, and as rates age-adjusted to year 2000 standard. Rates are resummarized for report areas from county level data, only where data is available. This indicator is relevant because heart disease is a leading cause of death in the United States.

Overdose Death, Age-

| Report Area | Total Population | Average Annual Deaths, 2010-2014 | Crude Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) | Age-Adjusted Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) | Heart Disease Mortality, Age- Adjusted Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) |
|-------------------|---------------------|--|---|---|--|
| Lee County, IA | 35,258 | 118 | 334.1 | 225.7 | 0 300 |
| Iowa | 173,304 | 42 | 24.35 | 71.12 | _ |
| United States | 318,689,254 | 618,853 | 194.2 | 168.2 | Lee County, IA (225.7) lowa (71.12) United States (168.2) |

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System. Accessed via CDC WONDER. 2012-16. Source geography: County

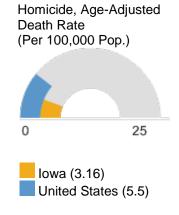


Mortality - Homicide

This indicator reports the rate of death due to assault (homicide) per 100,000 population. Figures are reported as crude rates, and as rates age-adjusted to year 2000 standard. Rates are resummarized for report areas from county level data, only where data is available. This indicator is relevant because homicide rate is a measure of poor community safety and is a leading cause of premature death.

| Report Area | Total Population | Average Annual Deaths, 2010-2014 | | Age-Adjusted Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) |
|----------------|------------------|----------------------------------|------------|--|
| Lee County, IA | 35,258 | no data | suppressed | suppressed |
| Iowa | 173,304 | 5 | 2.65 | 3.16 |
| United States | 318,689,254 | 17,167 | 5.4 | 5.5 |
| HP 2020 Target | | | | <= 5.5 |

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System. Accessed via CDC WONDER. 2012-16. Source geography: County

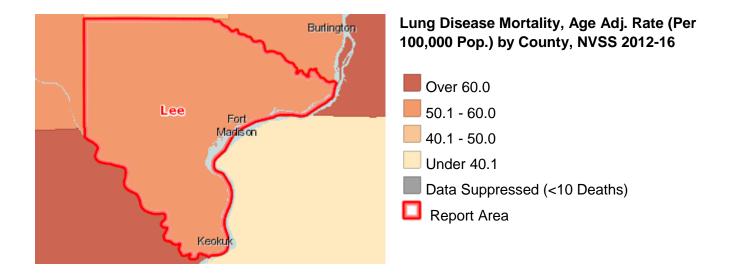


Mortality - Lung Disease

This indicator reports the rate of death due to chronic lower respiratory disease per 100,000 population. Figures are reported as crude rates, and as rates age-adjusted to year 2000 standard. Rates are resummarized for report areas from county level data, only where data is available. This indicator is relevant because lung disease is a leading cause of death in the United States.

| Report Area | Total Population | Average Annual Deaths, 2007-2011 | Crude Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) | Age-Adjusted Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) | Lung Disease Mortality, Age- Adjusted Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) |
|-------------------|---------------------|--|---|---|---|
| Lee County, IA | 35,258 | 30 | 84.5 | 58.5 | 0 100 |
| Iowa | 173,304 | 7 | 3.81 | 13.67 | Lee County, IA (58.5) |
| United States | 318,689,254 | 149,886 | 47 | 41.3 | lowa (13.67) United States (41.3) |

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System. Accessed via CDC WONDER. 2012-16. Source geography: County

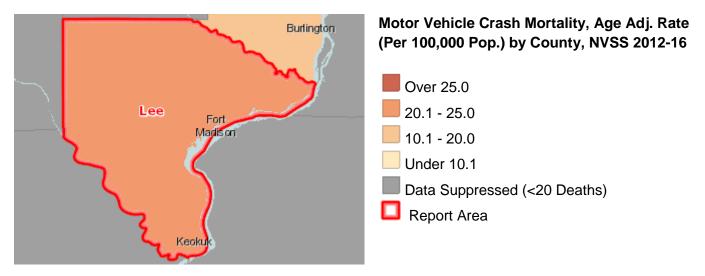


Mortality - Motor Vehicle Crash

This indicator reports the rate of death due to motor vehicle crashes per 100,000 population, which include collisions with another motor vehicle, a nonmotorist, a fixed object, and a non-fixed object, an overturn, and any other non-collision. This indicator is relevant because motor vehicle crash deaths are preventable and they are a cause of premature death.

| Report Area | Total Population | Average Annual Deaths, 2010-2014 | Crude Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) | Age-Adjusted Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) | Age-Adjusted Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) |
|-------------------|---------------------|---|---|---|--|
| Lee County, IA | 35,258 | 8 | 22.1 | 21.6 | 0 50 |
| Iowa | 173,304 | 18 | 10.16 | 10.96 | Lee County, IA (21.6) |
| United States | 318,689,254 | 37,053 | 11.6 | 11.3 | lowa (10.96) United States (11.3) |

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System. Accessed via CDC WONDER. 2012-16. Source geography: County



Mortality - Pedestrian Motor Vehicle Crash

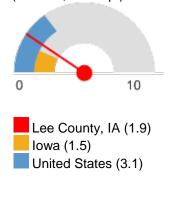
This indicator reports the crude rate of pedestrians killed by motor vehicles per 100,000 population. This indicator is relevant because pedestrian-motor vehicle crash deaths are preventable and they are a cause of premature death.

| Report Area | Total Population (2010) | Total Pedestrian Deaths, 2011-2015 | Average Annual Deaths, Rate per 100,000 Pop. |
|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| Lee County | 35,862 | 2 | 1.9 |
| Iowa | 3,046,355 | 133 | 1.5 |
| US | 312,732,537 | 28,832 | 3.1 |
| HP 2020 Target | | | <= 1.3 |

Data Source: US Dept. of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, Fatality Analysis Reporting System. 2011-2015. Source geography: County

Pedestrian Motor Vehicle Mortality, Crude Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.)

Motor Vehicle Crash Death



Mortality - Premature Death

This indicator reports Years of Potential Life Lost (YPLL) before age 75 per 100,000 population for all causes of death, age-adjusted to the 2000 standard. YPLL measures premature death and is calculated by subtracting the age of death from the 75 year benchmark. This indicator is relevant because a measure of premature death can provide a unique and comprehensive look at overall health status.

| Report Area | Total Population | Total Premature Death, 2014-2016 | Total Years of Potential Life Lost, 2014-2016 Average | Years of Potential Life Lost, Rate per 100,000 Population | Years of Potential Life Lost, Rate per 100,000 Population |
|----------------------|---------------------|---|--|---|--|
| Lee County, IA | 27,573 | 558 | 2,171 | 7,874 | 5000 10000 |
| Iowa | 8,732,595 | 33,313 | 518,938 | 5,943 | Lee County, IA (7,874) lowa (5,943) United States (7,222) |
| United States | 896,379,917 | 3,642,755 | 64,739,406 | 7,222 | |

Data Source: University of Wisconsin Population Health Institute, County Health

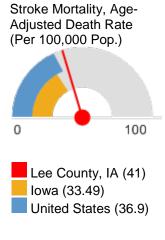
Rankings. 2014-16. Source geography: County

Mortality - Stroke

Within the report area there are an estimated 41 deaths due to cerebrovascular disease (stroke) per 100,000 population. This is greater than the Healthy People 2020 target of less than or equal to 33.8. Figures are reported as crude rates, and as rates age-adjusted to year 2000 standard. Rates are resummarized for report areas from county level data, only where data is available. This indicator is relevant because stroke is a leading cause of death in the United States.

| Report Area | Total Population | Average Annual Deaths, 2010-2014 | Crude Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) | Age-Adjusted Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) |
|-------------------|---------------------|--|--|---|
| Lee County, IA | 35,258 | 21 | 60.7 | 41 |
| Iowa | 3,106,064 | 1,414 | 45.52 | 33.49 |
| United States | 318,689,254 | 134,618 | 42.2 | 36.9 |
| HP 2020 Target | | | | <= 33.8 |

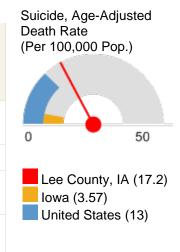
Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System. Accessed via CDC WONDER. 2012-16. Source geography: County



Mortality - Suicide

This indicator reports the rate of death due to intentional self-harm (suicide) per 100,000 population. Figures are reported as crude rates, and as rates age-adjusted to year 2000 standard. Rates are resummarized for report areas from county level data, only where data is available. This indicator is relevant because suicide is an indicator of poor mental health.

| Report Area | Total Population | Average Annual Deaths, 2010-2014 | Crude Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) | Age-Adjusted Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) |
|-------------------|---------------------|--|--|---|
| Lee County, IA | 35,258 | 6 | 16.4 | 17.2 |
| Iowa | 173,304 | 7 | 3.81 | 3.57 |
| United States | 318,689,254 | 42,747 | 13.4 | 13 |
| HP 2020 Target | | | | <= 10.2 |



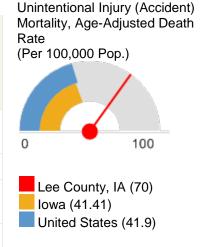
Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System. Accessed via CDC WONDER. 2012-16. Source geography: County

Mortality - Unintentional Injury

This indicator reports the rate of death due to unintentional injury (accident) per 100,000 population. Figures are reported as crude rates, and as rates age-adjusted to year 2000 standard. Rates are resummarized for report areas from county level data, only where data is available. This indicator is relevant because accidents are a leading cause of death in the U.S.

| Report Area | Total Population | Average Annual Deaths, 2010-2014 | Crude Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) | Age-Adjusted Death Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) |
|-------------------|---------------------|---|---|---|
| Lee County, IA | 35,258 | 29 | 81.1 | 70 |
| Iowa | 3,279,368 | 1,527 | 46.55 | 41.41 |
| United States | 318,689,254 | 140,444 | 44.1 | 41.9 |
| HP 2020 Target | | | | <= 36.0 |

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Vital Statistics System. Accessed via CDC WONDER. 2012-16. Source geography: County

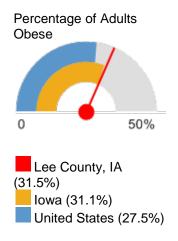


Obesity

31.5% of adults aged 20 and older self-report that they have a Body Mass Index (BMI) greater than 30.0 (obese) in the report area. Excess weight may indicate an unhealthy lifestyle and puts individuals at risk for further health issues.

| Report Area | Total Population Age 20 | Adults with BMI > 30.0 (Obese) | Percent Adults with BMI > 30.0 (Obese) |
|-------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Lee County, IA | 27,006 | 8,615 | 31.5% |
| Iowa | 2,276,658 | 712,866 | 31.1% |
| United States | 234,188,203 | 64,884,915 | 27.5% |

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion. 2013. Source geography: County

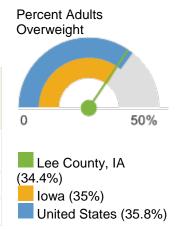


<u>Overweight</u>

34.4% of adults aged 18 and older self-report that they have a Body Mass Index (BMI) between 25.0 and 30.0 (overweight) in the report area. Excess weight may indicate an unhealthy lifestyle and puts individuals at risk for further health issues.

| Report Area | Survey Population (Adults Age 18) | Total Adults Overweight | Percent Adults Overweight |
|-------------------|---|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| Lee County, IA | 20,685 | 7,111 | 34.4% |
| Iowa | 2,193,149 | 767,907 | 35% |
| United States | 224,991,207 | 80,499,532 | 35.8% |

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Additional data analysis by CARES. 2011-12. Source geography: County

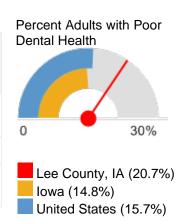


Poor Dental Health

This indicator reports the percentage of adults age 18 and older who self-report that six or more of their permanent teeth have been removed due to tooth decay, gum disease, or infection. This indicator is relevant because it indicates lack of access to dental care and/or social barriers to utilization of dental services.

| Report Area | Total Population (Age 18) | Total Adults with Poor Dental Health | Percent Adults with Poor Dental Health |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|
| Lee County, IA | 27,816 | 5,756 | 20.7% |
| Iowa | 2,307,562 | 341,535 | 14.8% |
| United States | 235,375,690 | 36,842,620 | 15.7% |

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Additional data analysis by CARES. 2006-10. Source geography: County



Poor General Health

Within the report area 16.3% of adults age 18 and older self-report having poor or fair health in response to the question "Would you say that in general your health is excellent, very good, good, fair, or poor?". This indicator is relevant because it is a measure of general poor health status.

| Report Area | Total Population Age 18 | Estimated Population with Poor or Fair Health | Crude Percentage | Age-Adjusted Percentage |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|---|---------------------|----------------------------|
| Lee County, IA | 27,872 | 4,543 | 16.3% | 15.4% |
| Iowa | 2,307,562 | 276,907 | 12% | 11.2% |
| United States | 232,556,016 | 37,766,703 | 16.2% | 15.7% |

Data Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System. Accessed via the Health Indicators Warehouse. US Department of Health Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse. 2006-12. Source geography: County

or Fair Health (Age-Adjusted) 0 25% Lee County, IA (15.4%) lowa (11.2%) United States (15.7%)

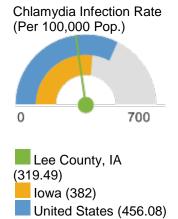
Percent Adults with Poor

STI - Chlamydia Incidence

This indicator reports incidence rate of chlamydia cases per 100,000 population. This indicator is relevant because it is a measure of poor health status and indicates the prevalence of unsafe sex practices.

| Report Area | Total Population | Total Chlamydia Infections | Chlamydia Infection Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) |
|------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Lee County | 35,682 | 114 | 319.49 |
| Iowa | 3,090,052 | 11,804 | 382 |
| United States | 316,128,839 | 1,441,789 | 456.08 |

Data Source: US Department of Health Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention. 2014. Source geography: County

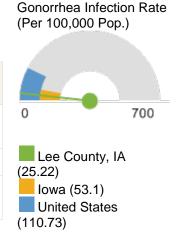


STI - Gonorrhea Incidence

This indicator reports incidence rate of Gonorrhea cases per 100,000 population. This indicator is relevant because it is a measure of poor health status and indicates the prevalence of unsafe sex practices.

| Report Area | Total Population | Total Gonorrhea Infections | Gonorrhea Infection Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) |
|-------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|---|
| Lee County, IA | 35,682 | 9 | 25.22 |
| Iowa | 3,090,395 | 1,641 | 53.1 |
| United States | 316,128,839 | 350,062 | 110.73 |

Data Source: US Department of Health Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention. 2014. Source geography: County



STI - HIV Prevalence

This indicator reports prevalence rate of HIV per 100,000 population. This indicator is relevant because HIV is a lifethreatening communicable disease that disproportionately affects minority populations and may also indicate the prevalence of unsafe sex practices.

| Report Area | Population Age | Population with HIV / | Population with HIV / AIDS, | Population with HIV / AIDS, Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) |
|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| report / iica | 13 | AIDS | Rate (Per 100,000 Pop.) | |
| Lee County, IA | 29,975 | 11 | 36.7 | 0 700 |
| Iowa | 2,570,826 | 1,952 | 75.93 | _ |
| United States | 263,765,822 | 931,526 | 353.16 | Lee County, IA (36.7) lowa (75.93) |
| Data Source: II | S Donartment of He | alth Human Services Hea | Ith Indicators Warehouse | United States (353.16) |

Data Source: US Department of Health Human Services, Health Indicators Warehouse. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for HIV/AIDS, Viral Hepatitis, STD, and TB Prevention. 2013. Source geography: County

Please see Health Indicators Report footnotes for information about the data background, analysis methodologies and other related notes. Report prepared by Community Commons, September 05, 2018. Edited by Michele Ross, Lee County Health Department September 2018 for stakeholder review.

Lee (LE)

| | | Lee County | Error Margin | Top U.S. Performers | Iowa | Rank (of 99) |
|---|------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------|
| Health Outcomes | | | | | | 95 |
| Length of Life | | | | | | 93 |
| Premature death | | 7,900 | 6,800-9,000 | 5,300 | 5,900 | |
| Quality of Life | | | | | | 97 |
| Poor or fair health ** | | 15% 3.3 | 14-16% | 12% | 13% | |
| Poor physical health days ** Poor mental health days ** | | 3.5 | 3.2-3.5 3.3-3.7 | 3.0 3.1 | 2.9 3.3 | |
| Low birthweight | | 8% | 7-9% | 6% | 7% | |
| Additional Health Outcomes (not included in overall ranking) | | | | | | |
| Premature age-adjusted mortality | | 420 | 390-460 | 270 | 310 | |
| Child mortality | | 60 | 40-100 | 40 | 50 | |
| Infant mortality | | | | 4 | 5 | |
| Frequent physical distress | | 11% | 10-11% | 9% | 9% | |
| Frequent mental distress | | 11% 12% | 11-11% 9-15% | 10% 8% | 10% 10% | |
| Diabetes prevalence HIV prevalence | | 34 | 7-13/0 | 49 | 94 | |
| | | | | • | | 00 |
| Health Factors Health Behaviors | | | | | | 98 95 |
| Adult smoking ** | | 17% | 17-18% | 14% | 17% | , , |
| Adult obesity | | 34% | 29-39% | 26% | 32% | |
| Food environment index | | 7.6 | | 8.6 | 8.2 | |
| Physical inactivity | | 30% | 25-35% | 20% | 25% | |
| Access to exercise opportunities | | 74% 19% | 18-20% | 91% 13% | 83% 22% | |
| Excessive drinking ** Alcohol-impaired driving deaths | | 31% | 22-41% | 13% | 27% | |
| Sexually transmitted infections | | 263.6 | 22 41/0 | 145.1 | 388.9 | |
| Teen births | | 40 | 36-45 | 15 | 22 | |
| Teen Birth Rate | 40 | | | | | |
| Teen Birth Rate (Black) | 48 | | | | | |
| Teen Birth Rate (Hispanic) | 28 | | | | | |
| Teen Birth Rate (White) | 41 | | | | | |
| Additional Health Behaviors (not included in overall ranking) | | 4.407 | | 400/ | 400/ | |
| Food insecurity | | 14% 7% | | 10% | 12% | |
| Limited access to healthy foods Drug overdose deaths | | 18 | 11-28 | 2% 10 | 6% 9 | |
| Drug overdose deaths - modeled | | 14-15.9 | 11 20 | 8-11.9 | 10.6 | |
| Motor vehicle crash deaths | | 22 | 17-29 | 9 | 11 | |
| Insufficient sleep | | 30% | 29-31% | 27% | 28% | |
| Clinical Care | | | | | | 65 |
| Uninsured | | 5% | 5-6% | 6% | 6% | |
| Primary care physicians | | 1,670:1 | | 1,030:1 | 1,360:1 | |
| Dentists | | 2,470:1 | | 1,280:1 | 1,560:1 | |
| Mental health providers Preventable hospital stays | | 1,380:1 60 | 53-67 | 330:1 35 | 760:1 49 | |
| Diabetes monitoring | | 90% | 83-97% | 91% | 90% | |
| % Receiving HbA1c | 90% | | | | | |
| % Receiving HbA1c (Black) % Receiving HbA1c (White) | 89% 90% | | | | | |
| Mammography screening | | 61% | 54-68% | 71% | 69% | |
| Additional Clinical Care (not included in overall ranking) | | | | | | |
| Uninsured adults | | 6% | 5-7% | 7% | 7% | |
| Uninsured children | | 3% \$7,992 | 2-4% | 3% | 4% ¢o 570 | |
| Health care costs Other primary care providers | | \$7,992 1,442:1 | | 782:1 | \$8,572 1,185:1 | |
| Other primary care providers | | 1,772.1 | | , 02.1 | 1,103.1 | |
| Social & Economic Factors | | | | | | 98 |
| High school graduation | | 88% | | 95% | 90% | |
| Some college | | 63% | 58-69% | 72% | 70% | |
| Unemployment | | 6.2% | 45 250/ | 3.2% | 3.7% | |
| Children in poverty | | 20% | 15-25% | 12% | 15% | |
| | | | | | | |

| | | Lee County | Error Margin | Top U.S. Performers | Iowa | Rank (of 99) |
|--|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|
| % Children in Poverty % Children in Poverty (Hispanic) % Children in Poverty (White) | 20% 10% 22% | | | | | |
| Income inequality Children in single-parent households Social associations Violent crime Injury deaths | | 4.1 37% 18.0 499 101 | 3.7-4.5 31-43% 86-116 | 3.7 20% 22.1 62 55 | 4.2 29% 15.2 270 65 | |
| Additional Social & Economic Factors (not included in overall ranking) Disconnected youth Median household income Household Income Household income (Black) Household income (White) | \$49,700 \$29,700 \$45,000 | 18% \$49,700 | \$44,700-54,600 | 10% \$65,100 | 9% \$56,400 | |
| Children eligible for free or reduced price lunch Residential segregation - black/white Residential segregation - non-white/white Homicides Firearm fatalities | | 48% 44 24 11 | 7-17 | 33% 23 14 2 7 | 41% 63 48 2 8 | |
| Physical Environment Air pollution - particulate matter ** Drinking water violations Severe housing problems Driving alone to work Long commute - driving alone | | 10.5 Yes 12% 86% 19% | 10-14% 84-88% 17-22% | 6.7 9% 72% 15% | 9.6 12% 81% 20% | 99 |

Areas to Explore Areas of Strength

2018

^{^ 10}th/90th percentile, i.e., only 10% are better. Note: Blank values reflect unreliable or missing data ** Data should not be compared with prior years

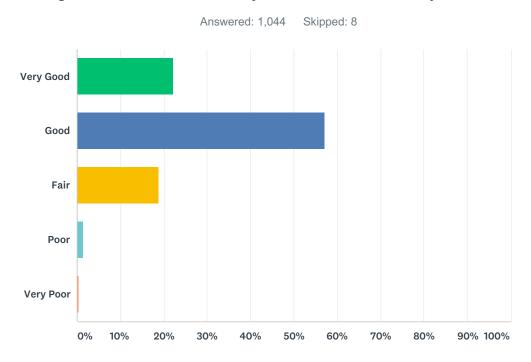
Lee County CHNA Community WIDE Survey Distribution Plan

SURVEY WILL BE DISTRIBUTED May 21, 2018-July 30, 2018

| Target group/organization | METHOD | By WHOM |
|---|--|---|
| | Facebook link | LCHD, FMCH, UPHK |
| Facebook followers | | |
| Website followers | Website link | LCHD, FMCH, UPH-K |
| Live Healthy Lee County Facebook followers | Facebook link | Emily |
| Lee Co School nurses | Email link | Michele |
| Lee Co School Superintendents | Email, will request meeting to | Michele and Emily and possibly Angie for FM |
| | discuss mass texting of link to | |
| | parents | |
| Child Care site Directors | Email | Michele and Cyndi (CCNC) |
| Long term care facility DONs | Email directors | Michele |
| Lee Co Coalition members | Email, Listserves to: | |
| | Lee County Lead Coalition | Cyndi |
| | Lee County Interagency | Missy |
| | Oral Health Coalition | Rachael |
| | Child Abuse Prevention Council | Missy |
| | ECI taskforce group | Cyndi |
| | Live Healthy Lee County | Emily |
| | Transportation Taskforce | Jamie |
| | Mental Health Taskforce | Ryanne Wood |
| | Group | |
| | CHNA HIP Large group emails | |
| | Lee County Health Care | Michele |
| | Coalition | |
| Immunization clinics parents adolescents | Danar survey for or provide card | LCHD Assigned purging staff |
| Immunization clinics-parents, adolescents, adults attending | Paper survey for or provide card with link on line | LCHD Assigned nursing staff |
| LCHD monthly Senior health sites | Paper survey or card with link | LCHD staff assigned to clinics |
| Lee County WIC clinics | Paper survey or card with link | LCHD staff assigned to clinics |
| LCHD families enrolled in HOPES/MCAH | Paper survey or card with link | LCHD FSWs or MCAH staff |
| Employees | Link | LCHD, FMCH, UPHK |
| Newsletter | link | UPH-K |
| CHAMBERS | link | Amy, Angie |
| Keokuk Recruitment Taskforce | link | Amy |
| SCC SCC | link | Amy |
| CHC | link | Amy |
| Auxiliary/Medical providers | link | Amy and Angie |
| Ministerial Association/Clergy contacts | Link | LCHD, FMCH, UPHK |
| Business and Industry | Link | FMCH, UPHK |
| HS School teachers (Health) (to reach youth) | Link or paper | Amy and Angie |
| United Way | Link | Emily |
| Other contacts such as health fairs, table | Link or paper | LCHD, FMCH, UPHK |
| tents/cards with link at various locations, | | |
| community events, meetings we attend, etc. | | |

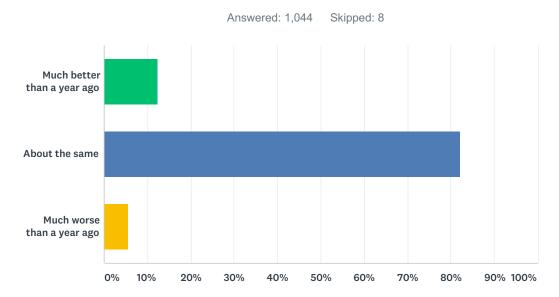
Goal is to achieve 1000+ survey responses

Q1 In general, how would you best describe your health?



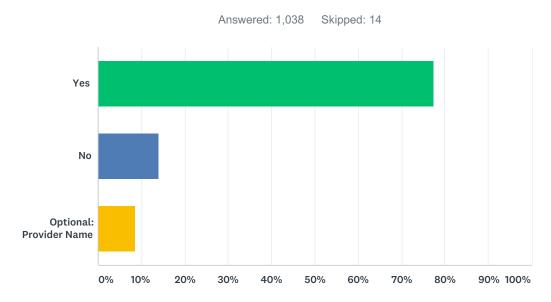
| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|----------------|-----------|-------|
| Very Good | 22.13% | 231 |
| Good | 57.09% | 596 |
| Fair | 18.87% | 197 |
| Poor | 1.53% | 16 |
| Very Poor | 0.38% | 4 |
| TOTAL | | 1,044 |

Q2 Compared to a year ago, how would you rate your overall health now?



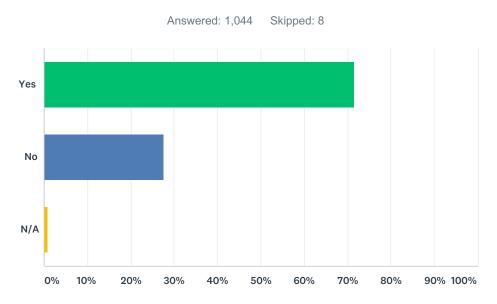
| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|-----------------------------|-----------|-------|
| Much better than a year ago | 12.26% | 128 |
| About the same | 82.18% | 858 |
| Much worse than a year ago | 5.56% | 58 |
| TOTAL | | 1,044 |

Q3 Do you have a personal healthcare provider you use for primary care?



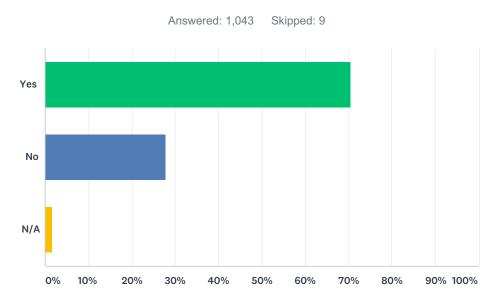
| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|-------------------------|-----------|-------|
| Yes | 77.46% | 804 |
| No | 13.97% | 145 |
| Optional: Provider Name | 8.57% | 89 |
| TOTAL | | 1,038 |

Q4 Have you had a physical in the past 12 months?



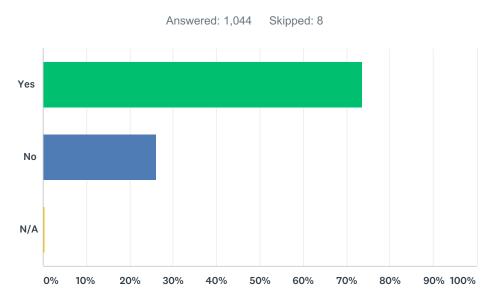
| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|----------------|-----------|-------|
| Yes | 71.55% | 747 |
| No | 27.59% | 288 |
| N/A | 0.86% | 9 |
| TOTAL | | 1,044 |

Q5 Have you had your blood checked for diabetes?



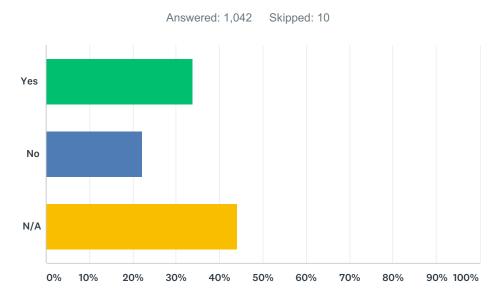
| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|----------------|-----------|-------|
| Yes | 70.47% | 735 |
| No | 27.90% | 291 |
| N/A | 1.63% | 17 |
| TOTAL | | 1,043 |

Q6 In the past year, did you receive a flu shot?



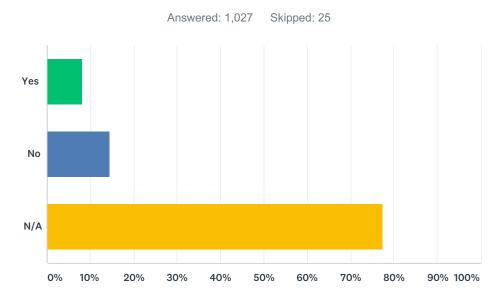
| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|----------------|-----------|-------|
| Yes | 73.56% | 768 |
| No | 26.05% | 272 |
| N/A | 0.38% | 4 |
| TOTAL | | 1,044 |

Q7 If over 50, have your had a colonoscopy?



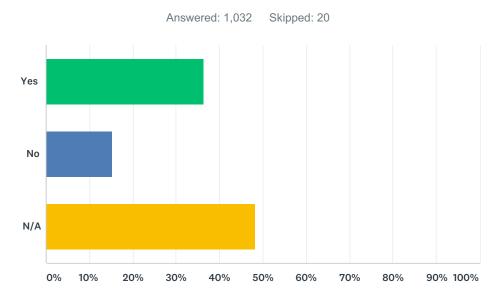
| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|----------------|-----------|-------|
| Yes | 33.88% | 353 |
| No | 22.07% | 230 |
| N/A | 44.05% | 459 |
| TOTAL | | 1,042 |

Q8 If male over 40, do you have annual prostate exams?



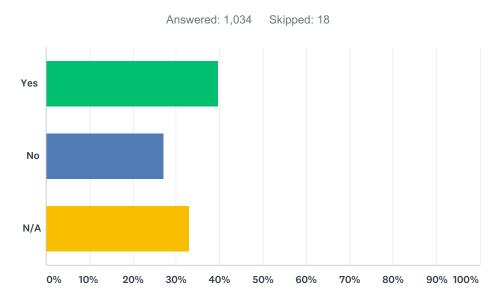
| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|----------------|-----------|-------|
| Yes | 8.18% | 84 |
| No | 14.41% | 148 |
| N/A | 77.41% | 795 |
| TOTAL | | 1,027 |

Q9 If female over 40, do you have annual mammograms?



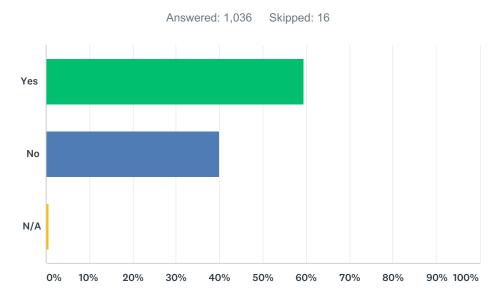
| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|----------------|-----------|-------|
| Yes | 36.43% | 376 |
| No | 15.21% | 157 |
| N/A | 48.35% | 499 |
| TOTAL | | 1,032 |

Q10 If female, do you have a pap smear every other year?



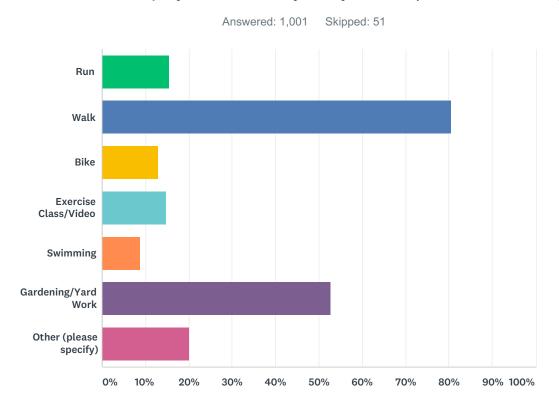
| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|----------------|-----------|-------|
| Yes | 39.75% | 411 |
| No | 27.18% | 281 |
| N/A | 33.08% | 342 |
| TOTAL | | 1,034 |

Q11 Do you get 2.5 hours a week of moderately intense physical activity?



| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|----------------|-----------|-------|
| Yes | 59.46% | 616 |
| No | 39.96% | 414 |
| N/A | 0.58% | 6 |
| TOTAL | | 1,036 |

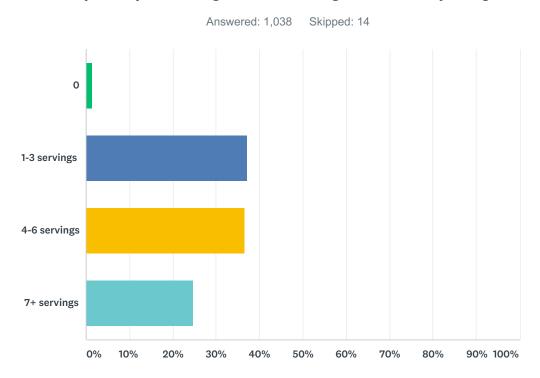
Q12 What sort of physical activity do you do (mark all that apply)?



| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|--------------------------|-----------|-----|
| Run | 15.48% | 155 |
| Walk | 80.62% | 807 |
| Bike | 12.99% | 130 |
| Exercise Class/Video | 14.89% | 149 |
| Swimming | 8.89% | 89 |
| Gardening/Yard Work | 52.65% | 527 |
| Other (please specify) | 20.08% | 201 |
| Total Respondents: 1,001 | | |

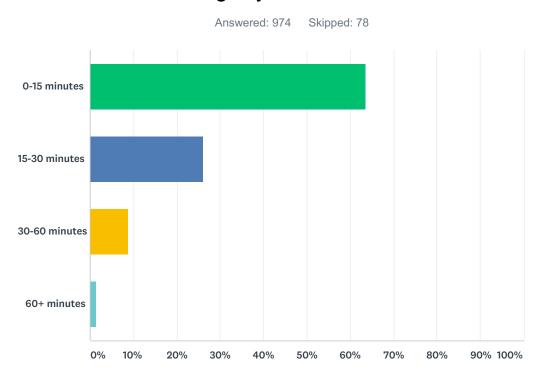


Q13 How many daily servings of fruit/vegetable do you get in a week?



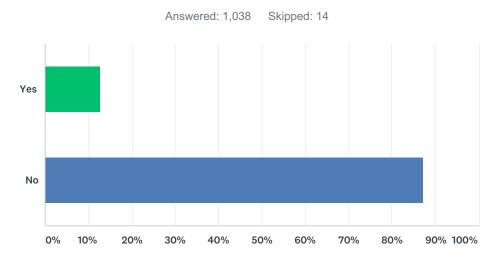
| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|----------------|-----------|-------|
| 0 | 1.54% | 16 |
| 1-3 servings | 37.19% | 386 |
| 4-6 servings | 36.51% | 379 |
| 7+ servings | 24.76% | 257 |
| TOTAL | | 1,038 |

Q14 How long is your commute to work?



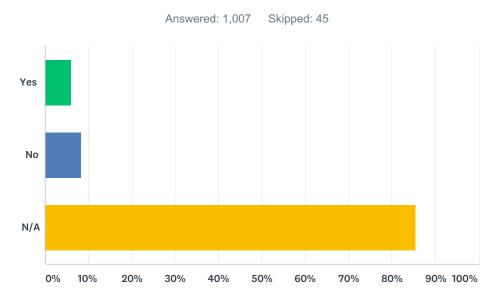
| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|----------------|-----------|-----|
| 0-15 minutes | 63.66% | 620 |
| 15-30 minutes | 26.08% | 254 |
| 30-60 minutes | 8.73% | 85 |
| 60+ minutes | 1.54% | 15 |
| TOTAL | | 974 |

Q15 Do you smoke cigarettes, chew tobacco, or use electronic cigarettes?



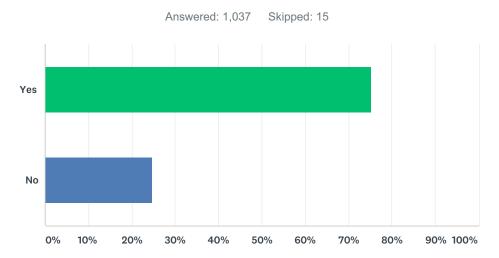
| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|----------------|-----------|-------|
| Yes | 12.72% | 132 |
| No | 87.28% | 906 |
| TOTAL | | 1,038 |

Q16 If yes, are you interested in quitting?



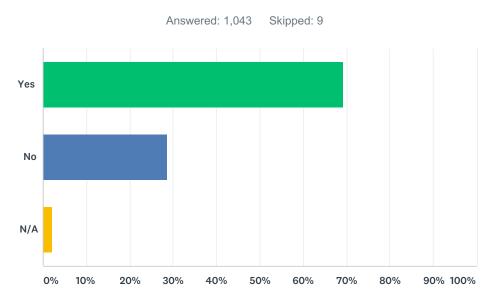
| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|----------------|-----------|-------|
| Yes | 6.06% | 61 |
| No | 8.34% | 84 |
| N/A | 85.60% | 862 |
| TOTAL | | 1,007 |

Q17 Do you visit your dentist annually?



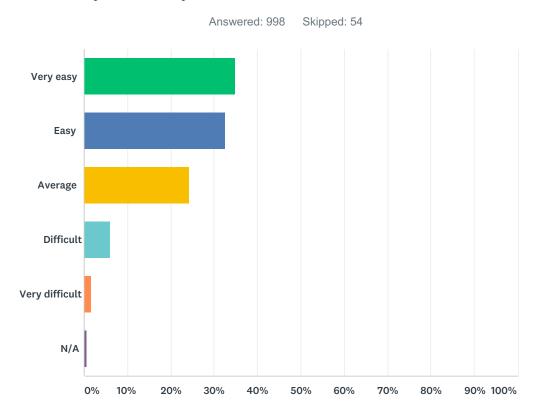
| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|----------------|-----------|-------|
| Yes | 75.41% | 782 |
| No | 24.59% | 255 |
| TOTAL | | 1,037 |

Q18 Do you visit your eye doctor annually?



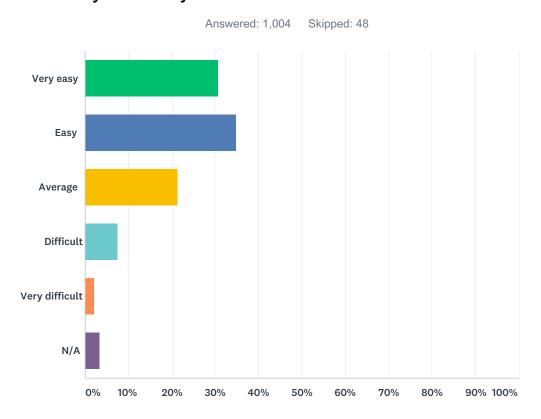
| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|----------------|-----------|-------|
| Yes | 69.32% | 723 |
| No | 28.57% | 298 |
| N/A | 2.11% | 22 |
| TOTAL | | 1,043 |

Q19 How easy is it for you to access local services from a doctor?



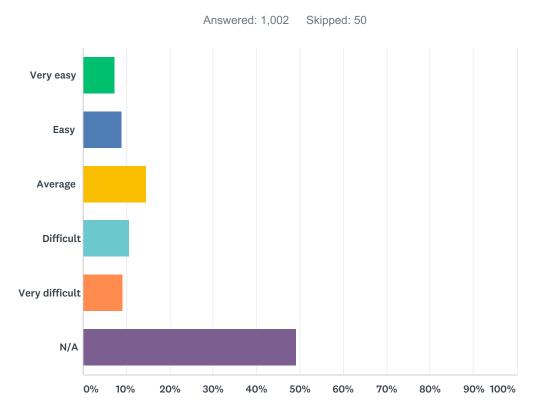
| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|----------------|-----------|-----|
| Very easy | 34.87% | 348 |
| Easy | 32.57% | 325 |
| Average | 24.35% | 243 |
| Difficult | 6.01% | 60 |
| Very difficult | 1.60% | 16 |
| N/A | 0.60% | 6 |
| TOTAL | | 998 |

Q20 How easy is it for you to access local services from a dentist?



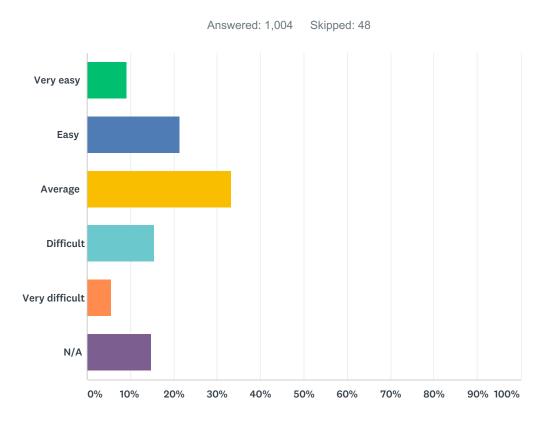
| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|----------------|-----------|-------|
| Very easy | 30.78% | 309 |
| Easy | 34.96% | 351 |
| Average | 21.41% | 215 |
| Difficult | 7.47% | 75 |
| Very difficult | 1.99% | 20 |
| N/A | 3.39% | 34 |
| TOTAL | | 1,004 |

Q21 How easy is it for you to access local mental health or other behavioral support services?



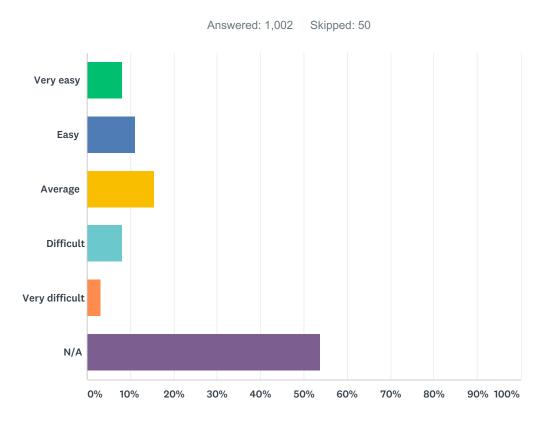
| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|----------------|-----------|-----|
| Very easy | 7.29% | 73 |
| Easy | 8.98% | 90 |
| Average | 14.67% | 147 |
| Difficult | 10.68% | 107 |
| Very difficult | 9.18% | 92 |
| N/A | 49.20% | 493 |
| TOTAL | 1,0 | 002 |

Q22 How easy is it for you to access local services from a specialty doctor?



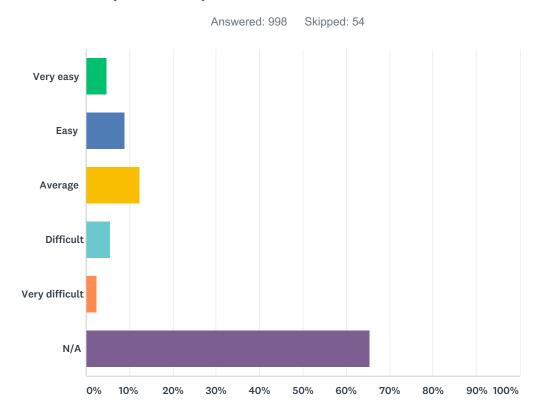
| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|----------------|-----------|-------|
| Very easy | 9.26% | 93 |
| Easy | 21.41% | 215 |
| Average | 33.37% | 335 |
| Difficult | 15.54% | 156 |
| Very difficult | 5.58% | 56 |
| N/A | 14.84% | 149 |
| TOTAL | | 1,004 |

Q23 How easy is it for you to access local family or parent support services?



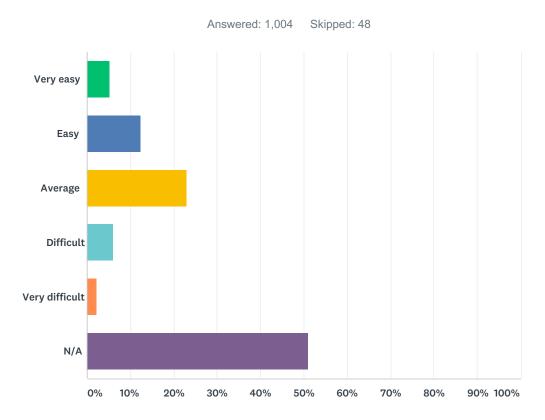
| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|----------------|-----------|-------|
| Very easy | 8.18% | 82 |
| Easy | 11.18% | 112 |
| Average | 15.57% | 156 |
| Difficult | 8.08% | 81 |
| Very difficult | 3.19% | 32 |
| N/A | 53.79% | 539 |
| TOTAL | | 1,002 |

Q24 How easy is it for you to access local child care services?



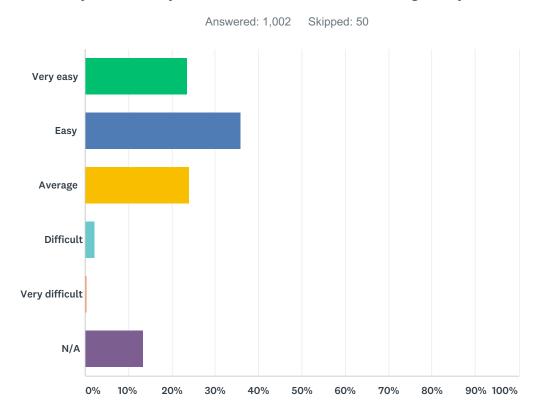
| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|----------------|-----------|-----|
| Very easy | 4.71% | 47 |
| Easy | 9.02% | 90 |
| Average | 12.42% | 124 |
| Difficult | 5.71% | 57 |
| Very difficult | 2.61% | 26 |
| N/A | 65.53% | 654 |
| TOTAL | | 998 |

Q25 How easy is it for you to access other needed local community assistance services?



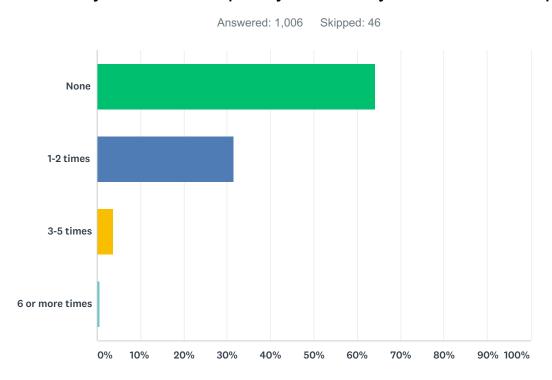
| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|----------------|-----------|-------|
| Very easy | 5.18% | 52 |
| Easy | 12.35% | 124 |
| Average | 23.01% | 231 |
| Difficult | 6.08% | 61 |
| Very difficult | 2.39% | 24 |
| N/A | 51.00% | 512 |
| TOTAL | | 1,004 |

Q26 How easy is it for you to access local emergency care services?



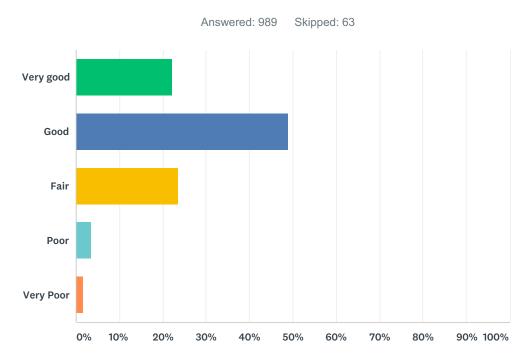
| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|----------------|-----------|-------|
| Very easy | 23.65% | 237 |
| Easy | 35.93% | 360 |
| Average | 24.15% | 242 |
| Difficult | 2.40% | 24 |
| Very difficult | 0.50% | 5 |
| N/A | 13.37% | 134 |
| TOTAL | | 1,002 |

Q27 How many times in the past year have you used the hospital ER?



| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|-----------------|-----------|-------|
| None | 64.21% | 646 |
| 1-2 times | 31.51% | 317 |
| 3-5 times | 3.68% | 37 |
| 6 or more times | 0.60% | 6 |
| TOTAL | | 1,006 |

Q28 How would you rate the quality of the local community services you have received?

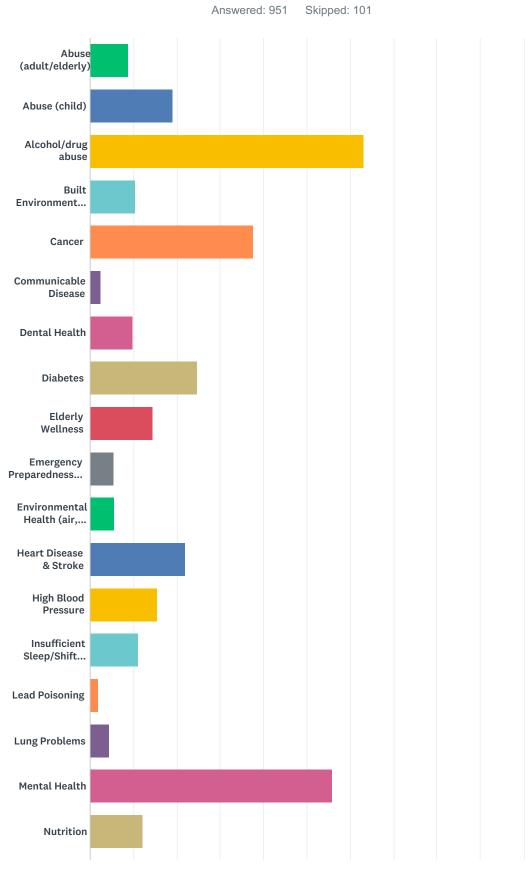


| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|----------------|-----------|-----|
| Very good | 22.14% | 219 |
| Good | 48.94% | 484 |
| Fair | 23.66% | 234 |
| Poor | 3.54% | 35 |
| Very Poor | 1.72% | 17 |
| TOTAL | | 989 |

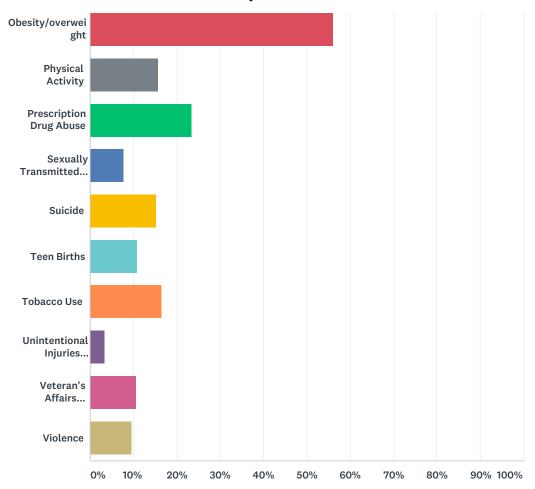
Q29 Please comment on any difficulties you experienced while accessing health care or other services in Lee County:

Answered: 248 Skipped: 804

Q30 Please check up to FIVE items from the following list that you think are the most important overall HEALTH CONCERNS in Lee County:



2018 Community Health Needs Assessment

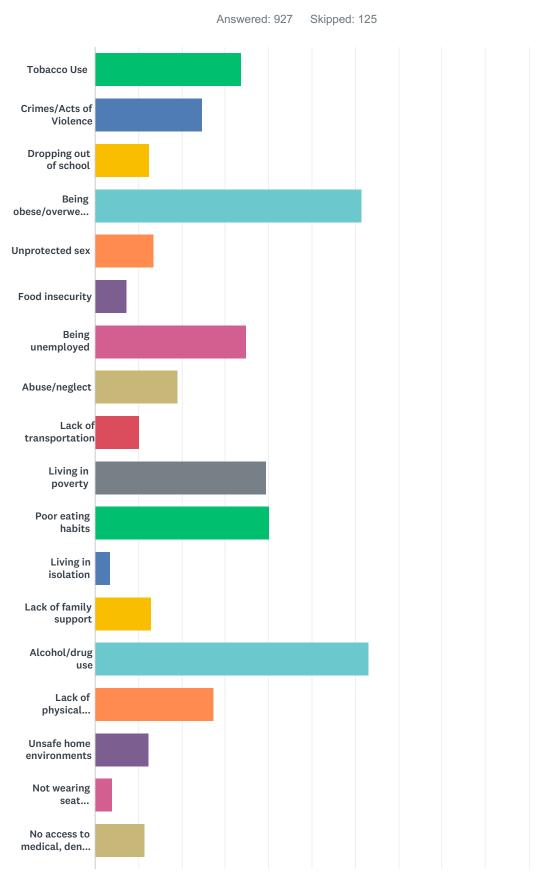


| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|---|-----------|-----|
| Abuse (adult/elderly) | 8.73% | 83 |
| Abuse (child) | 19.14% | 182 |
| Alcohol/drug abuse | 63.09% | 600 |
| Built Environment (trails, bike lanes, etc.) | 10.52% | 100 |
| Cancer | 37.75% | 359 |
| Communicable Disease | 2.42% | 23 |
| Dental Health | 9.88% | 94 |
| Diabetes | 24.71% | 235 |
| Elderly Wellness | 14.51% | 138 |
| Emergency Preparedness/Planning | 5.47% | 52 |
| Environmental Health (air, eater, food safety, hazards) | 5.57% | 53 |
| Heart Disease & Stroke | 21.98% | 209 |
| High Blood Pressure | 15.56% | 148 |
| Insufficient Sleep/Shift Work | 11.15% | 106 |
| Lead Poisoning | 1.89% | 18 |

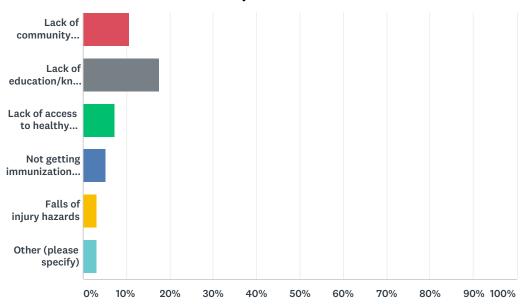
2018 Community Health Needs Assessment

| Lung Problems | 4.42% | 42 |
|---|--------|-----|
| Mental Health | 55.94% | 532 |
| Nutrition | 12.09% | 115 |
| Obesity/overweight | 56.15% | 534 |
| Physical Activity | 15.67% | 149 |
| Prescription Drug Abuse | 23.45% | 223 |
| Sexually Transmitted Diseases (STDs) | 7.68% | 73 |
| Suicide | 15.35% | 146 |
| Teen Births | 10.83% | 103 |
| Tobacco Use | 16.51% | 157 |
| Unintentional Injuries (accidents, falls, drowning, etc.) | 3.26% | 31 |
| Veteran's Affairs (health, benefits) | 10.62% | 101 |
| Violence | 9.57% | 91 |
| Total Respondents: 951 | | |
| | | |

Q31 Please check up to FIVE items from the list below that you think have the greatest IMPACT on our overall health in Lee County.



2018 Community Health Needs Assessment



| Tobacco Use Crimes/Acts of Violence | 33.76% 24.70% | 313 229 |
|---|------------------|------------|
| Crimes/Acts of Violence | 24.70% | 220 |
| | | 229 |
| Dropping out of school | 12.51% | 116 |
| Being obese/overweight | 61.49% | 570 |
| Unprotected sex | 13.59% | 126 |
| Food insecurity | 7.23% | 67 |
| Being unemployed | 34.84% | 323 |
| Abuse/neglect | 18.99% | 176 |
| Lack of transportation | 10.25% | 95 |
| Living in poverty | 39.48% | 366 |
| Poor eating habits | 40.24% | 373 |
| Living in isolation | 3.56% | 33 |
| Lack of family support | 13.05% | 121 |
| Alcohol/drug use | 63.21% | 586 |
| Lack of physical activity | 27.51% | 255 |
| Unsafe home environments | 12.41% | 115 |
| Not wearing seat belts/using helmets or protective gear | 3.99% | 37 |
| No access to medical, dental or other health services | 11.54% | 107 |
| Lack of community involvement/neighborhood support | 10.68% | 99 |
| Lack of education/knowledge of available resources | 17.58% | 163 |
| Lack of access to healthy foods | 7.34% | 68 |
| Not getting immunizations/screenings to prevent disease | 5.18% | 48 |

2018 Community Health Needs Assessment

| Falls of injury hazards | 3.13% | 29 |
|-------------------------|-------|----|
| Other (please specify) | 3.24% | 30 |
| Total Respondents: 927 | | |

Q32 List three ideas you would like to see that would improve the health of Lee County residents:

Answered: 464 Skipped: 588

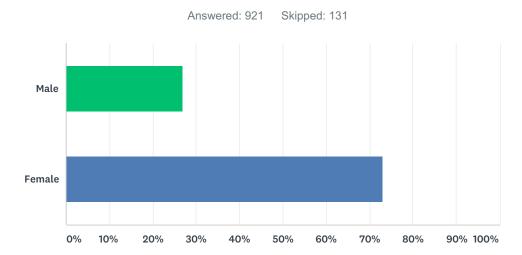
| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|----------------|-----------|-----|
| 1. | 100.00% | 464 |
| 2. | 89.44% | 415 |
| 3. | 75.22% | 349 |

Q33 Residential Zip Code

Answered: 884 Skipped: 168

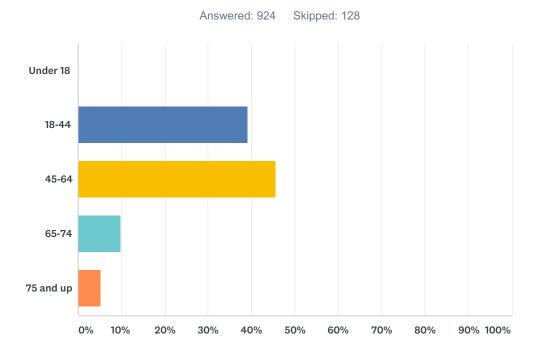


Q34 Sex



| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|----------------|-----------|-----|
| Male | 27.04% | 249 |
| Female | 72.96% | 672 |
| TOTAL | | 921 |

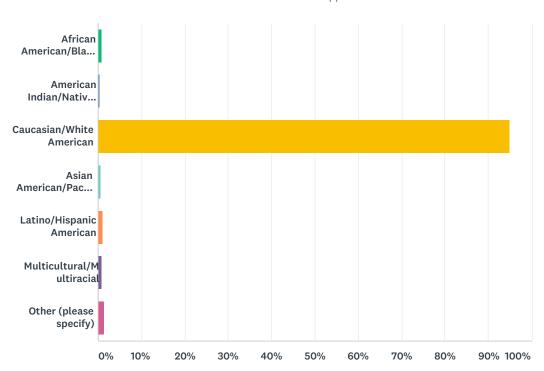
Q35 Age



| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|----------------|-----------|-----|
| Under 18 | 0.11% | 1 |
| 18-44 | 39.18% | 362 |
| 45-64 | 45.67% | 422 |
| 65-74 | 9.85% | 91 |
| 75 and up | 5.19% | 48 |
| TOTAL | | 924 |

Q36 Race/Ethnicity

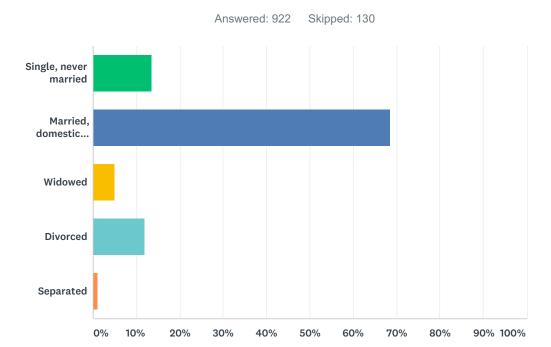




| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|---------------------------------|-----------|-----|
| African American/Black American | 0.76% | 7 |
| American Indian/Native Alaskan | 0.33% | 3 |
| Caucasian/White American | 94.91% | 876 |
| Asian American/Pacific Islander | 0.65% | 6 |
| Latino/Hispanic American | 1.08% | 10 |
| Multicultural/Multiracial | 0.87% | 8 |
| Other (please specify) | 1.41% | 13 |
| TOTAL | | 923 |



Q37 Marital Status



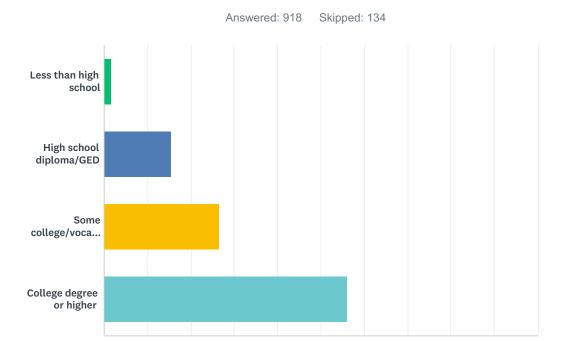
| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|-------------------------------|-----------|-----|
| Single, never married | 13.56% | 125 |
| Married, domestic partnership | 68.55% | 632 |
| Widowed | 5.10% | 47 |
| Divorced | 11.82% | 109 |
| Separated | 0.98% | 9 |
| TOTAL | | 922 |

Q38 Number of children age 18 and under in your home.

Answered: 779 Skipped: 273



Q39 Education



40%

50%

60%

70%

80%

90% 100%

0%

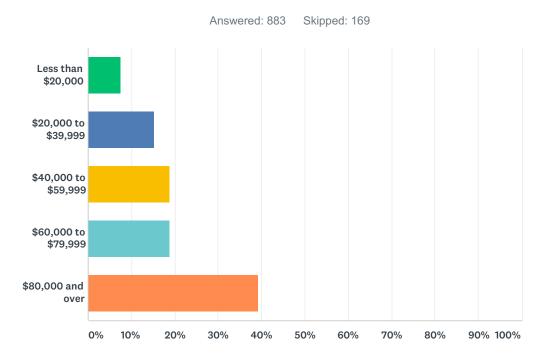
10%

20%

30%

| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|----------------------------------|-----------|-----|
| Less than high school | 1.74% | 16 |
| High school diploma/GED | 15.58% | 143 |
| Some college/vocational training | 26.58% | 244 |
| College degree or higher | 56.10% | 515 |
| TOTAL | | 918 |

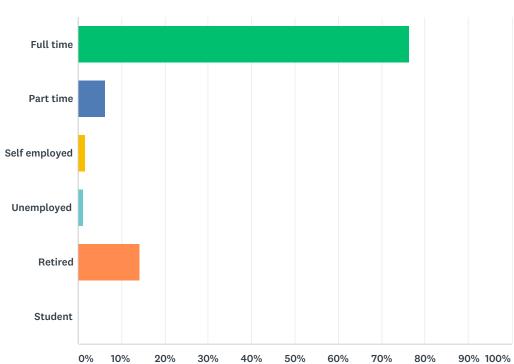
Q40 Household Income



| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|----------------------|-----------|-----|
| Less than \$20,000 | 7.59% | 67 |
| \$20,000 to \$39,999 | 15.29% | 135 |
| \$40,000 to \$59,999 | 18.91% | 167 |
| \$60,000 to \$79,999 | 18.80% | 166 |
| \$80,000 and over | 39.41% | 348 |
| TOTAL | | 883 |

Q41 Employment

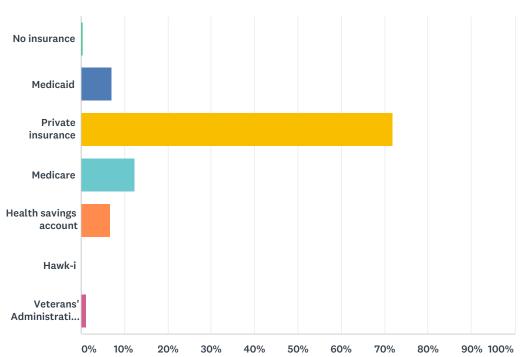




| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|----------------|-----------|-----|
| Full time | 76.35% | 707 |
| Part time | 6.26% | 58 |
| Self employed | 1.73% | 16 |
| Unemployed | 1.30% | 12 |
| Retired | 14.15% | 131 |
| Student | 0.22% | 2 |
| TOTAL | | 926 |

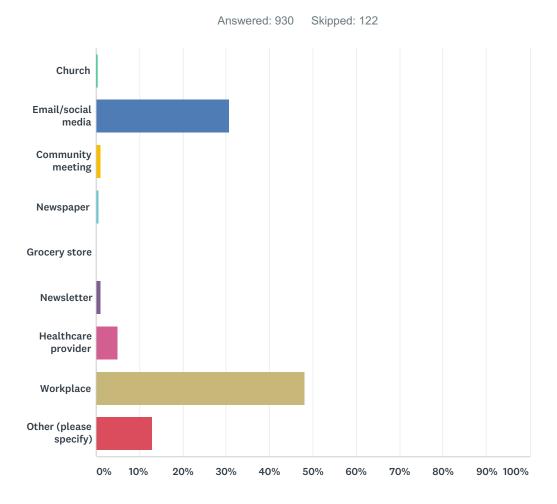
Q42 Healthcare Coverage





| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|--|-----------|-----|
| No insurance | 0.35% | 3 |
| Medicaid | 7.05% | 60 |
| Private insurance | 72.03% | 613 |
| Medicare | 12.34% | 105 |
| Health savings account | 6.70% | 57 |
| Hawk-i | 0.24% | 2 |
| Veterans' Administration/Tri Care/Active Duty Military | 1.29% | 11 |
| TOTAL | | 851 |

Q43 How did you get this survey?



| ANSWER CHOICES | RESPONSES | |
|------------------------|-----------|-----|
| Church | 0.32% | 3 |
| Email/social media | 30.75% | 286 |
| Community meeting | 1.08% | 10 |
| Newspaper | 0.54% | 5 |
| Grocery store | 0.22% | 2 |
| Newsletter | 1.08% | 10 |
| Healthcare provider | 4.95% | 46 |
| Workplace | 48.17% | 448 |
| Other (please specify) | 12.90% | 120 |
| TOTAL O | | 930 |

Q44 Additional Comments:

Answered: 75 Skipped: 977

Why do we complete a CHNA/HIP?

A county-wide collaboration lead by:

- Board of Health/Lee County Health Department
- Fort Madison Community Hospital
- UnityPoint Health- Keokuk

Purpose:

The Community Health Needs Assessment and Health Improvement Plan (CHNA&HIP) is an assessment of local health needs and report identifying goals and strategies to meet those needs. Every three years, our local county health board, in partnership with our hospitals, lead a community-wide discussion with residents, business owners, and community stakeholders regarding the public health issues of the community.

Outcomes:

- Increased community collaboration and engagement in improving the health of the county based on identified needs
- Focused community strategies with a written plan to address specific health needs with progress evaluated each year
- The assessment/plan can lead to additional grant funding and resources in the county to address our needs

2015-2018 CHNA/HIP

What have we accomplished?

Healthy Lifestyles Taskforce (Live Healthy Lee County)- Emily Biddenstadt

- Senior Produce Box Project/Community Garden Projects and partnerships created with youth involvement
- PORT of Fort Madison Phase I & II trail completed

Transportation Taskforce-Jamie Beskow

- Survey completed
- Promotion of SEIBUS/usage increased

Mental Health Taskforce-Ryanne Wood

• Standardized assessments have been identified and utilized for children o-4, children 5-10, 11-17, and 18 and older related to diagnostic categories of need.

"Standardizing these assessments will assist in historical data of outcome achievement across the life of an individual by providing baseline and ongoing progress/regress. Because of this progress, individual treatment planning can become more targeted to specific need and ensure services are engaged in the least intrusive beneficial and dignified manner to the recipients". Ryanne Wood, Taskforce Leader

Communication/Education and Motivation Taskforce-Michele Ross

- Veteran's Health Fair-guest presenters and vendors provided education
- Health Promotion Messaging on-going

Community Wide Survey

- In April 2018, Lee County Health Department, Fort Madison Community Hospital and UnityPoint Health-Keokuk designed the survey using survey monkey and paper format for distribution.
- The survey was distributed May 2018 through August 2018 using email, newsletters, social media, websites and in person contacts with employees as well as consumers with participating organizations and worksites.
- Efforts were made to include all relevant age groups and demographics of our population in the county.
- 1050 Respondents participated in the survey!

Promote Healthy Behaviors and Improve Health Outcomes

Reduce obesity rates; preventable hospital stays due to chronic disease

Strategy 1-1.1

Increase participation in programs by raising awareness among local providers to help them become better educators on local opportunities.

- 1. Work with area agencies to keep resource guide up to date. In process.
- 2. Provide opportunity for area agencies to present to FMCH Case Managers to share with providers/clinic staff at huddles. Due to COVID-19 pandemic we were not able to make this happen yet.

Strategy 1-1.4

Continue to monitor and promote trail development and complete streets efforts in Lee County.

- 1. Maintain FMCH representation on the PORT (Promoting Outdoor Recreational Trails) committee. FMCH continues to have a representative on the committee.
- 2. Continue to provide monetary support for the continuation of trail development. The GRHS-FMCH Community Health Foundation made a donation of \$1,500,000 to PORT for the continuation of trail development.

Prevent or reduce teen births and STD's among youth/young adults.

Strategy 2-1.1

Provide education to targeted groups and locations.

- 1. Work with area schools (FMCSD, HTC, and CLSD) to make health care professionals available to speak to middle/high school students each semester. Due to COVID-19 we were not able to go onsite to the schools during the past year.
- 2. Continue to participate in high school health fairs to provide education. We did participate pre-COVID shutdown in the high school health fair. Our infection preventionist presented on STD's.
- 3. Develop and facilitate pre-teen parent & student boot camp also would cover 3-1.4- at least once in the 3 year timeframe.

Strategy 2-1.2

Provide free access to condoms at key locations in the county.

1. Continue to distribute condoms in our Women's Center, ER and Main Clinic. No change.

Strategy 2-1.3

Utilize social media for education and outreach messaging.

1. Provide key messaging via Facebook 4x/year.

Prevent/reduce alcohol, tobacco and other drug abuse (ATOD) among our youth and adults (includes prescription drug abuse)

Strategy 3-1.4

Providers to educate patients on alternative treatments for prescription drugs; properly securing prescription medications from other household members/visitors, etc.

- 1. Provide annual Community Health Education with Pharmacists on Opioid use July 2019 first session. These were discontinued due to COVID-19. Looking to reinstate in 2022.
- 2. Create protocol and education materials for patients.
- 3. Working with the FMCH Pain Committee -provide continuing education for health care professionals on alternative treatments and how to recognize addiction. In process.
- 4. Work with the area schools to identify and offer motivational speaker for students and parents to address these topics act as presenting sponsor.
- 5. Promote prescription medication drop-off sites on FMCH social media, website and internal communication outlets.
- 6. Community Education Series with health professionals on addiction.

Improve the population's Mental Health and Well-being.

1. Continue to make mental health services available at FMCH. Outpatient mental health services continue to be offered. A new geriatric behavioral health unit is set to open July 1, 2021. This was delayed due to COVID-19

Promote Elderly Wellness

Improve the health, function and quality of life of older adults.

Strategy 1-1.1

Offer classes such as Matter of Balance, Stepping On, and Senior Fitness classes in key locations in the county every year.

- 1. Provide annual Stepping On class to community members. This was not offered due to COVID-19.
- 2. Re-instate Aquatic Therapy classes for Seniors. This was not offered due to COVID-19.

Strategy 1-2.2

Provide health management education and care coordination services to older adults i.e. chronic disease self-management, etc.

- 1. Continue to provide Community Health Education sessions -9x/year focusing more on chronic diseases- prevention, management, treatment options, etc. Put on hold due to COVID-19. Inpatient Geriatric Behavioral Health Unit set to open July 1, 2021.
- 2. Coordinate Cook with a Doc and Walk with a Doc programs- quarterly offerings 2 Cook with a Doc and 2 Walk with a Doc per year. Put on hold due to COVID-19.



LEE COUNTY INTERAGENCY DIRECTORY 2020

This can be found online at:

caofseia.org/resources/

Revised: 3/20



Is your life affected by poverty? We're here to help.

Programs may vary by center, have income guidelines, and may have limited funding available.

- Food Pantry
- (WIC) Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children
- Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP)
- Head Start
- Early Head Start
- Family Development and Self Sufficiency Program (FaDSS)
- Parents as Teachers (PAT)
- Preschool Scholarships
- Children's Bed Program
- Budget Counseling
- Employment Counseling
- Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP)

- Energy Crisis Assistance (Project Share)
- Furnace Repair and Replacement
- Clothing Assistance
- Disaster Assistance
- General Information and Referral
- Homeless Assistance
- Housing Assistance
- Emergency Rent and Utilities
- Senior Home Repair
- Medication Assistance Program (MAP)
- Rent Reimbursement Form Assistance
- Transportation Assistance
- Weatherization

More details on our website or contact your local center.

Community Action Centers

Burlington, Mt Pleasant, Ft Madison, Keokuk Open weekdays 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Columbus Junction (open M, T, Th)



Table of Contents

| ABUSE | 4 |
|--------------------------------------|----|
| CHILD CARE | 5 |
| CHILD DEVELOPMENT AND FAMILY SUPPORT | 5 |
| DENTAL CARE FOR CHILDREN | 8 |
| DENTAL CARE FOR ADULTS | 8 |
| EMPLOYMENT AND EDUCATION | 9 |
| FINANCIAL/FOOD/HOUSEHOLD | 11 |
| HEALTH SERVICES | 14 |
| IMMUNIZATIONS | 14 |
| LEAD TESTING | 15 |
| HOSPITALS | 15 |
| HOUSING | 16 |
| LEGAL | 18 |
| LIBRARIES | 18 |
| MEDICAL | 19 |
| MENTAL HEALTH & DISABILITY RESOURCES | 20 |
| SENIOR ASSISTANCE | 23 |
| SENIOR LIVING | 25 |
| SUPPORT/PREVENTION & SUBSTANCE ABUSE | 26 |
| TRANSPORTATION | 28 |
| VETERANS | 28 |
| INFORMATION HELP LINES | 29 |

ABUSE

<u>Child Abuse Hotline - National</u> 800-422-4453

Department of Human Services

| 933 Ave H, Ft Madison, IA 52627 | (319) 372-3651 |
|---|----------------|
| 307 Bank St, Keokuk, IA 52632 | (319) 524-1052 |
| Monday – Friday, 8 am – 4:30 pm | |
| To report child or dependent adult abuse in Iowa | 800-362-2178 |
| To report a change to Medicaid Food Assistance or FIP | 877-347-5678 |

<u>Domestic Violence Intervention Program (DVIP)</u> 319-520-0568

801 Main St, Ste 1D, Keokuk, IA 52631

Provides comprehensive domestic violence services. 24-hour crisis line, medical advocacy, legal advocacy, court advocacy support, individual counseling, referrals, protection orders, educational presentations, emergency cellular phones, domestic violence support group, pictures of injuries, agency training, volunteer and staff training.

24-Hour Crisis Line: 800-373-1043

Journey House, Transitional Housing

319-850-8699

Transitional housing for up to three months and supportive services for those who have experienced domestic violence.

1616 Dill St., Burlington, IA 52601

Prevent Child Abuse Iowa

515-244-2200 or 800-362-2178

505 Fifth Ave., Des Moines, IA 50309

Rape Victim Advocacy Program (RVAP)

319-541-9554

Monday – Friday, 9 am – 5 pm 1616 Dill St., Burlington, IA 52601 24-Hour Support, Advocacy & Referrals RVAP Crisis Line: 800-228-1625

Iowa Sexual Abuse Hotline: 800-284-7821

Provides free, confidential and trauma-informed services, healing, support, education and advocacy for victims to all persons affected by sexual violence.

CHILD CARE

Child Care Resource & Referral of Southeast Iowa 855-244-5301

Provides listing of local quality childcare providers.

Website: iowaccrr.org/

Community Action of Southeast Iowa

319-753-0193

See back for locations.

Head Start Preschool & Early Head Start Childcare

Head Start and Early Head Start provide educational & social activities, nutritious meals and snacks and medical & dental screenings, at no cost, to qualifying low-income children ages 0 to five. Applications are taken year round. Pregnant mothers, homeless and foster families, and families that have children with disabilities are encouraged to apply.

| Ft Madison | 319-372-4471 |
|------------|--------------|
| Keokuk | 319-524-6383 |

Department of Human Services 319-372-3651

933 Ave H, Ft Madison, IA,

307 Bank St, 319-524-1052

2134 Ave I, Ft Madison, IA

Child care cost assistance

http://dhs.iowa.gov/childcare

http://ccmis.dhs.state.ia.us/ClientPortal/ProviderSearch.aspx

CHILD DEVELOPMENT AND FAMILY SUPPORT

ActivStyle 800-651-6223 ext 3202

Children over four and on Medicaid. Children with disabilities may be eligible for diapers, pull-ups, liners and more under Iowa Medicaid with free home delivery. Website: www.activstyle.com

Child Health Specialty Clinics (CHSC) 641-682-8145

CHSC provides gap-filling clinical services, care coordination, and family to family support through wide array of special programs for children with special needs. Website: chsciowa.org/609 Church St., Ottumwa IA 52501

Monday – Thursday, 8 am – 4:30 pm Closed on Fridays.

<u>Child Support Recovery Unit</u> 319-753-6322 409 N. 4th St., Ste. 2, Burlington, IA 52601

Coordinated Intake319-372-5225Connects children and families to support andext 3523

home visiting resources.

<u>Cradle of Hope</u> 319-986-5336

503 22nd St, Ft Madison, IA Pregnancy Resource Center. Lower level of Living Hope Church of the Nazarene. Ft Madison Location 503 22nd St, Thursday 10am - 5pm or by appointment

Disabilities & Community Services Office

319-372-5681

307 Bank St, Keokuk, IA

Serves clients that are mentally disabled, developmentally is abled, and/or have a mental illness.

Family Development and Self-Sufficiency (FaDSS) 319-753-0193

3433 Ave O, Ft Madison, IA 52627

220 S 22nd St, Keokuk, IA, 319-524-6383

Program to assist families who are participating in the Family Investment Program (FIP) achieve economic and social self-sufficiency.

Great Prairie AEA/Early ACCESS

319-753-6561

3601 West Avenue, Burlington, IA

Specialized services for children and students with diverse learning needs, including identification, diagnosis, planning, and therapies for those with disabilities.

Hetta Gilbert Foundation

319-759-7091

Michelle LeKander

Mechell62@msn.com

Assistance for children's medical needs. Prescriptions, glasses, dental, Dr. visits, shoes, and coats.

HOPES 319-372-5225

Healthy Families Iowa in-home parent education, ext 3523 prenatal, birth- 5 years. Provided by Lee County Health Department.

Informed Choices

319-208-9445

Burlington Clinic 1013 S Central Ave, Burlington, IA 52601 Phone answered 24 hrs/day. Pregnancy testing, limited obstetrical ultrasound, STD risk assessments, STD testing, diagnosis & treatment, early prenatal care, information-abortion: procedures, risks, side effects, referrals for OB care and social services, adoption services, certified adoption liaisons and referrals for adoption services, abstinence education for middle & high school, post abortion recovery groups, & natural family planning education.

<u>Iowa State University Extension and</u> Outreach Lee County

319-835-5116

Connects parents to age appropriate resources like Just in Time Parenting and Science of Parenting

Lee County Health Department

800-458-6672

#3 John Bennett Drive, PO Box 1426, Ft Madison, IA ext 3524 Maternal Child Adolescent Health

(WIC) Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children - Community Action 319-209-2850

caofseia.org

Provides medical and nutritional assessments, education and supplemental foods for pregnant women, breast feeding and non-nursing mothers, infants and children up to 5 years old.

Young House Family Services

319-752-4000

400 S. Broadway, P.O. Box 845, Burlington, IA 52601 Monday – Friday, 8 am – 4:30 pm

Comprehensive array of services provided to individuals, children and families. Services include counseling services for individuals, families, couples, children and adolescents; Pediatric Integrated Health Home Program (PIHP), a free service for families with Medicaid benefits and have a child or children with emotional or behavioral health issues; Brief Intensive In-Home Services for children ages 6-17 without DHS or JCS involvement; Behavioral Health Intervention Services (BHIS) skills development services to children with disruptive behaviors connected to mental health needs; Early Parenting Intervention and Coaching (EPIC) for children ages 2-5 who are displaying behavioral issues; Adult and Adolescent Substances Abuse Program (ASAP), outpatient treatment for individuals experiencing struggling with drug or alcohol use.

DENTAL CARE FOR CHILDREN

| <u>Children's Dental Center</u> 409 Layne Dr, West Burlington, IA | 319-752-1444 |
|--|--------------------------|
| Dr. Michael Mathews, referral required, ages 0-3 CHC-SEI Keokuk Clinic Keokuk, IA Dental clinic | 319-524-5734 |
| Community Health Centers SEI Inc. 1706 W. Agency, West Burlington, IA Dental clinic | 319-752-5540 |
| Dental Clinic 320 N 3 rd St, Ste 516, Burlington, IA | 319-752-5540 |
| Dr. Paul Kunch 1605 Avenue E, Ft Madison, IA Ages 3 and up | 319-372-3390 |
| <u>Lee County Health Department</u> #3 John Bennett Drive, PO Box 1426, Ft Madison, IA I-Smile TM | 800-458-6672 ext 3526 |
| <u>University of Iowa</u> 801 Newton, Iowa City, IA College of Dentistry | 319-335-7485 |
| DENTAL CARE FOR ADULTS | |
| Community Health Centers SEI Inc. 1706 W. Agency, West Burlington, IA Dental clinic | 319-752-5540 |
| CHC-SEI Keokuk Clinic Keokuk, IA Dental clinic | 319-524-5734 |
| <u>Dental Clinic</u> 320 N 3 rd St, Ste 516, Burlington, IA | 319-752-5540 |

University of Iowa

319-335-7485

801 Newton, Iowa City, IA College of Dentistry

EMPLOYMENT AND EDUCATION

| A | dult B | Basic 1 | Educati | <u>ion</u> | | | 866-722-4692 |
|---|---------|---------|---------|------------|--------|-------|--------------|
| A | dult se | econd | ary edu | cation. | | | ext 5314 |
| т | 1 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 1 4 | 1 4 41 | CED (| |

Includes classwork needed to complete the GED test.

Adult Literacy Program 866-722-4692

CBIZ Center for Business 319-208-5375

Cbiz.iowa.com, Elevateiowa.com

English as a Second Language
Mt Pleasant center ext 5314

Experience Works, Inc 319-752-4364

"Improving the lives of older people through training, community service and employment"

FaDSS (Family Development Self-Sufficiency

Program)

Community Action of Southeast Iowa 319-753-0193 2850 Mt. Pleasant St., Ste. 108, Burlington, IA 52601

Program to assist families who are participating in the Family Investment Program (FIP) achieve economic and social self-sufficiency.

GED Testing Program

Must complete class in ABE/ASE prior to testing.

319-385-8012

ext 5312

Goodwill Career Resource Center 319-208-0292

1226 Main St, Keokuk, IA

The career center offers career exploration, assistance accessing community resources, computer and digital skill development, using online tools, interviewing and completing resumes and cover letters and job applications. The center will also coordinate job fair events to connect area employers with job seekers. No appointment is necessary and services are free to all. Hours of operation are Tuesday-Friday 1-5 pm and Saturdays 10-2 pm.

Community Action of Southeast Iowa

319-753-0193

Central Office: Monday – Friday, 8:30 am – 4:30 pm 2850 Mt. Pleasant St., Ste. 108, Burlington, IA 52601 caofseia.org

Head Start & Child Development

319-753-0193

Programs provide educational & social activities, nutritious meals and snacks and medical & dental benefits at no cost to qualifying low-income children ages three to five.

Iowa Workforce Development

319-372-4412

933 Ave H, Ft Madison, IA

Employment listings, job skill classes, resume/application assistance. Adult and youth employment programs.

Iowa@Work319-753-1674Youth, adult & dislocated worker programs.ext. 31453

Iowa Vocational Rehabilitation

319-753-2231

1000 N. Roosevelt,

Suite 7, Burlington, IA

Work with job candidates who have disabilities to reach their employment goals.

<u>Manpower</u> 319-753-1663

3101 Flint Hills Drive

Burlington, IA

<u>Promise Jobs</u> 319-753-1671

100 N Roosevelt, Burlington, IA Training services for Iowa Works

<u>Proteus, Inc</u> 800-397-9675

Job training, healthcare and assistance to seasonal and migrant farmworkers.

Southeastern Community College 866-722-4692

357 Messenger Rd, Keokuk, IA 52632

1500 W Agency Rd, West Burlington, IA 52655 319-752-2731

Taske Force, Inc 319-524-8767

1013 Main St, Keokuk, IA

Southeastern Community college programs

Temp Associates

1000 N. Roosevelt Burlington, IA 319-754-8857

<u>Youth Works</u> 319-313-1910

335 Messenger Road, Room 501, Keokuk, IA ext. 5308

Southeastern Community College, Ages 14-21

FINANCIAL/FOOD/HOUSEHOLD

American Red Cross

319-754-5496

2807 Summer St, Burlington, IA

Assistance with house fires, floods, winter storms, tornadoes.

Resources to help qualified military personnel.

Community Action of Southeast Iowa

319-372-4471

Eichacker Center, 3433 Avenue O, Ft Madison, IA

Marie Tallarico Center, 210 South 22nd St, Keokuk, IA 319-524-6383 Assistance with energy costs, food pantry, weatherization, housing, employment counseling, budgeting, furnace repair, elderly home & assistance, preschool scholarships, general information & referral.caofseia.org

Call for an appointment.

Women, Infants and Children (WIC)

319-209-2850

Ft Madison Clinic, First Christian Church

608 10th St, Ft Madison, IA

Keokuk Clinic

St Paul United Church of Christ, 2030 Plank Road, Keokuk, IA

Community Services Office

319-372-5681

307 Bank St, Keokuk, IA

May include rent, medical, funeral and/or transportation assistance The assistance is a "last resorts" funding.

Department of Human Services 319-372-3651

933 Ave H, Ft Madison, IA 888-381-6831

307 Bank St, Keokuk, IA 319-524-1052

Medicaid, food assistance, child and dependent adult welfare services.

End of Month Meals

319-372-1688

St. John's United Church, 501 10th St, Ft Madison, IA

First Christian Church

319-372-4193

608 – 10th St, Ft Madison, IA

M,W,Th 9:00 – 12:30; T 9:00 – 4:30

Rent, gas, electric, water, gas vouchers, food vouchers

Ft Madison United Methodist Church

319-372-6426

510 – 9th St, Ft Madison, IA

Rent, as, electric, water, gas vouchers

Ft Madison Food Pantry

319-372-8071

Mon, Wed, Fri 9-12 & 1-3, walk-in's welcome.

General Relief

319-376-0042

By appointment ext 3

God's Way Christian Center

319-524-8329

1629 Des Moines St, Keokuk, IA

Soup kitchen, homeless shelter, hygiene, ministry, bread ministry, emergency grocery, clothing closet, assistance to Iowa City Hospital. Contact for hours of operation and availability.

Goodwill

319-524-2525

226 Main St, Keokuk, IA Low cost clothing.

Holy Family Parrish

319-372-2127

11th & Ave E, Ft Madison, IA Utility help

Iowa State University Extension and

Outreach Lee County

319-835-5116

Provides finance programs that deal with basic money management, money and relationships and retirement and estate planning

Montrose Food Pantry

319-463-5610

United Methodist Church

Non-perishable foods, hygiene items, clothing

2nd and 4th Fridays from 1-3pm

No names or incomes are requested

For urgent needs call Elaine at 319-463-5610

Located at the corner of Second and Cedar Street, one block south of Casey's.

Rural Development

319-986-5800

Grants for repairs -62 years and up, homeowner. Low interest loans for low income family. Loans to purchase home at low and very low interest.

Salvation Army

319-372-2770

1415 Avenue M, Ft Madison, IA

31 South 30th St, Keokuk, IA

319-524-1144

Disaster services, emergency assistance/financial/seasonal services, family counseling, older adult services, camping activities, worship center/services, children, teens and adult Sunday school, women & men's ministries, boys & girls club, character building programs, community recreation programs, provides meals.

Salvation Army Thrift Store

319-372-1613

927 1/2 Ave G, Ft Madison, IA

SEIA Regional Planning

319-753-5107

211 N Gear Ave, West Burlington, IA

Strengthening the abilities of local communities to meet their individual needs related to home ownership.

Seventh Day Adventist Church

319-372-3291

17th & Ave I, Ft Madison, IA

T 9:00 – 1:00, 1st Sunday of month 12:00 – 2:00 (Clothes give away)

SHARE Iowa

800-344-1107

Food packages, 50% retail savings. http://shareiowa.com

Tri-State Family Services

800-357-1991

Counseling, clothing and classes.

VA Home Front

877-424-3838

Help for vets with housing, jobs, health care, education, and more.

Victory Faith Church

319-372-8484

2359 – 53rd St, Ft Madison, IA

Utility and rent help

HEALTH SERVICES

Amerigroup Iowa, Inc.

800-600-4441

Email: iowamedicaid@amerigroup.com

Member Services Website: https://providers.amerigroup.com/ia

Child Health Specialty Clinics (CHSC)

641-682-8145

CHSC provides gap-filling clinical services, care coordination, and family to family support through wide array of special programs for children with special needs. Website: chsciowa.org/

609 Church St., Ottumwa IA 52501

Monday – Thursday, 8 am – 4:30 pm Closed on Fridays.

Healthy Kids in Iowa (Hawk-i)

800-458-6672

Free or low cost insurance, including dental insurance.

Iowa Department of Public Health

515-601-0142

1616 Dill St, Burlington, IA Fax 515-725-1278 Division of behavioral health, bureau of HIV, STD and Hepatitis, rural

outreach covers Lee County

Iowa Medicaid Providers:

UnitedHealthcare Community Plan 800-464-9484
Member Services: TTY 711

Lion's Club 319-524-8833

1026 Main Street Keokuk, IA Vouchers for glasses for those in need

My IA Condoms

www.MyIACondoms.org

Sexual health. Free condoms, have them delivered to your home or find where they are available in the community. Discover where STD testing is offered and other resources and supports.

IMMUNIZATIONS

Lee County Health Department

800-458-6672

#3 John Bennett Drive, PO Box 1426, Ft Madison, IA ext 3507 4th Thursday of month, except for holidays.

12:00 pm - 5:30 pm

Trinity United Methodist Church, 2330 Plank Rd, Keokuk, IA 2nd Thursday of each month, except for holidays

12:00 pm - 4:30 pm

LEAD TESTING

| Lee County Health Department Capillary blood testing. | 800-458-6672 ext 3507 |
|--|--|
| VISION/HEARING SCREENING | |
| American Eye Care 2235 Avenue L, Ft Madison, IA | 319-372-2020 |
| 2025 Main St, Keokuk, IA | 319-524-2020 |
| Dr. Greenfield 3341 Main St Keokuk, IA | 319-524-3892 |
| Dr. Larry Peck 716 Avenue G, Ft Madison, IA | 319-372-2321 |
| 1813 Main St, Keokuk, IA | 319-524-3651 |
| Great Prairie AEA Hearing and developmental screenings. | 319-753-6561 |
| <u>InfantSEE</u> Public health program, local optometrists who provide a eye exam to infants, age 6 months – 1 year. | 888-396-3937 no-cost infant |
| <u>Lions Club</u> 2300 S. Duff Ave., Ames, IA 50010 | 515-232-2215 |
| In Burlington call Mike Zaiser at Lions Clubs are working to end preventable blindness. | 319-752-1361. Preschool vision valions@aol.com |
| Tristate Eyecare Center 914 Avenue G, Ft Madison, IA | 319-372-5181 |
| HOSPITALS | |
| Great River Medical Center 1221 S. Gear Ave., West Burlington, IA 52655 | 319-768-1000 |
| Ft Madison Community Hospital 5445 Avenue O, Ft Madison, IA 52627 | 319-372-6530 |

Keokuk Are Hospital319-524-43001603 Morgan St, Ste 3, Keokuk, IA319-369-7211St. Luke's (Cedar Rapids)319-369-72111026 A Ave. NE, Cedar Rapids, IA 52406319-356-1616University of Iowa Health Care319-356-1616200 Hawkins Dr., Iowa City, IA 52242

<u>Veterans Memorial Hospital</u> 319-338-0581 or 866-687-7382 601 Hwy 6 West, Iowa City, IA 52246

HOUSING

Bluff Apartments
5202 River Valley Rd, Ft Madison, IA 52627
Income based housing. Must meet the guidelines.

<u>Eagle Bluff Apartments</u> 319-376-1311 2803 Ave A, Ft Madison, IA 52627

Income based housing for 62 & older or disabled/handicapped.

Emma Cornelis Hospitality House
2733 Ave N, Ft Madison, IA
Temporary housing for those who are homeless.
319-372-3983

<u>Ft Madison Housing Authority</u> 319-372-6083 1102 48th St, Ft Madison, IA

Ft Madison Park Apartments
1125 – 48th St, Ft Madison, IA 52627
Income based housing for 62 & older or disabled/handicapped.

God's Way Christian Center
1629 Des Moines St, P.O. Box 962, Keokuk, IA
Homeless shelter

Homeless Shelter

319-754-6791

123 N. Marshall St., Burlington, IA 52601

We provide emergency shelter and support to those in need. We work with outside resources, work on personal goals and budget planning and provide most needs during their stay. Must have an Iowa ID and be willing to work. We do not take sex offenders or anyone with an active warrant. Funded by the community and United Way.

Iowa Rental Locator

877-428-8844

Free service, funded by Iowa Finance Authority. iowahousingsearch.org

Journey House, Transitional Housing

319-850-8699

Transitional housing for up to three months and supportive services for those who have experienced domestic violence.

1616 Dill St., Burlington, IA 52601

Keokuk Housing Authority

319-524-4386

111 S. 2nd St, Keokuk, IA

Keokuk Park Apartments

319-524-4176

868 Johnson St Rd #H5, Keokuk, IA 52632 Income based 2-3 bedroom units. No pets. Family based.

Keokuk Senior Lofts

319-774-1251

925 Main St, Keokuk, IA 52632 Income based housing for 55 years & up.

River Terrace

319-524-8856

128 Bank St, Keokuk, IA 52632

Income based housing for 62 years & older, or disabled.

Southeast Regional Housing Authority

319-753-5109

218 N 3rd St, Ste 309, Burlington, IA 52601

Rental assistance under section 8 housing choice voucher program **OUTSIDE** of Burlington city limits, includes Des Moines, Henry, Lee, and Louisa Counties.

Talbot Sober Living House

319-795-6264

810 Timea St, Keokuk, Iowa 52632

Housing for men in recovery. Must be clean on arrival. Low-income apartments in Ft Madison & Keokuk.

VA Home Front 877-424-3838

Help for vets with housing, jobs, health, education & more.

Westport Terrace Apartments

319-313-8027

950 Johnson St Rd, Keokuk, IA 52632 Income based housing for 18 years & older.

LEGAL

| Attorney Referral Services of the Iowa State Bar Ass | Association |
|---|-------------|
|---|-------------|

www.iowafindalawyer.com 800-532-1108

Disability Rights IOWA 800-779-2502

Eight Judicial District

811 Ave G, Ft Madison, IA 319-372-6678

Fax 319-372-6682

1508 Morgan St, Keokuk, IA 319-524-6591 Fax 319-524-6595

Juvenile Court Services

710 Avenue F, Ft Madison, IA

Iowa Legal Aid 800-532-1275

Southeast Iowa, 112 East 3rd St, Ottumwa, IA

<u>Iowa State Public Defender</u> 319-753-5163

216 S. 3rd St., Burlington, IA 52601 Monday – Friday, 8 am – 4:30 pm

Lee County Sheriff 319-372-1152

2530 – 255th St, Montrose, IA

State Attorney General 515-281-5926 or 888-777-4590

Consumer Protection Division www.iowaattorneygeneral.org

LIBRARIES

Donnellson Public Library 319-835-5545

411 Main St, Donnellson, IA

| Ft Madison Public Library 1920 Avenue E, Ft Madison, IA | 319-372-5721 |
|--|--------------|
| Keokuk Public Library 210 N. 5th St, Keokuk, IA | 319-524-1483 |
| Montrose Public Library 200 Main St, Montrose, IA | 319-463-5532 |
| Southeastern Community College Public Library 210 N. 5th St, Keokuk, IA | 319-524-1483 |
| West Point Public Library 317 5 th St, PO Box 236, West Point, IA | 319-524-1483 |
| MEDICAL | |
| Advanced Home Health Care 1603 Morgan St, Ste 8, Keokuk, IA | 319-524-2144 |
| Community Health Centers of SE Iowa 400 N 17th St, Keokuk, IA – General Health 1620 Main St, Keokuk, IA – Dental | 319-524-5734 |
| Dr. William Schulte, M.D 1603 Morgan St, Suite 6, Keokuk, IA | 319-524-7444 |

Family Planning Clinic

319-768-1225

801 S. Roosevelt Avenue, Suite C, Burlington, IA

Affordable Reproductive Health Services

Well-woman and well-man examinations, Birth control methods on site, Pap smears and breast exams, Sexually transmitted disease testing and treatment, Urinary tract and vaginal infection testing and treatment, Pregnancy testing, Rapid HIV testing.

All services are confidential. Clinic fees are based on income, and no one is denied services based on their ability to pay. Most major insurance plans accepted.

Same day appointments available. Hours: 10 AM - 6 PM Monday, Tuesday and Thursday. 8 AM - 1 PM Friday. Open Wednesday 1 PM - 5 PM for supplies only.

All services are provided by a nurse practitioner specializing in birth control and STIs.

| Ft Madison Community Hospital 5409 Ave O, Ft Madison, IA | 319-372-6530 |
|---|--------------------------|
| Unity Point Health 1600 Morgan St, Keokuk, IA | 319-524-7150 |
| OMG Primary Care Prompt Care OCC Health 1603 Morgan St, Keokuk, IA | 319-524-4300 |
| Keokuk Medical Center 1414 Main St, Keokuk, IA | 319-524-6311 |
| <u>Lee County Health Department</u> #3 John Bennett Drive, PO Box 1426, Ft Madison, IA Maternal Child Adolescent Health | 800-458-6672 ext 3524 |
| My Care Walk-In Clinic 5409 Ave O, Suite 1, Ft Madison, IA M - F 10 am - 6 pm, Sat 8 am - 2 pm | 319-376-2134 |
| Physicians & Surgeons 5409 Ave O, Ft Madison, IA | 319-376-2134 |
| Social Security Administration 3920 Division St, Burlington, IA | 800-772-1213 |
| The Women's Center 5409 Ave O, Suite 122, Ft Madison, IA | 319-376-2400 |

MENTAL HEALTH & DISABILITY RESOURCES

| Counseling Associates, Inc. | 319-372-7689 |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|
| 1014 Ave H, Suite #1, Ft Madison, IA | |
| 1522 Morgan St, Keokuk, IA | 319-524-0510 |

Disabilities Rights Iowa

800-779-2502

Disabilities & Community Services Office

319-372-5681

307 Bank St, Keokuk, IA

319-376-0042

Coordinates services for persons with mental illness, and disabilities.

Families First Counseling Services

888-316-3025

560 N. Division St, Ste 270, Burlington, IA Title 19/Private pay.

Ft Madison Community Hospital

319-376-1130

5409 Ave O, Ste 125, Ft Madison, IA Psychiatry

Great Prairie AEA

319-753-6561

Developmental screenings. Autism specialist. Challenging behavior specialist.

Keokuk office

319-524-2682

Grinstead and Associates

319-754-8035

610 N. 4th St, River Park Place, Ste. 110A, Burlington, IA 52601 Individual, family counseling, group couple therapy, etc. counselinginfo@ogpassociates.com

Hope Haven

319-754-4689

1819 Douglas St, Burlington, IA 52601

Can Redemption: Monday – Friday, 9 am – 4pm

Hopefully Yours Thrift Store: Monday – Friday, 9:30 am – 5 pm

Saturday, 9:30 am - 4 pm

Organization provides rehabilitation, employment, housing,& case management services for physically and mentally challenged persons.

605 – 7th St, Ft Madison, IA

319-372-7555

Drop in center & services

For services in Keokuk, call or visit the Ft Madison location.

Iowa Crisis Counseling Helpline

800-332-4224

Iowa Vocational Rehabilitation

319-753-2231

1000 N. Roosevelt, Suite 7, Burlington, IA

Work with job candidates who have disabilities to reach their employment goals. For services in Keokuk, call the Burlington office.

Lee County Health Department

800-458-6672

#3 John Bennett Drive, PO Box 1426, Ft Madison, IA ext 3524 Maternal and Child Health 0-21 years of age. Screenings and home visits.

Mid-Iowa Family Therapy Clinic, Inc., Institute for Therapy and Psychological Solutions, LLC 319-208-1280

205 Washington St, Suite 200, Burlington, IA Play therapy services offered.

NAMI Great River Area Support Groups

319-750-2220

P.O Box 515, West Burlington, IA Mental health support and information.

Optimae Life Services

319-372-3566

509 Avenue F, Ft Madison, IA

Individual counseling, couples counseling, family and children's counseling, psychiatry, psychiatric evaluations, individual community support services, respite services, day program, intensive services, and waiver home services.

elybarger@optimaelifeservices.com

Pediatric Integrated Health Home

319-752-4000

400 S Broadway, Burlington, IA

Must have Title 19 and Mental Health Diagnosis.

Special Needs Foundation

319-752-8711

829 Harrison Ave., Burlington, IA Monday, Wednesday, Friday, 10 am – 2 pm

Social Security Office

800-772-1213 or 866-338-4183

3920 Division St., Burlington, IA 52601

Monday – Friday, 9 am – 3:30 pm Except Federal Holidays.

U of I Children's Hospital

877-686-0031

100 Hawkins Drive, Iowa City, IA Center for disabilities and development.

<u>Veterans Adm. Medical Center</u> 866-687-7382 or 319-338-0581 601 Hwy 6 West, Iowa City, IA 52246

The Iowa City Department of Veterans Affairs Health Care System is a comprehensive tertiary health care center, teaching hospital, and research

facility. Referrals are accepted from VA Medical Centers throughout the nation for complex diagnostic and treatment modalities. The Iowa City facility is known for a wide range of specialized medical programs. It has a strong and effective affiliation with the University of Iowa, College of Medicine. The Medical Center operates 83 beds, including 43 medicine/neurology beds, 25 surgery, 10 intensive care beds, and 15 psychiatry beds.

Young House Family Services

319-752-4000

400 S. Broadway, P.O. Box 845, Burlington, IA 52601

Monday - Friday, 8 am - 4:30 pm

Comprehensive array of services provided to individuals, children and families. Services include counseling services for individuals, families, couples, children and adolescents; Pediatric Integrated Health Home Program (PIHP), a free service for families with Medicaid benefits and have a child or children with emotional or behavioral health issues; Brief Intensive In-Home Services for children ages 6-17 without DHS or JCS involvement; Behavioral Health Intervention Services (BHIS) skills development services to children with disruptive behaviors connected to mental health needs; Early Parenting Intervention and Coaching (EPIC) for children ages 2-5 who are displaying behavioral issues; Adult and Adolescent Substances Abuse Program (ASAP), outpatient treatment for individuals experiencing struggling with drug or alcohol use.

SENIOR ASSISTANCE

Alzheimer's Association

800-272-3900

PO Box 548, West Burlington, IA 52655

We have a variety of services in person, virtual, phone and online to offer the community. All service information, educational opportunities, support group information etc. is located on our website at alz.org or by calling, which is answered by a live person 24/7 to assist callers.

Community Action of Southeast Iowa

319-372-4471

See the back cover for contact information.

Rental assistance, utility assistance, food, furnace, home repair, information and referral. caofseia.org

Donnellson Health Center

319-835-5621

901 State St, Donnellson, IA

Heritage Senior Center

508 Main St, Keokuk, IA

319-524-5464

Milestones Area Agency on Aging

319-752-5433

509 Jefferson St., Burlington, IA 52601

Monday – Friday, 8 am – 4:30 pm

Information and referrals, senior nutrition, family caregiver programs, counseling, wellness and safety, elder rights and abuse prevention, older worker employment program. Services for those with disabilities, veterans, and family caregivers.

Newberry Center

319-372-3147

728 Ave G, Ft Madison, IA Congregate and delivered meals.

RSVP Of Lee County (United Way Resource Center) 319-372-8043

3421 Ave L, Ft Madison, IA

Ftmadisonrsvp@gamil.com

Matches interests of people over 55 with rewarding part-time volunteer opportunities for community service through local non-profit and public agencies.

Rural Development

319-986-5800

Grants for repairs -62 years and up, homeowner. Low interest loans for low income families. Loans to purchase home at low and very low interest.

Social Security Office (no local #) 800-772-1213 or 866-338-4183 3920 Division St., Burlington, IA 52601 Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday, 9 am – 3 pm

Wednesday, 9 am – 12 pm

Salvation Army

319-372-2770

1415 Avenue M, Ft Madison, IA 31 South 30th St, Keokuk, IA

319-524-1144

Disaster services, emergency assistance/financial/seasonal services, family counseling, older adult services, camping activities, worship center/services, children, teens and adult Sunday school, women & men's ministries, boys & girls club, character building programs, community recreation programs, provides meals.

SENIOR LIVING

| Eagle Bluff Apartments 2803 Ave A, Ft Madison, IA Low income housing for seniors | 319-376-1311 |
|--|--------------|
| Ft Madison Housing Authority 1102 – 48 th St, Ste 1, Ft Madison, IA Low income housing for seniors | 319-372-6083 |
| Keokuk Housing Authority 111 S 2 nd St, Keokuk, IA Low income housing for seniors | 319-524-4386 |
| The Kensington Assisted Living Facility 2210 Ave H, Ft Madison, IA | 319-372-4233 |
| Kings Daughters and Sons Retirement Home 628 S. Leebrick St, Burlington, IA | 319-752-6683 |
| Mississippi Valley, Senior Wellness & Rehabilitation Center 500 Messenger Rd, Keokuk, IA | 319-524-5321 |
| The Madison | 319-372-8021 |
| 1702 – 41 st St, Ft Madison, IA Special Care Unit (Alzheimer's Unit), Respiratory Care Rehabilitation Therapy, Physical Therapy, Occupationa Speech Therapy. | |
| Montrose Health Center 400 S 7 th St, Montrose, IA | 319-463-5438 |
| River Hills Village 20 Village Circle, Keokuk, IA | 319-524-5772 |
| River Terrace Apartments 128 Bank St, Keokuk, IA | 319-524-8856 |
| SunnyBrook Assisted Living 5025 River Valley Rd, Ft Madison, IA | 319-372-8611 |

SUPPORT/PREVENTION & SUBSTANCE ABUSE

(ADDs) Alcohol and Drug Dependency Services of

<u>Southeast Iowa</u> 319-753-6567

1340 Mt. Pleasant St, Burlington, IA

928 Main St, Keokuk, IA 319-524-4397

Substance related and gambling addiction counseling. Prevention and education services to schools and community groups. Call for a listing of local AA/NA groups.

<u>Celebrate Recovery</u> 319-237-8400

1602 Ave F, Ft Madison, IA ext 301

A Christ Centered Recovery Program

Tues 6:30 meal, 7:00 program. Childcare provided for 0-3 year olds.

Child Abuse Prevention Council of Lee County 319-316-2812

Child & Dependent Adult Abuse Hotline 800-362-2178

Community Partnerships for Protecting Children 319-385-8126

127 N. Main St, Mt Pleasant, IA

Counseling Associates, Inc. 319-372-7689

1014 Ave H, Suite #1, Ft Madison, IA

1522 Morgan St, Keokuk, IA 319-524-0510

<u>Daily Bread Recovery Center</u> 319-752-8368 or 319-470-8905 Christian based residential recovery center for men. Burlington.

Domestic Violence Intervention Program 800-373-1043

801 Main St, Ste 1D, Keokuk, IA 319-520-0568

Crisis support hotline, emergency shelter, advocacy, and youth services.

Effie Sue House 319-208-1521

909 Court St, Burlington, IA

Aftercare/transitional living program. Requires 30 days sobriety.

Contact for an application.

| Ft Madison Community Hospital 5409 Ave O, Ste 125, Ft Madison, IA | 319-376-1130 |
|---|---|
| <u>Iowa Domestic Violence Hotline</u> 24 Hour Hotline | 800-942-0333 |
| <u>Iowa Sexual Abuse Hotline</u> | 800-284-7821 |
| Milestone Family Caregiver Support Program 509 Jefferson St, Burlington, IA | 319-752-5433 ext 508 |
| (NAMI) National Alliance on Mental Illness namigreatriverarea@gmail.com NAMI Great River Area information and support groups mental illness and their loved ones. | 319-750-2220 319-371-1959 319-392-4016 for people with |
| Rape Crisis Line | 800-228-1625 |
| Rape Victim Advocacy Program 801 Main St, Suite 1B, Keokuk, IA | 319-541-0963 |
| <u>Talbot Sober Living House</u> 810 Timea St, Keokuk, Iowa 52632 Housing for men in recovery | 319-795-6264 |
| Young House Family Services 400 S. Broadway, P.O. Box 845, Burlington, IA 52601 Monday – Friday, 8 am – 4:30 pm | 319-752-4000 |

Monday – Friday, 8 am – 4:30 pm

Comprehensive array of services provided to individuals, children and families. Services include counseling services for individuals, families, couples, children and adolescents; Pediatric Integrated Health Home Program (PIHP), a free service for families with Medicaid benefits and have a child or children with emotional or behavioral health issues; Brief Intensive In-Home Services for children ages 6-17 without DHS or JCS involvement; Behavioral Health Intervention Services (BHIS) skills development services to children with disruptive behaviors connected to mental health needs; Early Parenting Intervention and Coaching (EPIC) for children ages 2-5 who are displaying behavioral issues; Adult and Adolescent Substances Abuse Program (ASAP), outpatient treatment for individuals experiencing struggling with drug or alcohol use.

TRANSPORTATION

Amerigroup Iowa (Logisticare)

844-544-1389

Mileage reimbursement or non-emergency Medicaid transportation.

FMCH Van Services

319-376-2227

Transportation for doctor/hospital visit. Must schedule ride. Available in Ft Madison, Donnellson, Montrose, and West Point; Mon-Fri

Iowa Totalcare Transportation Services

833-404-1061

SEIBUS (Public Transportation)

866-753-5107

Providing Public Transit Service for Southeast Iowa including Lee, Henry, Louisa and Des Moines Counties. From these counties to Iowa City as well. Curb to Curb service available to general public and those with disabilities (Wheelchair Accessible)

Call at least 24 hours in advance for reservations www.seirpc.com

Trailways

| 629 Blondeau St, Keokuk, IA | 319-524-6782 |
|-----------------------------|--------------|
| 5002 Ave O, Ft Madison, IA | 800-992-4618 |

VETERANS

American Legion

| 727 Main St, Keokuk, IA | 319-524-7831 |
|--|--------------|
| 309 – 5 th St, West Point, IA | 319-837-6711 |
| 103 S Front St, Farmington, IA | 319-878-3908 |

<u>Lee County Veterans Affairs</u> 319-372-5853

933 Ave H, Ft Madison, IA

Veteran's Assistance at Iowa Workforce 319-753-1671 ex31411

Veteran's Homelessness Assistance 877-424-3838

<u>Veterans Memorial Hospital</u> 319-338-0581 or 866-687-7382

 $601~\mathrm{Hwy}$ 6 West, Iowa City, IA 52246

Provides a comprehensive tertiary health care center, teaching hospital, and research facility. Referrals are accepted from VA Medical Centers

throughout the nation for complex diagnostic and treatment modalities. It has a strong and effective affiliation with the University of Iowa, College of Medicine.

INFORMATION HELP LINES

| 211 Resource & Referral Information | 2-1-1 |
|---|-------------------------------|
| AIDS HotlineIO | OWA 800-232-4636 |
| AIDS HotlineIOWA-Sp | panish 800-344-7432 |
| Alcoholism & Drug Dependence | 800-622-2255 |
| Alcohol – Drug Treatment Referral Network | 800-996-3784 |
| Alzheimer's Association | 800-272-3900 |
| Alzheimer's & Related Disorders | 800-272-3900 |
| American Cancer Society | 800-227-2345 |
| American Heart Association | 800-242-8721 |
| American Lung Association of Iowa | 800-586-4872 |
| AnswerLine | 800-2623804 |
| Bets Off | 800-586-4872 (800) BETSOFF |
| Better Business Bureau563-355-63 | 44 or 515-243-8137 |
| Bureau of Vital Statistics | 515-281-4944 |
| CDC Workplace Safety and Health Topics | 800-232-4636 |
| Center for Missing & exploited Children, Nation | nal800-843-5678 |
| Center for Substance Abuse Prevention, Workp Helpline 800-662-43 | |

| Child Abuse Council | 309-736-7170 |
|--|-----------------|
| Child Abuse Hotline, National | 800-422-4453 |
| Child Care Resource Referral866-324-3236 | or 563-324-3236 |
| Child Support Recovery Unit | 800-586-4872 |
| COMPASS, Iowa (for disabled and their families) | 800-779-2001 |
| Cybertip Hotline (exploitation of children on interne & missing children) | |
| DHS Keokuk | 319-524-1052 |
| DHS Ft Madison | 319-372-3651 |
| DNA Diagnostics – DNA Testing (Paternity Testing) | 800-362-2368 |
| Domestic Abuse Hotline | 800-799-7233 |
| Equal Opportunity Employer | 800-669-4000 |
| Families Extension Answer Line (ISU – home and family questions) | 800-262-3804 |
| Foundation II Crisis Line, 24 hours (full service crisis line) | 800-332-4224 |
| Gambling Hotline | 800-238-7633 |
| Healthy Families (prenatal health care) | 800-369-2229 |
| Insurance Commissioner of Iowa | 877-955-1212 |
| Internal Revenue Service (IRS – Federal Income Tax Info) | 800-829-1040 |
| Iowa Concern Hotline (help with legal issues, crisis/dovercoming adversity, stress, and financial concerns www.extension.iastate.edu/iowaconcern |) |

| Iowa Family Caregiver | 866-468-7887 |
|---|-----------------|
| Iowa – Illinois Safety Council515-276-4724 | or 800-568-2495 |
| Iowa Occupational Safety & Health Division of Labor515-281-5387 | or 800-562-4692 |
| Iowa Office of Consumer Affairs | 855-622-4692 |
| Iowa OSHA515-281-8066 c | or 515-284-4794 |
| Iowa Substance Abuse Information Center | 866-242-4111 |
| IOWA Weather & Road Conditions | 800-288-1047 |
| Lead Poisoning | 800-972-2026 |
| Legal Aid | 800-272-0008 |
| Medicare/Social Security Office | 800-772-1213 |
| Medicare Hotline | 800-633-4227 |
| Mold questions | 515-281-8561 |
| Narcotics Hotline (report suspected meth labs) | 800-532-0052 |
| National Crisis Hotline | 800-521-7128 |
| National Safety Council | 800-621-7615 |
| National Youth Crisis Hotline | 800-448-4663 |
| Poison Control Center | 515-281-8561 |
| Rape, Abuse, & Incest National Network (RAINN) | 800-656-4673 |
| Sexual Abuse Hotline | 800-284-7821 |
| Social Security Hotline and Administration | 866-338-4183 |

| Social Security Disability (SSDI) Info | 866-338-4183 |
|---|------------------|
| Suicide Lifeline | 800-273-8255 |
| Supplemental Security Income (SSI)Substance Abuse Center IOWA | |
| TMS (Transportation Management Group) | 866-572-7662 |
| Teen Line | 800-443-8336 |
| University of Iowa Hospitals & Clinics | 800-777-8442 |
| Veteran Services – Ft Madison | 319-372-5853 |
| Veteran Services - Keokuk | 319-524-7831 |
| Weather & Road Information Iowa Department of Transportation Travelers I | nfo 800-288-1047 |

Do you need help with your heating bill?

Community Action of Southeast Iowa is taking applications for the elderly and disabled from 10/01/18 and all others from 11/01/18 through 04/30/19 for the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP).

Eligibility for participation is established according to the following Federal Household Income Guidelines.

| Household Size | Annual Income | One Month Income |
|----------------------------|---------------|------------------|
| 1 | \$ 1,821 | \$ 21,858 |
| 2 | \$ 2,466 | \$ 29,593 |
| 3 | \$ 3,110 | \$ 37,328 |
| 4 | \$ 3,755 | \$ 45,063 |
| 5 | \$ 4,399 | \$ 52,798 |
| For each additional member | Add \$644 | Add \$7,735 |

YOU WILL NEED TO TAKE THE FOLLOWING WHEN YOU APPLY:

- Proof of income: 2018 or 2019 Federal Tax Return (pages 1&2).
 If you have not filed your 2019 tax return, we can take your last 30 days of all income.
- Current heating bill or propane vendor bill.
- Current electric bill.
- PROOF of Social Security numbers are REQUIRED for all household members.

Where to call for your appointment:

| Des Moines County | Des Moines County Center | 319-753-2893 |
|-------------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| Henry County | Tolson Center | 319-385-2310 |
| Louisa County | Community Action Center | 319-728-2314 |
| North Lee County | Eichacker Center | 319-372-4471 |
| South Lee County | Marie Tallarico Center | 319-524-6383 |

This program is designed to pay a portion (not the total) of a household's energy costs. Eligibility is determined by several factors including: total household income, household size, dwelling type, type of heating fuel, among others

¿Necesita ayuda con su factura de la calefacción?

Community Action of Southeast Iowa se está llevando a las solicitudes de las personas mayores y personas con discapacidad desde 10/01/19 y todos los demás de 11/01/19 a través 04/30/20 para el Programa de Hogares de Bajos Ingresos de Asistencia de Energía (LIHEAP).

La elegibilidad para la participación se establece de acuerdo a las siguientes pautas federales de ingresos del hogar.

| Tamaño del Hogar | Ingresos Uno Meses | Ingresos anuales |
|----------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | \$ 1,821 | \$ 21,858 |
| 2 | \$ 2,466 | \$ 29,593 |
| 3 | \$ 3,110 | \$ 37,328 |
| 4 | \$ 3,755 | \$ 45,063 |
| 5 | \$ 4,399 | \$ 52,798 |
| For each additional member | Add \$644 | Add \$7,735 |

YOU WILL NEED TO TAKE THE FOLLOWING WHEN YOU APPLY:

- Comprobante de ingresos de las últimas 4 semanas o la más reciente declaración de impuestos (2018 o 2019).
- Factura de calefacción más reciente o propano vendedor.
- Factura de electricidad reciente.
- PRUEBA de los números de Seguro Social que son Requeridos.

Donde llamar para hacer una Cita

| Des Moines County | Des Moines County Center | 319-753-2893 |
|-------------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| Henry County | Tolson Center | 319-385-2310 |
| Louisa County | Community Action Center | 319-728-2314 |
| North Lee County | Eichacker Center | 319-372-4471 |
| South Lee County | Marie Tallarico Center | 319-524-6383 |

Este programa está diseñado para pagar una parte (no total) de los costos de energía de un hogar. La elegibilidad es determinada por varios factores, entre ellos: el ingreso total del hogar, tamaño del hogar, vivienda tipo, el tipo de combustible para calefacción, entre otros.

Important Numbers 35



Eichacker Community Action Center

3433 Ave O Ft Madison, IA 52627 319- 372-4471

Marie Tallarico Community Action Center

220 South 22nd Keokuk, IA 52632 319- 524-6383

Richardson School Head Start

1020 34th St Ft Madison, IA 52627 319-372-5462

Central Office

2850 Mt Pleasant St, Suite 108 Burlington, IA 52601 319-753-0193

community.action@caofseia.org

^{*} to update agency information email central office

Why do we complete a CHNA/HIP?

A county-wide collaboration lead by:

- Board of Health/Lee County Health Department
- Fort Madison Community Hospital
- UnityPoint Health- Keokuk

Purpose:

The Community Health Needs Assessment and Health Improvement Plan (CHNA&HIP) is an assessment of local health needs and report identifying goals and strategies to meet those needs. Every three years, our local county health board, in partnership with our hospitals, lead a community-wide discussion with residents, business owners, and community stakeholders regarding the public health issues of the community.

Outcomes:

- Increased community collaboration and engagement in improving the health of the county based on identified needs
- Focused community strategies with a written plan to address specific health needs with progress evaluated each year
- The assessment/plan can lead to additional grant funding and resources in the county to address our needs

2015-2018 CHNA/HIP

What have we accomplished?

Healthy Lifestyles Taskforce (Live Healthy Lee County)- Emily Biddenstadt

- Senior Produce Box Project/Community Garden Projects and partnerships created with youth involvement
- PORT of Fort Madison Phase I & II trail completed

Transportation Taskforce-Jamie Beskow

- Survey completed
- Promotion of SEIBUS/usage increased

Mental Health Taskforce-Ryanne Wood

• Standardized assessments have been identified and utilized for children o-4, children 5-10, 11-17, and 18 and older related to diagnostic categories of need.

"Standardizing these assessments will assist in historical data of outcome achievement across the life of an individual by providing baseline and ongoing progress/regress. Because of this progress, individual treatment planning can become more targeted to specific need and ensure services are engaged in the least intrusive beneficial and dignified manner to the recipients". Ryanne Wood, Taskforce Leader

Communication/Education and Motivation Taskforce-Michele Ross

- Veteran's Health Fair-guest presenters and vendors provided education
- Health Promotion Messaging on-going

Community Wide Survey

- In April 2018, Lee County Health Department, Fort Madison Community Hospital and UnityPoint Health-Keokuk designed the survey using survey monkey and paper format for distribution.
- The survey was distributed May 2018 through August 2018 using email, newsletters, social media, websites and in person contacts with employees as well as consumers with participating organizations and worksites.
- Efforts were made to include all relevant age groups and demographics of our population in the county.
- 1050 Respondents participated in the survey!

Promote Healthy Behaviors and Improve Health Outcomes

Reduce obesity rates; preventable hospital stays due to chronic disease

Strategy 1-1.1

Increase participation in programs by raising awareness among local providers to help them become better educators on local opportunities.

- 1. Work with area agencies to keep resource guide up to date. In process.
- 2. Provide opportunity for area agencies to present to FMCH Case Managers to share with providers/clinic staff at huddles. Due to COVID-19 pandemic we were not able to make this happen yet.

Strategy 1-1.4

Continue to monitor and promote trail development and complete streets efforts in Lee County.

- 1. Maintain FMCH representation on the PORT (Promoting Outdoor Recreational Trails) committee. FMCH continues to have a representative on the committee.
- 2. Continue to provide monetary support for the continuation of trail development. The GRHS-FMCH Community Health Foundation made a donation of \$1,500,000 to PORT for the continuation of trail development.

Prevent or reduce teen births and STD's among youth/young adults.

Strategy 2-1.1

Provide education to targeted groups and locations.

- 1. Work with area schools (FMCSD, HTC, and CLSD) to make health care professionals available to speak to middle/high school students each semester. Due to COVID-19 we were not able to go onsite to the schools during the past year.
- 2. Continue to participate in high school health fairs to provide education. We did participate pre-COVID shutdown in the high school health fair. Our infection preventionist presented on STD's.
- 3. Develop and facilitate pre-teen parent & student boot camp also would cover 3-1.4- at least once in the 3 year timeframe.

Strategy 2-1.2

Provide free access to condoms at key locations in the county.

1. Continue to distribute condoms in our Women's Center, ER and Main Clinic. No change.

Strategy 2-1.3

Utilize social media for education and outreach messaging.

1. Provide key messaging via Facebook 4x/year.

Prevent/reduce alcohol, tobacco and other drug abuse (ATOD) among our youth and adults (includes prescription drug abuse)

Strategy 3-1.4

Providers to educate patients on alternative treatments for prescription drugs; properly securing prescription medications from other household members/visitors, etc.

- 1. Provide annual Community Health Education with Pharmacists on Opioid use July 2019 first session. These were discontinued due to COVID-19. Looking to reinstate in 2022.
- 2. Create protocol and education materials for patients.
- 3. Working with the FMCH Pain Committee -provide continuing education for health care professionals on alternative treatments and how to recognize addiction. In process.
- 4. Work with the area schools to identify and offer motivational speaker for students and parents to address these topics act as presenting sponsor.
- 5. Promote prescription medication drop-off sites on FMCH social media, website and internal communication outlets.
- 6. Community Education Series with health professionals on addiction.

Improve the population's Mental Health and Well-being.

1. Continue to make mental health services available at FMCH. Outpatient mental health services continue to be offered. A new geriatric behavioral health unit is set to open July 1, 2021. This was delayed due to COVID-19

Promote Elderly Wellness

Improve the health, function and quality of life of older adults.

Strategy 1-1.1

Offer classes such as Matter of Balance, Stepping On, and Senior Fitness classes in key locations in the county every year.

- 1. Provide annual Stepping On class to community members. This was not offered due to COVID-19.
- 2. Re-instate Aquatic Therapy classes for Seniors. This was not offered due to COVID-19.

Strategy 1-2.2

Provide health management education and care coordination services to older adults i.e. chronic disease self-management, etc.

- 1. Continue to provide Community Health Education sessions -9x/year focusing more on chronic diseases- prevention, management, treatment options, etc. Put on hold due to COVID-19. Inpatient Geriatric Behavioral Health Unit set to open July 1, 2021.
- 2. Coordinate Cook with a Doc and Walk with a Doc programs- quarterly offerings 2 Cook with a Doc and 2 Walk with a Doc per year. Put on hold due to COVID-19.

Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA) Report







For additional information about this report, CONTACT:

| Name | Organization | Phone | Email |
|--------------|---------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------|
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Date Revised: 2/14/2019

Promote Healthy Living Assessment

includes topics such as addictive behaviors (tobacco, alcohol, drugs, gambling), chronic disease (mental health, cardiovascular disease, cancer, asthma, diabetes, arthritis, etc.), elderly wellness, family planning, infant, child & family health, nutrition and healthy food options, oral health, physical activity, pregnancy & birth, and wellness.

| Healthy Living Community Priority | Rationale / Specific Need | Is this priority in the HIP? | If the priority is not addresse | d in the HIP, reason(s) why: |
|---|--|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Prevent/Control Alcohol, Tobacco & Other Drug Abuse (including Prescription Drug Abuse) | In the summer of 2018 community partners began to explore various data sets and conducted a community wide survey to determine new priority needs to work on over the next three years. Alcohol consumption (Excessive drinking) data (19%) exceeded the national data (13%) but was under the state data (22%). Alcohol-impaired driving deaths (31%) exceeded the state (27%) and national data (13%). Lee County Tobacco usage data (17%) exceeded national data (14%) and was equal to state data (17%). Mortality rates of drug poisoning (18) also exceeded the state (9) and national levels (10). Local survey results suggests the community also recognizes the ATOD is a community health issue and the prescription drug abuse is increasingly becoming a significant health issue. During a community forum there was much discussion with Lee County coalition partners to consider a Drug Free Communities Grant application in 2019 to address these issues especially among our youth. Partners voted on ATOD and Prescriptions Drug abuse as top priorities. | Yes | Other priorities rated higher Existing programs already address problem/need Lack of human resources/ staff Other | Community partners do not exist Lead organization does not exist Lack of financial resources |

Lee County Healthy Living Assessment 2/14/2019 CHNA Report Page 2 of 10

| Healthy Living Community Priority | Rationale / Specific Need | Is this priority in the HIP? | If the priority is not addresse | d in the HIP, reason(s) why: |
|--|--|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Improve The Built Environment; Reduce or Prevent Obesity/Chronic Disease | After a review of CHNA.org data, Community Health Rankings Data, CDC, and other various data sets along with community survey results, unfortunately obesity and other chronic health issues remained a top priority to focus on again over the next three years. Data still reveals Diabetes (9%), Stroke rate (41), Heart Disease (225.7) prevalence and disease mortality still exceeds the state and national levels according to Community Commons data (refer to data packet). Individuals getting routine preventive health screenings remains low yet percentages of those with high cholesterol (38.78) and blood pressure (28.5) exceed state and national levels. Inadequate fruit and vegetable consumption (83.4%) and inadequate physical activity (23.3%) remain higher than state and national levels. Food insecurity (14.46%) and food access of our vulnerable population such as our seniors (19.52) remains an issue. Community survey results in these areas continue to support this priority as well as a continued need to improve the built environment. | Yes | Other priorities rated higher Existing programs already address problem/need Lack of human resources/ staff Other | Community partners do not exist Lead organization does not exist Lack of financial resources |

| Healthy Living Community Priority | Rationale / Specific Need | Is this priority in the HIP? | If the priority is not addressed | d in the HIP, reason(s) why: |
|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|--|---|
| Promote Mental Health & Well-Being | After extensive data and survey result reviews and community forum discussion, community partners agreed and voted this in as a continued priority health focus. County Health Rankings Data reveals the number of poor mental health days (3.5), frequent mental distress (11%), lack of mental health providers (1,380:1) as well as specific indicators on local community survey results (lack of support systems, isolation, insufficient sleep, suicide, lack of knowledge of resources available) all demonstrate a continued need for this priority area. | Yes | Other priorities rated higher Existing programs already address problem/need Lack of human resources/ staff Other | Community partners do not exist Lead organization does not exist Lack of financial resource |

| 4 | Healthy Living Community Priority Decrease Teen Birth Rates | Review of data and survey results indicate teen birth rates in Lee County is a priority health need. The Lee County teen birth rate for ages 15-19 (47.9) is higher than the state rate (29.9) and national rate (36.6). Low birth weight rates (7.9%) also were higher than the state (6.8%) but lower than national level (8.2%) After much discussion, partners voted this in as a priority focus over the next three years. | Is this priority in the HIP? Yes | If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why: Other priorities rated higher Community partners do not exist Existing programs already address problem/need Lead organization does not exist Lack of human resources/ Lack of financial resources staff Other |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| 5 | Healthy Living Community Priority Prevent/Decrease Cancer Rates | Rationale / Specific Need Cancer was one of the top six priorities and health concerns that resulted in community wide survey results. Incidences of Cancer exceed state and national levels for Colon, Lung, and Prostrate Cancer. Mortality of cancer rates exceed state and national levels (174.6). Partners did not choose this health issue as a priority for the next three years for the Health Improvement Plan (HIP). Focus will be on prevention, promoting health screenings and disease preventing immunizations, and healthy behaviors under other health priorities. | Is this priority in the HIP? | If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why: Other priorities rated higher |
| 6 | Healthy Living Community Priority Improve Dental Health | Rationale / Specific Need Community Survey results demonstrate a continued need to improve access to dental care and educate on the importance of routine preventive dental care for all ages. This was not chosen as a priority need for the HIP since there is a new dental clinic in Keokuk (FQHC) and current public health programs are already addressing the issue. | Is this priority in the HIP? No | If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why: Other priorities rated higher Community partners do not exist Existing programs already address problem/need Lack of human resources/ taff Other |

Prevent Injuries & Violence Assessment

includes topics such as brain injury, disability, EMS trauma & system development, intentional injuries (violent & abusive behavior, suicide), occupational health & safety, and unintentional injuries (motor vehicle crashes, falls, poisoning, drowning, etc.).

| Injuries & Violence Community Priority | Rationale / Specific Need | Is this priority in the HIP? | If the priority is not addressed in the HIP, reason(s) why: |
|---|---|------------------------------|---|
| Prevent Violence, Crime, & Abuse | Although violent crime exceeded the state and national levels, this was not a priority focus area chosen by community stakeholders to work on in the HIP in the next three years. Local law enforcement continues to address this issue in Lee County with increasing security. Child Abuse and Neglect rates continue to be high in Lee County however programs exist to prevent or reduce abuse through family support programs and other available services for families and children in Lee County. | No | Other priorities rated higher Community partners do not exist Existing programs already address problem/need not exist Lack of human resources/ Lack of financial resour staff Other |
| Injuries & Violence | Rationale / Specific Need | Is this priority | If the priority is not addressed in the HID reason(s) why |

| Injuries & Violence Community Priority | Rationale / Specific Need | Is this priority in the HIP? | If the priority is not addresse | d in the HIP, reason(s) why: |
|--|---|------------------------------|---|---|
| Decrease/Prevent Motor Vehicle Crashes & Recreational Accidents (Boating, ATVs) | Although motor vehicle crashes in Lee County exceeded the state and national levels, this was not chosen as a priority focus area for the HIP by community partners and was not voted on. | No | Other priorities rated higher Existing programs already address problem/need Lack of human resources/ staff | Community partners do not exist Lead organization does not exist Lack of financial resource |
| | | | Other | |

| Injuries & Violence Community Priority | Rationale / Specific Need | Is this priority in the HIP? | If the priority is not addressed | d in the HIP, reason(s) why: |
|--|---|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Prevent/Decrease Falls & Unintentional Injuries Among the Elderly Population; Promote Elderly Wellness | There is a lack of evidenced-based fall prevention programs in Lee County to address this issue. Unintentional injuries (falls) among the elderly continue to be an issue. These issues as well as other issues related to elderly wellness will be addressed on the HIP and addressed by organizations who can address these issues. | Yes | Other priorities rated higher Existing programs already address problem/need Lack of human resources/ staff Other | Community partners do not exist Lead organization does not exist Lack of financial resources |

Protect Against Environmental Hazards Assessment

includes topics such as drinking water protection, food waste, food safety, fluoridation, hazardous materials, hazardous waste, healthy homes, impaired waterways, lead poisoning, nuisances, on site wastewater systems, radon, radiological health, soil erosion, and vector control.

| Environmental Hazards Community Priority | Rationale / Specific Need | Is this priority in the HIP? | If the priority is not addresse | d in the HIP, reason(s) why: |
|--|--|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Improve Environmental Health Issues/Prevent Childhood Lead Poisoning | Data reveals that over the 50% of homes in Lee County were built before 1957 which may have sources of lead exposure of children in Lee County. The number of cases of lead poisoned children in the county exceed state levels. Testing rates among medical providers are lower than the state average. This was not chosen as a priority focus area at this time for the HIP by partners however public health continues to address this with limited resources in the County through gap filling testing services, outreach and education, and lead inspections of homes. | No | Other priorities rated higher Existing programs already address problem/need Lack of human resources/ staff Other | Community partners do not exist Lead organization does not exist Lack of financial resources |

Lee County Environmental Hazards Assessment 2/14/2019 CHNA

Prevent Epidemics & the Spread of Disease Assessment

includes topics such as disease investigation, control & surveillance, HIV/AIDS, immunization, reportable diseases, sexually transmitted diseases (STDs), and tuberculosis (TB).

| Epidemics & Spread of Disease Community Priority | Rationale / Specific Need | Is this priority in the HIP? | If the priority is not addresse | d in the HIP, reason(s) why: |
|--|---|------------------------------|--|---|
| Prevent/Decrease Sexually Transmitted Diseases & Other Communicable Diseases | Increases in STI rates in Lee County (263.6) and Iowa (388.9) have occurred in the past two years. No providers in Lee County are currently providing STI testing and treatment unless a person is an established patient within a provider office. This was not chosen as a priority need at this time for the HIP by community partners but public health/health care facilities have agreed to look at options possibly in the future utilizing state resources and supplies as part of outreach and prevention. | No | Other priorities rated higher Existing programs already address problem/need Lack of human resources/ staff Other | Community partners do not exist Lead organization does not exist Lack of financial resource |

Prepare for, Respond to, & Recover from Public Health Emergencies Assessment

includes topics such as communication networks, emergency planning, emergency response, individual preparedness, recovery planning, risk communication, and surge capacity.

| Preparedness Community Priority | Rationale / Specific Need | Is this priority in the HIP? | If the priority is not addressed | d in the HIP, reason(s) why: |
|---|---|------------------------------|--|--|
| Emergency Preparedness Planning; Improving Communication During Emergencies | Emergency Preparedness and Health Care Coalition partners have been addressing the need for improving communication among responders, health care facilities, during an emergency event where power outages or other circumstances make normal means of communication inoperable (internet, phone lines down, etc.). This was not chosen as a priority focus on the HIP however the Lee County Health Care Coalition will continue to address this issue as part of local and regional coalition efforts. | No | Other priorities rated higher Existing programs already address problem/need Lack of human resources/ staff Other | Community partners do not exist Lead organization does not exist Lack of financial resources |

Strengthen the Health Infrastructure Assessment

includes topics such as access to quality health services, community engagement, evaluation, food security, food systems, food and nutrition assistance (SNAP, WIC), health facilities, health insurance, medical care, organizational capacity, planning, quality improvement, social determinants (e.g., education & poverty levels), transportation, and workforce (e.g., primary care, dental, mental health, public health).

| Health Infrastructure Community Priority | Rationale / Specific Need | Is this priority in the HIP? | If the priority is not addressed | d in the HIP, reason(s) why: |
|---|--|------------------------------|--|--|
| Decrease Poverty | Poverty levels (including children living in poverty 20%) and the increasing Medicaid population is higher than state and national levels in direct correlation with other health issues in the county. Unemployment is 6.2% compared to the 3.7% state average. These issues were not chosen as priority focus areas for the HIP at this. | No | Other priorities rated higher Existing programs already address problem/need Lack of human resources/ staff Other | Community partners do not exist Lead organization does not exist Lack of financial resources |

Lee County Health Infrastructure Assessment 2/14/2019 CHNA Report Page 10 of 10

2/14/2019

COMMUNITY HEALTH NEEDS ASSESSMENT SNAPSHOT



Promote Healthy Living

Priority #1 Prevent/Control Alcohol, Tobacco & Other Drug Abuse (including Prescription Drug Abuse)

Priority #2 Improve The Built Environment; Reduce or Prevent Obesity/Chronic Disease

Priority #3 Promote Mental Health & Well-Being

Priority #4 Decrease Teen Birth Rates

Priority #5 Prevent/Decrease Cancer Rates

Priority #6 Improve Dental Health



Prevent Injuries & Violence

Priority #1 Prevent Violence, Crime, & Abuse

Priority #2 Decrease/Prevent Motor Vehicle Crashes & Recreational Accidents (Boating, ATVs)

Priority #3 Prevent/Decrease Falls & Unintentional Injuries Among the Elderly Population; Promote Elderly Wellness



Protect Against Environmental Hazards

Priority #1 Improve Environmental Health Issues/Prevent Childhood Lead Poisoning



Prevent Epidemics & the Spread of Disease

Priority #1 Prevent/Decrease Sexually Transmitted Diseases & Other Communicable Diseases



Prepare for, Respond to, & Recover from Public Health Emergencies

Priority #1 Emergency Preparedness Planning; Improving Communication During Emergencies



Strengthen the Health Infrastructure

Priority #1 Decrease Poverty

Community Health Improvement Plan

Date Updated: 2/14/2019



UnityPoint Health Keokuk



For additional information, CONTACT:

| Name | Organization | Phone | Email |
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| Amy Conlee | UnityPoint Health-Keokuk | 319-526-8762 | aconlee@keokukhospital.org |
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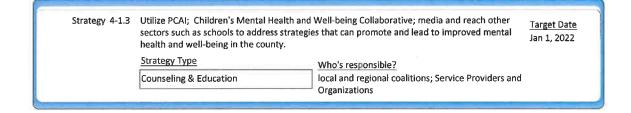
Community Priority

Promote Healthy Behaviors and Improve Health Outcomes

| | | ity rates; preventable | National Alignment | | State Alignment | | | |
|----------------|--|--|------------------------|--|--|-------------------------|--|--|
| | hospital stay | s due to chronic disease | NWS Healthy People 20 | | althiest State Initiati vans | ve; Healthy | | |
| Obje | | uce obesity rates according to ort in the next three years. | county health rankings | Baseline value & (year) 34% CHR 2018 | Target value & (year) Reduced % from baseline CHR 2022 | ii | | |
| S | Strategy 1-1.1 | Increase participation in prog become better educators on | | among local provide | ers to help them | Target Date Jan 1, 2022 | | |
| | | Strategy Type | Who's respo | onsible? | | | | |
| | | Counseling & Education | FMCH; UPH | | | | | |
| S | Strategy 1-1.2 | Survey schools and early childhood environments on 5-2-1-0 Initiative; Collaborate with I-Smile Initiative for "0" promotion and education to children/families. | | | | | | |
| | | Strategy Type | Who's respo | Who's responsible? | | | | |
| | | Environmental / Policy Change | ge Live Healthy | Lee County Coalition | on members; LCHD | | | |
| Strategy 1-1.3 | | Encourage better eating habits in young adults by targeting concession stands in Lee County and encouraging them to add three new healthy options. | | | | | | |
| | | Strategy Type | Who's respo | onsible? | | | | |
| | | Environmental / Policy Chang | ge Live Healthy | Lee County Coalition | on members | | | |
| Strategy 1-1.4 | Strategy 1-1.4 | Continue to monitor and promote trail development and complete streets efforts in Lee County. | | | | | | |
| | | Strategy Type | Who's respo | onsible? | | | | |
| | | Environmental / Policy Change | ge Live Healthy | Lee County; PORT | of Fort Madison | | | |
| Strategy 1-1.5 | Increase participation in loca health and wellness initiative | | al produce box proj | ect, and other | Target Date Jan 1, 2020 | | | |
| | | Strategy Type | Who's respo | nsible? | | | | |
| | | Address Social Determinant | | lealthy Lee County | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | de authorité de | | | |
| | | | | 4-4- | 7-11-11 | | | |

| | educe teen births and STDs | National Alignment | | State Alignment | |
|-------------------|--|--|---|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| amoung you | th/young adults | FP Healthy People 2 | 020 | Healthy lowans | |
| Objective 2-1 Red | uce the teen birth rate in next t | hree years. | Baseline va & (year) 40 CHR 2018 | & (year) | |
| Strategy 2-1.1 | Provide education to targeted | groups and locations. | | | Target Date Jan 1, 2022 |
| | Strategy Type | Who's re | sponsible? | | |
| | Counseling & Education | | t Pregnancy Preve Providers; LCHD's N rograms | · | |
| Strategy 2-1.2 | Provide free access to condom | s at key locations in the | e county. | | Target Date Jan 1, 2022 |
| | Strategy Type | Who's re | sponsible? | | |
| | Long-Lasting Protective Interv | | ICH; UPH-K; Other | | |
| Strategy 2-1.3 | Utilize social media for educat | ion and outreach mess | aging. | | Target Date Jan 1, 2022 |
| | Strategy Type | Who's re | sponsible? | | |
| | Counseling & Education | LCHD; FN | ICH; UPH-K | | |
| Strategy 2-1.4 | Explore STD testing and treatn | nent services for walk-i | rs. | | Target Date Jan 1, 2022 |
| | Strategy Type | Who's re | sponsible? | | |
| | Clinical Intervention | | mily Planning servi | ices | |
| I#3 Prevent/red | uce alcohol, tobacco and | National Alignment | H WILLIAM | State Alignment | |
| other drug a | buse (ATOD) among our dults (includes prescription | SU Healthy People 2 | 020 | Healthiest State Initia Iowans | tive; Healthy |
| (175 dea | rove county health rankings dat %), excessive drinking (19%), alc ths (31%) and drug overdose de se years through community eng | ohol-impaired driving eaths (18) over the next | | & (year) | |

| o, | Gather support for TF/NF polici organizations, law enforcemen | | | | on, raitir basca | Target Date Jan 1, 2022 |
|---|--|--|---|--|---|----------------------------|
| | Strategy Type | | Who's respo | nsible? | | |
| | Environmental / Policy Change | · | ADDS | | | |
| Strategy 3-1.2 | Apply for a Drug Free Commun | nity Grant fo | r Lee County. | | | Target Date Jan 1, 2020 |
| | Strategy Type | | Who's respon | nsihla? | | |
| | Long-Lasting Protective Interve | ention | | d Abuse Counci | il of Lee County; | |
| Strategy 3-1.3 | | | | | Target Date Jan 1, 2022 | |
| | Strategy Type | | Who's respon | nsible? | | |
| | Counseling & Education | | ADDS | | | |
| Strategy 3-1.4 | Providers to educate patients o securing prescription medication | | | | | Target Date Jan 1, 2022 |
| | Strategy Type | | | | | |
| | Strategy Type | | Who's respon | nsible? | | |
| | Clinical Intervention | The second second | Alignment | riders; UnityPo | int Health-Keokuk | |
| #4 Improve the and Well-be | Clinical Intervention | The second second | Medical Prov | riders; UnityPo | | ative; Healthy |
| and Well-be | population's Mental Healthing. rease the number of self-reportes in the county health rankings de | MHMD; H 2020 ed poor men | Medical Prov | riders; UnityPo | State Alignment Healthiest State Initi- lowans lue Target value & (year) | s |
| and Well-be Objective 4-1 Dec | population's Mental Healthing. rease the number of self-reportes in the county health rankings directions. | MHMD; H 2020 ed poor men ata over the | Medical Prov | Baseline va & (year) 3.5 days CHR 2018 | State Alignment Healthiest State Initiowans lue Target value & (year) decrease in day from CHR baseline by 202 | s 2 |
| and Well-be Objective 4-1 Dec day yea | population's Mental Healthing. rease the number of self-reportes in the county health rankings diss. | MHMD; H 2020 ed poor men ata over the | Medical Prov | Baseline va & (year) 3.5 days CHR 2018 | State Alignment Healthiest State Initiowans lue Target value & (year) decrease in day from CHR baseline by 202 | s 2 Target Date |
| and Well-be Objective 4-1 Dec day yea | population's Mental Healthing. rease the number of self-reportes in the county health rankings dirs. Promote and educate on availa protective factors and work on | MHMD; H 2020 ed poor men ata over the | Medical Prov | Baseline va & (year) 3.5 days CHR 2018 | State Alignment Healthiest State Initiowans lue Target value & (year) decrease in day from CHR baseline by 202 | s 2 Target Date |
| and Well-be Objective 4-1 Dec day yea | Promote and educate on availa protective factors and work on Strategy Type Counseling & Education | MHMD; H 2020 ed poor men ata over the | Medical Prov Alignment ROOL/WB Heiter and health enext three mity resources, action. Who's response SEIL/Regiona Five Healthy | Baseline va & (year) 3.5 days CHR 2018 increase enga | Healthiest State Initiowans lue Target value & (year) decrease in day from CHR baseline by 202 gement of community h coalition; LCHD-1st pment Initiative | s 2 Target Date |
| Dbjective 4-1 Dec day yea Strategy 4-1.1 | population's Mental Healthing. rease the number of self-reporters in the county health rankings districted by the county health ranking districted by the county healt | MHMD; H 2020 ed poor men ata over the | Medical Prov Alignment ROOL/WB Heiter and health enext three mity resources, action. Who's response SEIL/Regiona Five Healthy | Baseline va & (year) 3.5 days CHR 2018 increase enga | Healthiest State Initiowans lue Target value & (year) decrease in day from CHR baseline by 202 gement of community h coalition; LCHD-1st pment Initiative | Target Date Jan 1, 2022 |



Community Priority

Promote Elderly Wellness

